St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, JULY 24, 1882. NO. 42.

Carry the News to Mary!

LEUBRIES

Entire stock of Laces and Embroideries marked down. Behold!

Torchon Lace from 2c per yard.
Point Cardinal and Russian Laces from 7 1-2.
Maltese and Cluny Lace from 7 1-2c per yard.
Black French, Spanish and Guipure Laces all at New York cost.
Cream Spanish Laces, only in the very latest designs, all at New York cost.
Our very complete assortment of Fancy Wash Laces, including Hand-Made, Oriental, Mirecourt, Edelweiss, Olivette, Polanza, Fan, Mechlin, Venise, Devon, Antique and other novelties, ALL MARKED DOWN.
French, Normandy and Platt Valenciennes Laces and Insertings all reduced.

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LARGEST STOCK AT LOWEST PRICES.

All our Jaconet Edgings, Insertions and Flouncings, White and Cream Swiss Edgings, Insertions and Flouncings, also white and Cream Irish Point and new lace Embroidery, at special bargains this week.

Elegant line of Colored Embroidery of unfading dye.

Examine our stock and prices of Lace Curtains, Lambrequins, etc.

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Bargain Week!

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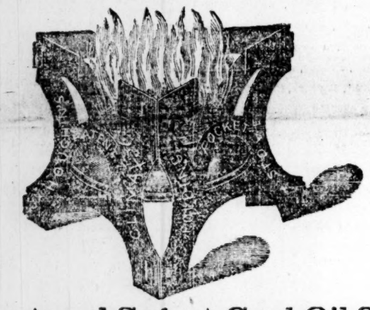
SEASONABLE GOODS VERY CHEAP.

Pocket Stoves for Traveling.



The Best and Safest Coal Oil Stoves.

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Prescriptions Carefully Prepared by Graduates in Pharmacy. | Fancy Goods, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Sponges, Etc.

FINE OLD WHISKIES AND CHOICE WINES AND BRANDIES OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION FOR FAMILY USE.

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D. HARTER'S IRON TONIC.

A combination of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and Phosphorus in a palatable form. The only preparation of iron that will not blacken the teeth, so characteristic of other iron preparations.

GENTLEMEN: I have used DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC in my practice, and in an experience of twenty-five years in medicine, have never found anything to give the results that DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC does. In many cases of Nervous Prostration, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, and an impoverished condition of the blood, this peerless remedy has, in my hands, made some wonderful cures. Cases that have baffled some of our most eminent physicians have yielded to this great and incomparable remedy. I prescribe it in preference to any iron preparation made. In fact, such a compound as DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a necessity in my practice. DR. ROBERT SAMUELS,
ST. LOUIS, MO., NOV. 26th, 1881. 3104 Wash. Avenue.

It gives color to the blood, natural healthful tone to the digestive organs and nervous system, making it applicable to General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Prostration of Vital Powers and Impotence.

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Allen and Herring's English Herbs and Extracts only used; also Wilson's Select Herbs, and only Squibb's Chloroform and Ergot used in Prescriptions.

A Select Stock of Hair Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Sponges, Mirrors, Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet Articles, both English and German.

Prescriptions Compounded by Graduates of Pharmacy, in English, German and French.

Last Edition.

ARABI'S ANSWER.

The Egyptian Pasha's Letter to Gladstone.

Skirmishing Near Alexandria—The English Have Occupied Ramleh—Latest War News—Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, July 24.—The infantry for Egypt embarks on the 4th of August, the cavalry on the 9th and sail direct for Alexandria. Arabi Pasha wrote the following letter to Gladstone a few days before the bombardment, but Gladstone did not receive it until after the bombardment: "The Koran commands us to resist if war is waged against us. Hence England may rest assured that the first gun she fires in Egypt will absolve the Egyptians from all treaties. The control will cease, the property of Europeans be confiscated, canals destroyed, and Jehad be preached in Syria, Arabia and India. The first blow with which England strikes Egypt will cause blood to flow through Asia and Africa, the responsibility for which will be on the head of England. Egypt is still ready to be fast friends with England and the keeper of her road to India, but she must keep within the limits of her jurisdiction. Finally England may rest assured that we are determined to die for our country."

A SKIRMISH.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24, 12:15 p. m.—The Sixtieth regiment marched to occupy Ramleh this morning. A skirmish is now proceeding. No particulars. The Thirty-fifth infantry has been ordered to support the Sixtieth. The bulk of Arabi Pasha's infantry is reported to be concentrated at Damietta. The troops at Kafre El Dewar being chiefly artillery and cavalry. The Inspector of Cadastral survey arrived from the interior. He reports the total force of the rebels nearly a hundred thousand. He says a volunteer cavalry regiment is forming to attack Alexandria.

NO TURKISH TROOPS.

LONDON, July 24.—The Times this morning says the question of Turkish intervention is practically decided by the fact that an expedition cannot be sent without denuding distinct provinces of troops, and even reducing the garrison of Constantinople. Fifteen steamships have been accepted, or are under survey as transports. The authorities have decided not to send mititia to garrison to Malta and Gibraltar.

SPECIAL SERVICE.

LONDON, July 24.—The Devastation and Dreadnaught are ordered to prepare for special service.

ONLY MARINES.

PARIS, July 24.—It is announced the French Government will for the present send only 6,000 marines for the protection of the Suez Canal.

RAMLEH OCCUPIED.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24.—The rifles and mounted infantry occupied Ramleh early this morning. They stationed one Gatling and one field gun at the bridge over the canal. The enemy's cavalry appeared and galloped boldly along the railway at 300 yards range, but fled upon a volley being fired. After a short time they reappeared with two guns, with which they opened fire ineffectually upon the British, who took to cover. By 9 o'clock the firing ceased, but the enemy is expected to reappear with reinforcements.

FRANCE'S DECLARATION.

PARIS, July 24.—De Freycinet, the President of the Council, conferring with the committee of the Senate on the naval credit, declared if the powers indirectly interested in Egypt remained neutral in regard to the intervention of other powers in Egypt France would leave England to act alone and would confine herself to the protection of the Suez Canal. This declaration seems to be due to the refusal of Gen. Billot, Minister of War, to undertake operations in Egypt unless he had a force of 40,000 men, which would require the calling out of a portion of the reserves, and the Government has refused to sanction such action.

ARABI ADVANCING.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24.—Arabi Pasha occupies an extended line from Mareotis to Aboukir. His force is estimated at 7,000. The first skirmish lasted an hour. One or two English were hit. Several Egyptians were seen to fall. Arabi is again advancing.

FINISHED.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24, 3:40 P. M.—Fighting finished. Casualities insignificant. The British troops remain in the occupation of Ramleh.

RAILROAD COLLISION.

Passengers Injured—Accident Due to Carelessness of Freight Engineer.

CINCINNATI, O., July 24.—A collision occurred yesterday on the Little Miami Railroad near Foster's Crossing on a dangerous embankment, between the express from the East and a freight train. The account given by passengers is that the freight was running wild and had orders to stop at Fosters's Crossing for the express to pass, but the engineer undertook to pass the switch and then back in when the exyress train came on. The engineers and firemen saved themselves by jumping. Thhe engines were wrecked, and two freight cars thrown into the Little Miami River. Among the passengers slightly injured were E. H. McCalb, New Orleans, Judge Advocate-General of Louisiana; J. W. Cockedge of New York, D. A. Rindheem of Pittsburg, J. W. Jones of Columbus, O. Engineer Lyons, of the freight, was badly bruised.

A Minister's Son.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 24.—John MacLeod, a Scotchman, who is said to be the son of the Rev. Norman McLeod, of Glascow, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market court to-day to answer charges of obtaining jewelry under false pretences. The value of the jewelry he has obtained will probably amount to thousands of dollars. His way of obtaining it was to apply to the large manufacturers, and say that he was in the business and had a customer for certain articles of jewelry, and would return them in a few hours. As is customary, a simple memorandum was all that was required from him in return for the articles which were intrusted to his care. The complainants against him are George Hartyre, from whom he secured a diamond and pearl ring valued at $450 on a memorandum bearing his promise to return the property in thirty minutes; Jules Gruet, who intrusted to him unset sapphires valued at $635, and Louis Boseman, who gave him to sell eighty-nine uncut opals worth $85. MacLeod was remanded under $10,000 bail.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

England.

LONDON July 23.—The Times in an editorial says: "The license that the American Criminal Court allows to dynamite projects is a scandal and shame to American legislation. A more enormous scandal is the attitude which public opinion in America assumes towards them. Never was there a body of national opinion so inquisitive and keen which could have shown itself more feeble and inert in the defense of public morsailty than the opinion in America since the dynamite school became notorious. Americans must determine if they will continue to be subject to this reproach."

PARNELL.

and other Home rule members of Parliament have formed a committee to organize a public movement in Ireland with a view to counteracting the operations of the land corporation. Davitt has consented to operate in the scheme.

THE ALLIED EXPEDITION.

LONDON, July 24.—Maj.-Gen. Sir John Miller Adye starts for Paris to-night to consult with the French authorities as to the plan of the allied expedition.

THE ABOUKIR FORT.

ALEXANDRIA, July 24.—Crowther, one of the English engineers reported massacred at Tantah, has arrived here. The commander of Aboukir, though flying a flag of truce, has refused to allow any Englishmen to enter the fort. He is probably really holding the fort in the interest of Arabi Pacha.

PARNELL'S SISTER.

Funeral Services This Morning of Miss Fannie Parnell.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., July 24.—The funeral of Miss Fannie Parnell took place this morning. A large number of residents of the city and vicinity were present and trains from New York and Philadelphia brought members from the different Land League organizations. A harp at the head of the casket bore the following incription: "Cede Deo." A white satin pillow, with harp attached, had on it a quotation from her last poem: "The Miserance of an Irish heart." Rev. N. Pettit, rector of Christ Episcopal Church of this city, read the burial service of the Episcopal Church at the Mansion. The remains will lie in the receiving vault at Trenton, until such time as funeral arrangements can be made. It is not known whether the body will be interred in Boston or taken to Ireland, where her father's remains lie. John Heath, sculptor, of Philadelphia, took a plaster cast of the deceased. John Parnell arrived from Georgia this morning, in time to attend the funeral services.

POOR TOM CRIT.

Beaten at His Home in the Convention To-Day.

WARRENSBURG, MO., July 24.—The convention met at 2:15 p. m., and Crittenden will speak about 3:30. He will speak forty minutes. No enthusiasm, and only a small crowd in attendance. Nickerson, Crittenden's enemy, carries the convention.

The Bloomingeon Accident.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 24.—The officials of the Chicago and Alton Railroad having investigated the accident near Bloomington, state the loss by the accident will be inside $6,500. The engines were not much injured and the chief damage was by fire. One car of tallow, one of wool, two of wheat and one of canned salmon were destroyed. Nobody was injured except the brakeman Eli Foster, who was found dead under the caboose, terribly mangled.

Shot by His Brother.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CARTHAGE, MO., July 24.—On Sunday afternoon Ephraim Merritt, aged 13, was shot and killed by his brother Lafayette, aged 11. Their parents came from Kansas about four weeks since and settled near the stone school-house, two miles from the city. The revolver was found on the farm and an older brother claimed and loaded it and the plaything went off with fatal results.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 24.—First race, three-fourths mile, Square Dance first, Buccaneer second, Maj. Hughes third. Time, 1:16¾.

Second race: 1 mile and five hundred yards, Ada Glen first; Compensation, second; Apollo third. Time, 2:11.

Third race, one mile. Rochester first, Blenheim second, Iota third. Time, 1:43.

Fourth race—Steeplechase, about a mile and a half, Rose first, Turtman second, Edison third. Time, 2:52.

A Big Fire.

FRESNO, CAL., July 24.—A fire here last night burned about fifty houses, including five hotels, viz: Ogle House, French Hotel, Star Hotel, Farmers' Home, Mechanics' House, Hughes' livery stable, Farmers' Bank, Metropolitan Hall, stores, barbershops, saloons, etc. The losses will probably reach $200,000. Much insured.

Died of Very Old Age

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ATLANTA, GA., July 24.—Mrs. Sally Robinson, a white lady, died at Rocky Mount. Her authenticated age was one hundred and eighteen.

A Dose of Strychnine.

DETROIT, MICH., July 24.—Last night Elizabeth Smith, of Lopeer, aged 74, administered strychnine to her two-year-old grandson, then to herself. Both died in two hours.

WASHINGTON.

Cross-Examination of Walsh in the Star Route Trials.

Proceedings in Congress—Committees—Capitol Gossip—Political News.

What Congress Has Done.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—There are several people now laboring under the impression that Congress has not done much this session. To those I beg to submit some facts, which it is hoped may disabuse their minds of this false belief. There have been introduced in the House, in round numbers, since the session began, 7,000 bills, and in the Senate 2,500. This makes 9,500. Then there have been some 500 resolutions offered in the House and Senate, bringing the grand total of bills and resolutions for both bodies up to ten thousand. The law requires that there be printed 950 copies of each bill and joint resolution offered in either branch of Congress for the use of the members. This indicates that there have been printed 9,500,000 copies of these bills and joint resolutions of this session. Then many of these become exhausted before they come up for consideration, and when they are to be facted upon are ordered reprinted. Our total, aside from this, was 9,500,000. Putting the number reprinted at but 5% per cent of the whole, we have a grand total of 10,000,000 bills and joint resolutions, the production of this first session of the Forty-seventh Congress up to date, aided by the Congressional printing presses. These bills average probably two pages each, and are eleven inches long and nearly eight inches in width, and counting each to average two sheets (many of them are ten and some are over fifty), they average considerably over a square foot in surface, each. A very simple mathematical calculation shows that these 2,000,000 sheets spread out side by side would cover about 250 acres of ground. Two hundred and fifty acres of literature! Who shall say that the present Cohgress has been idle? But this is not all, either. The bills, as I said above, are eleven inches long each. Lay them down in a straight line end to end, and they would make a line 1,600 miles long, or half the distance from New York to San Francisco. Then consider that these, on an average, consist of two sheets each, and, tearing them apart, lay each sheet separately, end to end, and you have enough to lay a line of Congressional literature, 8 inches wide, from New York City to San Francisco. Who shall say that the present Congress has accomplished nothing?

Democratic Senatorial Caucus.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—Democratic members of the Senate held a caucus this morning, and resolved to insist upon a full and free discussion of all amendments to the tax bill, and to oppose any attempt to reach a final vote upon the bill unless such ample opportunity is afforded.

The drift of the discussion was that the Democrats should oppose the proposed reduction on perfumery, cosmetics, patent medicines, etc., and insist upon a substantial reduction of taxation which will directly affect and benefit the masses of the people and securing a full discussion of the subject to compel the two parties to put themselves squarely upon record. The caucus also determined to support the Beck amendment, that all taxes and customs dues imposed by the United States under the law now enforced for the collection of duties on imports from foreign countries shall be subject to a discount of 10 per centum after January 1, 1883, and to an additional 10 per centum after July 1, 1883.

Newell's Charges.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The letter of J. J. P. Newell, making charges of bribery in connection with the passage of the Texas Pacific land grant bill in 1869-70, has not attracted much attention here. Newell will be examined by the Judiciary Committee to-morrow, to learn what proofs he possesses of the truth of his assertions. It is reported that Newell holds papers which were formerly the property of one of the company's managers, who died without destroying them, and that these documents implicate seventeen men who were then members of the House and four Senators for corrupt practices. Newell is said to have heretofore made vague charges of the character indicated in his letter to the Judiciary Committee, but no proofs of their truth have accompanied them. The grant to the Texas Pacific which it is proposed to investigate, is not the one upon which the land grant bonds of the company are based, that grant having been made by the State of Texas.

Star Route Trials.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—In the Star Route trials to-day the cross-examination of John A. Walsh was concluded. He corrected several errors in his previous testimony. He testified that the loan of $5,400 made Brady was not made at one time, but in several instalments. He paid A. C. Buell $1,000 by direction of Brady less his indebtedness of $600. Brady had a half interest in the Peterson draft. Witness believed Jerome J. Hines had caused the amendment of his (the witness,) contract and he did not think he had in reality failed. The remissions he had secured amounted to between $6,000 and $8,000.

Sudden Illness.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Mr. Scales was taken violently ill with cramp colic while in his seat in the House to-day. He was assisted to the cloak room by other members and by applications of hot cloths and other usual methods he was partially relieved. He still occupies a position on the sofa in the cloak room, but says he is much better and hopes to fully recover in a day or two.

Keifer's District.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—The Times-Star will to-day publish a letter from Gen. R. P. Kennedy, of the Eighth Congressional District of Ohio, saying that all reports that he is not a candidate for nomination to Congress are without foundation, and that he expects to have his name presented to the Republican Congressional Convention. This is Speaker Keifer's District.

President Barrios.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—President Barrios called at the White House to-day and took official leave of the President.

XLVII. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Senate bill to refund to the estate of John W. Forney $27,684 paid by him when Secretary of the Senate to cover a defalcation in his office passed.

Mr. Allison presented the conference report on the legislative appropriation bill and explained the only disagreements were upon the sixth section for the transfer of the records of the Surgeon-General's office and the distribution of the rooms of the new State, War and Navy buildings between the different departments. After debate the conference report was adopted as to all items agreed to and the Senate insisted upon its disagreement upon the points referred to and ordered new conferees. Messrs. Allison, Dawes and Davis (West Virginia) were appointed.

Mr. Morrill moved to take up the revenue bill and Mr. Hale asked him to give way for the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Morrill's motion prevailed and the revenue bill was taken up, the pending amendment being the one to reduce the tobacco tax to 8 cents per pound.

Debate on the amendment was voted down, yeas 18, nays 38. Not a member of the Democrats voted "no."

House.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Messrs. Payson and Knott presented the views of the minority of the Judiciary Committee upon the subject of the Northern Pacific land grant.

Mr. Knott asked unanimous consent to have the resolution placed on the calendar, but Mr. Caswell objected.

Mr. Knott made the point that as the majority report contained no recommendation and was consequently laid upon the table, it was the right of the minority to move that its resolution be placed on the calendar.

Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, made that motion.

Mr. Caswell made a point of order that the motion was not in order, a minority report not being recognized by the rules of the House.

Mr. Blackburn argued the result of the maintenance of the point of order would be to gag the House from the expression of its views on the subject of landgrants.

The Speaker held the views of the minority had no parliamentary status, and could only be ordered printed and laid on the table, and therefore ruled the motion not in order.

Mr. Cox, of New York, appealed from the decision of the chair, but the appeal was laid on the table; yeas, 97; nays, 70. Messrs. Bliss and Morse voted in the affirmative with the Republicans, Mr. Payson in the negative, with the Democrats, so the views of the minority were ordered printed and laid on the table.

The Speaker announced the regular order to be the further consideration of the bill to allow a drawback on foreign material used in connection with domestic material in the construction of steam mail vessels for foreign account, and the pending question to be on the amendment offered by Mr. Tucker of Virginia, extending its provisions to vessels constructed for domestic account.

Mr. Kelley moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on Ways and Means, but the Speaker sustained the point that, the yeas and nays having been ordered on his amendment, the motion was not in order.

The motion to reconsider the vote by which the yeas and nays were ordered upon Tricker's amendment was agreed to; yeas 94, nays 78, and Kelly immediately made his motion to recommit the bill, but the hour devoted to this class of business having expired, the matter went over until to-morrow.

A BROKEN NECK

A Man Lives Forty-Eight Hours in This Condition.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The case of George Smith, aged 21, who died on July 10 from the effects of injuries received at Brighton Beach on July 9, by diving into shallow water, has excited much interest among physicians, because of the length of time the patient lived after having received a broken neck. Smith climbed up a post fourteen feet high and dived into water which was less than two feet deep. His head struck the sand and his neck was broken. He was paralyzed below the neck and did not suffer pain. He retained all of his senses, but spoke with difficulty. His neck was much swollen, and he could not take food except in liquid form, and then only from ten to forty drops at a time. He complained only of a queer feeling in his head. He lived about twenty-eight hours and died an easy death. At the autopsy it was discovered that the three top vertebræ were badly fractured, and that the spinal chord had been caught between the jagged ends of the bone and sawed down to a mere shred. The bones had received comminuted fracture, and several pieces came out in the process of dissection.

A FOUR-YEAR OLD FIEND.

She Beats Her Little Baby Sister to Death.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DECATUR, ALA., July 24.—A little girl, Mary Mook, aged four, tied a rope about her baby sister's neck, pulled her into the yard and eat her to death with a club.

A Stallion's Death.

CHICAGO, July 24.—A Monmouth, Ill., special says Johnnie Cope, the celebrated Clydesdale stallion, died there yesterday. He was the finest Clydesdale in America, weighing 25,000 pounds. He has a numerous progeny.

A Bay City, Mich., special says a fire destroyed $20,000 worth of property in the heart of the city yesterday; half insured.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—Tennessee and Ohio Valley, slightly warmer, fair weather, light, variable winds, stationary or lower pressure. Missouri Valley, warmer, partly cloudy weather, local rains, southerly winds, stationary or lower pressure. For Lake Region and Upper Mississippi Valley, warmer, fair weather, winds mostly southerly, stationary or lower pressure.

Scalded to Death.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., July 24.—John Steimchowski, a lad 14 years old, fell into the exhaust tank at the North Point Pumping Works and was so badly scalded that he died during the night.

The Probate Court.

The following business was before the Probate Court this morning: Estate of Wm. H. Bell, order of distribution; guardianship of Mary Duffy, on motion of city, appropriation for maintenance of ward; estate of James G. Barry, order of payment to widow of $1,750, and $437 50 each to Abby, James B., S. Milton and Alene Dodd; estate of Chas. P. Slenor, final settlement continued to next term.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Relative Strength of Candidates for the Supreme Judgeship.

The Other Officers—Paragraphs of Personal and Other News.

The local primaries, held last Saturday with police interference, closed with great satisfaction to the Police Commissioners, who are now enabled to deliver to Martin and Crittenden about forty-five votes from the aggregate of forty-eight. This result was anticipated by the POST-DISPATCH in its articles of Saturday afternoon showing the manner in which the elections were being manipulated. The official outrage, however, has accomplished very little towards securing the nomination of Mr. Martin, for with almost the entire vote he is not within speaking distance of the nomination, and the instructed counties alone are sufficient to give Judge Sherwood the prize. Taking the figures of the opposition, the present status of the race is as follows: Votes instructed for Martin in the country, 30; in the city, 45; total for Martin, 75. Votes instructed for Cravens, 30 Votes instructed for Judge Redd, 17. Total opposition votes, 122. This leaves 301 votes to be disposed of. Out of that number Judge Sherwood has 225 instructed votes, leaving 76 unknown and giving Sherwood the nomination on the first ballot. If the Police Commissioners can extract any encouragement from these facts, they are welcome to do so. Mr. Martin has made a great mistake in securing an almost solid delegation from St. Louis, for the country is suspicious of unanimous delegations from the city, and invariably array themselves solidly against metropolitan combinations. In the history of Missouri, only one man ever secured a nomination when St. Louis was solidly for him. That man was Thos. T. Crittenden, and he succeeded by obtaining the country first and purchasing the city afterwards. Mr. Martin has the city, but the country is solidly against him, and therefore the renomination of Judge Sherwood will lapse into the merest formality.

A large number of delegates will leave for Jefferson City to-night, in order to meet the incoming delegates to-morrow. The candidates are also hastening to the scene of action, three or four having passed through to-day. The State Central Committee is called to convene at the Madison House to-morrow night to perfect the temporary organization of the convention. It is not suggested who will constitute the temporary officers, and nobody appears to have entered for the honor. The convention will be called to order by Shannon C. Douglass, chairman of the Central Committee and Prosecuting Attorney of Boone county, who will deliver his farewell address and inaugurate the officers named by the committee. This will constitute the morning proceedings of Wednesday.

No issue having been raised in this city outside the Supreme Judgeship, it is impossible to determine the complexion of the local delegation upon the Railroad Commissioner and Superintendent of Public Schools, but it is reasonable to presume that a vast deal of trading will be carried on. The candidate who can deliver Sherwood votes to Martin will have an excellent show, but such a candidate is scarce.

NOTES.

A large lobby of Martin and Crittenden men will start to the State Convention this evening. None of them will walk, either.

Delegations of about forty employes of the Excelsior Brewing Co. and Griesedik's Brewery took out their naturalization papers this morning in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Criminal Correction.

Hon. W. G. Downing, of Memphis, Mo., candidate for Railroad Commissioner, has become the victim of a misapprehension by which the impression has got abroad that he is off the track. Mr. Downing wants it understood that he is still running, and running in the lead.

Henry Newman, of Randolph county, went to Jefferson City this morning. He said he did not come here to assist at the primaries for Martin, but is working up the candidacy of Judge Burkholder for Railroad Commissioner. This is the first announcement that Judge Burkholder was a candidate.

R. B. Oliver, candidate for the State Senate from Jackson, Mo., was at the Planters' this morning, and proceeds to Jefferson City to-night. He feels confident of his own nomination, and only visits the capital as a disinterested spectator. He owns that Sherwood will be renominated on the very first ballot.

Wm. H. Mayo, secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee, said to-day that nobody had been suggested for the temporary offices of the convention, as is usually done, and therefore he did not know who would be named. The committee, accompanied by its secretary, will proceed to the capital to-morrow morning.

Judge Jere C. Cravens, candidate for Supreme Judge, Springfield, Mo.; Gen. James Hereford, Jefferson City, and P. L. Buskett, Rolla, Mo., candidates for Railroad Commissioner, arrived in the city to-day and registered at the Lindell. They are all confident of nomination. Judge Cravens believes he occupies the fairest and most tenable position of any of the candidates. The three depart for the State Capital this evening.

Dr. W. Pope Yeaman, candidate for Superintendent of Public Schools, was at the Laclede this morning. He will enter the convention with the most original strength, but the number and character of the opposing candidates necessarily renders the contest a lively one. Dr. Yeaman was formerly a resident of this city, and now resides at Tarasgow, Mo. The Kansas City Times said several days ago that Dr. Yeaman had failed in getting the support of his own county, Boone, when in fact he resides in Howard County, which has instructed for him, and Boone gives him second choice instructions. The Doctor is making the acquaintance of the local delegates to-day and will leave for Jefferson City to-morrow morning. He expects to encounter a number of obstacles among the friends of Dr. Shannon, but has great faith in his final victory. The fact that Dr. Shannon has served three terms will naturally tend to weaken his fourth candidacy with the large number of Democrats who believe in rotation in office. Wright and Strotner are named as candidates for the same position.

The Tenth Congressional District.

The members of the City Central Committee from the Fifth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh Wards, in the Tenth Congressional District, met at noon to-day at Anthony & Kuhn's, and discussed the muddle in that district. The burden of the discussion was in favor of harmony, and the committeemen finally agreed to participate in the mass-meeting of next Saturday evening, and to be present at the regular meeting of the Congressional Committee on August 5. Judge J. H. Morse and Gen. W. H. H. Thomas arrived in the city this morning from Jefferson county, but failed to meet at Anthony & Kuhn's. Gen. Thomas declares he must not be called a bolter, for he he is with the Democracy in every movement, and will support the regular nominee. The action of the city committee to-day restores to harmony the politicians of the Tenth District.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Mayor Ewing is at his office to-day, feeling much improved in health.

The Commissioner of Supplies to-day purchased a lot of lumber for the Harbor and Wharf Commissioner.

Receipts at the City Treasury to-day are: From the Adreon Society, $12 60; from the City Marshall, on account of the Second District Police Court, $60; from the Inspector of Weights and Measures, $37 25, and from the City Collector, $16,721 81.

At a special meeting of the Board of Public Improvements this morning bids were received for reconstructing with granite Chestnut street from the wharf to Second street, from Third to Fourth street and from Sixth to Twelfth street; Olive street, from the wharf to Fourth street and Washington avenue from Fifth to Twelfth street. The lowest bidder was Mr. W. E. Allen. The contracts will be awarded at the regular meeting of the board, which takes place to-morrow.

READ the list of telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH and avail yourself of this convenience.

Coroner's Inquests.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the Coroner held an inquest on the remains of Michael Flynn, the man who died at the City Hospital yesterday. The evidence showed that deceased was intemperate; that he had been kicked by a horse in the stable of Rosher & Schaefer, Locust and Thirty-third streets, July 22. A verdict of peritonitis was rendered.

An inquest was held on the remains of Jennie Hicks, colored, at No. 308 South Eighth street, this afternoon. A verdict of death from consumption was given.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

PRESIDENT BARRIOS.

Charles Slayback Says the Exchange Will Entertain the Guatamala Tyrant.

Recently the Merchants' Exchange extended a cordial invitation to President Barrios, of Guatamala, to visit this city as the guest of the Exchange. Since that time the newspapers have published Barrios as a scoundrel and a murderer, and many invitations extended him have been withdrawn on that account. To-day a representative of the POST DISPATCH called upon Mr. Morgan, Secretary of the Exchange, and inquired:

"Will your invitation to President Barnes be withdrawn?"

"I have heard no intimation of that kind, and I believe we shall go through with our part of the programme."

"Have you read the published accounts o Barrios career?"

"Yes, but I don't believe them. Better see the president of the Exchange for authoritative information."

Mr. Chas. E. Slayback was accosted at noon with a similar inquiry:

Will the Barrios invitation be withdrawn?"

"No," said Mr. Slayback, "Why should it? Because the newspapers have denounced him as a scoundrel? That's no reason. A majority of these foreign potentates are condemned offspring of female members of the canine family at home anyhow. Their chief glory is attained abroad. We shall receive and entertain President Barrios to the best of our ability. Could we do less than President Arthur? The Chief Executive gave Barrios an official supper, played poker with him all the evening and called upon him officially next day. If President Arthur can stand it, we ought to."

It is therefore settled that President Barrios will be formally received and banqueted by the magnates of St. Louis.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Wm. Bennett was jailed for being disorderly and disturbing the peace. 'Squire Lynn will dispose of his case at 4 p. m.

Matt Lyons was arrested for disturbing the peace and released by 'Squire Lynn on a $1,000 bond. The case will be tried to-morrow.

'Squire Draggon tied the matrimonial knot last evening for Mr. James Walsh and Miss Mary Cole, Henry W. Smith and Mary Bennett.

The case of Gus. Horn for interfering with a police officer, was sent from 'Squire Lynn to 'Squire Long on a change of venue, and will be tried to-morrow.

Christ Berling, charged with disturbing the peace and resisting an officer, had his case sent to 'Squire Long on a change of venue and will be tried to-morrow.

John Scots was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Peter Ellington, charging him with disturbing the peace. The case was set for hearing in 'Squire Lynn's court this morning, but continued till Wednesday on account of absent witnesses.

Sallie Jones swore out a warrant in 'Squire Lynn's court, charging Robert Jones with bigamy. Robert married his first wife twenty years ago and abandoned her shortly afterwards, marrying another near East St. Louis. Jones was unable to furnish $200 and was sent to jail to await his trial next Saturday.

Frank Norton and a young man named Duggan, employes of the Beef Canning Company, were arrested yesterday on complaint of Patrick Eagan, charging them with stealing $4 from M. Walsh's saloon. The case was tried in 'Squire Lynn's court this morning. The evidence was circumstantial, the stolen property not being found in possession of the alleged culprits. Both were bound over for the grand jury in the sum of $10,00; and being unable to furnish bond, were sent to jail.

THE POST-DISPATCH wants are more generally read than those of any paper in St. Louis.

Failure of a Bucket Shop.

This morning at 10 o'clock the bucket shop located in the Merchants' Exchange, opposite the billiard-room, closed its doors and stopped business. The institution was called "The Merchants' Produce and Stock Exchange." The men composing the firm were T. E. Price, J. E. Love and D. Trevor. It is stated by Mr. Price that the exchange was inaugurated by Trevor, who had no money, and that Price, Love and another gentleman formed a partnership. Price and Love are the managers of the "Old Exchange Brokers' Association," and are perfectly reliable. During the last few weeks the bucket shop has been gradually losing money and the financial backers concluded to pay up and close out. The loss is declared by Mr. Price to be about $8,000, which was fully made this morning. Two firms controlled this merely a branch office, which did not interfere with their regular business until Trevor commenced losing money. Then they found it necessary to close up, which they did, with honorable settlement.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST DISPATCH.

Crumbs of the Courts.

The Toussaint divorce case was dismissed to-day in court on motion of the plaintiff.

The assignee in the matter of the assignment of C. A. Biggers was discharged to-day.

The Public Administrator has taken charge of the estate of Alfred H. Pease; likewise the estate of Addie Young.

U. S. Marshal Coste returned to town to-day from the East. District Attorney Bliss is still at the sea-shore with his family.

A pro forma decree of incorporation was granted to-day in the Circuit Court to the Spanish-American Commercial Club.

Judge Thayer held court to-day and disposed of various matters requiring immediate attention. He will sit again in room No. 5 on Wednesday.

Frank Loese, Daniel Devlin and Frank Duross were to-day appointed by the court appraisers in the matter of Flannery & Tuthill's assignment.

Henry A. McGindley has filed suit for $315, balance of an account for legal services, against George Rupp. The defendant recently gave testimony in the Arnold-McGindley suit.

There was a brief hearing to-day before Judge Thayer in Circuit Court No. 5, on the motion entered by John H. Schoier for reference of the Schoier suit against Ike Cook. It was subsequently withdrawn by leave.

TELEPHONE branch offices of the POST-DISPATCH for the convenience of want advertisers are in successful operation. See list at head of paper.

A Ward's Complaint.

Gottschalk & Bantz have entered a motion in the Probate Court to set aside the settlement of Joseph A. Beck, curator of Clara Mais, who recently married Lorenz Floerchinger. The lady alleges that Beck, her stepfather, procured her final receipt without clear knowledge on her part of its contents; that the receipt was for $598 66, whereas she never received a cent of the money and moreover worked hard for years in her stepfather's family without compensation. The ward alleges that there were several sums of money due her from property, which have not been accounted for. The stepfather recently figured in the Court of Appeals, resisting Henry Giese's claim to his two little boys, and was defeated.

THE POST-DISPATCH wants are more generally read than those of any paper in St. Louis.

Mrs. Swift.

The many friends of Mr. W. H. Swift will sympathize deeply with him in the loss of his wife, who died this morning in the 46th year of her age. The funeral will take place at nine o'clock on Wednesday morning from the family residence, 3062 Eugenia street, and after the impressive funeral mass of the Catholic Church, which will be solemnized at St. John's Church, the remains will be buried at Calvary Cemetery.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

THE ROSTER.

Late Mysterious Disappearances of People.

Men, Boys, Women and Girls Who Are Lost to Their Friends.

The mysterious disappearance of men, women and children from their homes arouses the commiseration and sympathy of all who are aware of the fact. This season there have been a greater number of missing persons than usual. Since the inexplicable disappearance and subsequent finding in the river of Zou Watkins in the latter part of May they have been at least a dozen persons who have suddenly and without any cause left their homes and not since been heard from. The disappearance of Alfred H. Pease, the professor of music, who left Hurst's Hotel in the middle of June without any cause, and was not heard from until last week, was one of the most remarkable on record.

On the 7th of July

CHAS. GROLL

left his boarding house, No. 2228 Jackson street, in the morning to go to work. He has not since been heard of. The chair factory where he worked was visited, but nothing had been seen of him that day, nor has there been since. He was 24 years old, unmarried and of steady habits. No cause is assigned for him voluntarily absenting himself from home.

ROBERT M'DANIELL,

a 16-year-old boy, left his home, 1010 Mallinckrodt street, to go to the river. He has never returned home. It is supposed that he was drowned. He left home July 11th.

MINNIE KING,

an 11-year-old girl, left her home, No. 516 Lesperance street, July 17, to go to work in a box factory on Elm street. She has not been heard from or seen since. Her parents have been much worried over her.

ANDREW KRALL,

a German who recently arrived in this country, disappeared from No. 1300 North Main street, on the 18th inst. It was presumed that he was suffering from a temporary aberration of the mind. He was 6 feet tall and weigned 180 pounds.

FRED STEPHENS,

24 yeras old, left his boarding place at No. 1525 North Sixteenth street, on the 13th of July to go to work. It is supposed he was foully dealt with, as he had considerable money about him. He was a man of exceptionally good habits.

ANNIE WIPPLE

disappeared from her sister's house, No. 2840 Market street, on the 17th inst. No one knew where she was going, and great alarm was felt. On Friday afternoon last Sergeant Keehel recognized her on Clark avenue, and asked her the reason for explanation of her leaving home so curiously. She replied that when she had left her sister's home she had met some friends from Carondelet, and had accompanied them. Some one had sent a messenger boy to her sister's to inform her of the fact, but the message was not delivered. She was much surprised to see her name in the papers as having been lost.

Once in a while a prolonged spree causes disappearance, as in the case of Macbeth. He got on a spree, and when he regained his normal condition found himself in Tennessee.

JAS. M. BAIN,

a deaf and dumb young man of 23 years, left home, No. 1411 Carondelet avenue, on the 17th of this month. Nothing was learned of him. His relatives were anxious. On Saturday last he was found in a house of questionable reputation on Christy avenue. He is said to have been on a spree and lost all recollection that he had a home and friends. He now rests in the bosom of his home.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

RUDD RUN DOWN.

A Postal Route Agent Arrested for Extensive Package-Pilfering.

Gen. Edgarton, the Chief of the Postal Secret Service, has received a telegram to day from Post office Inspector G. W. Porter at Little Rock announcing the arrest of J. E. Rudd, a substitute route agent. For some time past robberies from registered packages have been reported to headquarters and suspicion fell upon some of the postal employes. A sharp look-out was kept and at length the matter was traced to Rudd, who acted as substitute agent at Little Rock, Ark., from time to time. He was pounced upon last evening on the return trip from Memphis and was completely surprised. The inspector ran upon the correct that Rudd confessed everything and will throw himself upon the mercy of the Federal Court. He will be taken before United States Commissioner Ralph Goodrich at Little Rock to-day for preliminary hearing. Rudd is well connected and some effort may be made to secure leniency by reimbursing the victims of the registered letter robberies. This is the second case of postal embezzlement in the Arkansas district within the past two years.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

New Buildings.

The brick addition to the works of Messrs. Evans & Howard, at Cheltenham, is estimated to cost $9,000.

G. W. Todd & Co. will build a brick store room, to cost $5,000, on the east side of Second street, between Cherry and Carr streets.

Mr P. E. Johnson will build a $2,000 brick dwelling house on the south side of Belle avenue, between Channing and Leonard avenues.

Capt. Joseph Hercules will build a $3,400 dwelling-house on the west side of St. Ange avenue, between Park avenue and Carroll street.

The factory which the French Silvering Company contemplate building on the east side of Tenth street, between Locust and St. Charles streets, will cost $5,000.

The repairs to the building of Messrs. Kupferle & Boisseller, located on the west side of Second street, between Morgan and Cherry streets, will cost $1,000.

The estimated cost of the new club-house of the Harmonie Club, about to be erected on the north side of Olive street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, is $32,000.

Five thousand dollars will pay for the two brick dwelling-houses which Mr. John Wheaten will build on the south side of Gay street, between Gano street and John avenue.

Thirty two hundred dollars is expected to pay for the four tenement houses which Da. Jno. L. Fitzporter is about to build on the east side of Tarascestreet, between Clark avenue and Market street.

READ the list of telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH and avail yourself of this convenience.

Jailed.

Richard White and John Flynn, alias shanty O'Brien, were jailed this morning by Officers Palmer and Schipp on suspicion of being the parties that brutally assaulted a soldier named Theodore Hoffsteter. The young men proved to the satisfaction of the sergeant they took no part in the assault, but before being released Flynn admitted he was fined $500 for vagrancy on the 29th of May, and granted a stay of execution to leave town. White was also wanted on a charge of larceny. Flynn will satisfy the old judgment at the Work house, and White will be tried to-morrow on the old charge of larceny.

THE POST-DISPATCH wants are more generally read than those of any paper in St. Louis.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Adolphus Hariess died at his residence, 1405 Hickory street, this morning, the 24th inst., at 9:30 o'clock. He was prostrated by a paralytic stroke on Wednesday of last week, which was followed by a second on Saturday morning which proved fatal. Mr. Harless was a just and honorable man. He established himself in a retail drug store on Franklin avenue in the year 1853, and carried on the business in other localities, until he embarked in the wholesale drug trade on Broadway, near Morgan, when his store was destroyed by fire, causing his removal to Main street, near Market, until within the last two years, when he opened a retail department, corner Fifth and Market, and carried on his wholesale and jobbing trade at 110 South Ninth street. The deceased was a member of the Germania Club and Liederkranz and Alma Mater, and in former years one of the leaders in singing circles. He enjoyed the friendship of a large circle of acquaintances and his sudden death will occasion great surprise. He was comparatively a young man, just turned 52 years. His business will not be interrupted, he having left a will to that effect. He will be buried from his residence on Hickory street, at 5 o'clock p. m., on to-morrow (Tuesday, July 25). His family has hearty sympathy in their trying affliction.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Chestnut street patrol wagon made four runs this morning, all the cases being drunks.

WILLIAM M. DAVIS was fined $50 and costs in the First District Police Court to-day for carrying a revolver.

THE Mount Carbon Coal Company, Broadway and Angelica street, has appointed Anthony Bockwinkel weigher at their yards. Bond is $1,000.

THE four-year-old son of Charles Neill, the fireman of engine No. 3, was bitten through the lip yesterday afternoon by a dog belonging to the company.

THE regular meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners was held to-day and the usual amount of button nolting and cornering was done in the Courts Halls.

P. J. TAAFFE occupied the bench in the Second District Police Court this morning. There were fifty one cases up for a hearing, but there was no interest in any of them.

At the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners to day the charges against Sergt. P. M. Jenks, of the Third District, were dismissed on the evidence without prejudice.

JUSTICE MCCANN married late on Saturday evening Arthur M. Pickwood and Ada C. Hearne, while Peter Berger, the veteran clerk who has seen thirty years of service, acted as witness.

A COLORED fellow named William Wright stole a coat from William Hagan, living on Bremen avenue, yesterday. He was arrested and placed in jail, and a warrant for larceny made out against him.

CHARLES REED, a deckhand on the New Orleans, fell from the boat into the river about noon to day and was being rapidly carried down stream when Ben Bretchers, discharging clerk of the steamer Holland, dived into the water and rescued him.

JOSEPH GAZZOLO, the saloon keeper, is making desperate efforts to secure a license for a saloon on Seventeenth and Pine streets. He contends that he has the requisite majority of signatures of the householders on the block, but that the collector, for reasons best known to himself, withholds the license.

PAT. REILLEY, a laborer employed in building the foundation of the Tavon avenue bridge, met with a painful accident this morning. His right hand was caught by a moving chain attached to the derrick and two fingers were so severely bruised that they had to be amputated. He was afterwards sent to his home.

MR. E. M. WILSON, the husband of the unfortunate woman murdered by Rickard, asserts that the statement which Rickard made to him to the effect that he did not consider Rickard guilty of deliberate murder is unauthorized. He believes that the killing of his wife by Richard was a coolly-planned and executed murder, with no extenuating circumstances about it whatever.

THE following named have been called on to testify in the matter of Sergeant F. M. Jenks' suspension: William Link, Clerk of the Second District Police Court; Judge George Denison of the Second District Police Court; Daniel O'C. Tracy, Prosecuting Attorney of the Second District Police Court, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter. The case will be heard before the Police Board at 2 p. m. to-day.

At the Arlington, No. 127 Kearney street, San Francisco, Cal., resides Mr. Hoover, the renowned counterfeit detector and detective, who says: "For more than twelve years I suffered with sciatic rheumatism of the very worst type, and at times the pains were almost unendurable. I spent a fortune and exhausted medical skill in that time. I heard about St. Jacobs Oil, but was faithless, as I thought my ailment was incradicable. I made one very thorough application, and so pronounced was the relief that I continued its use. Before I had used up the first bottle I was well."

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CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. J. P. Dunlevy and family left for Minnesota last night to be absent a month.

On motion of Mr. Bishop Joseph Quinlan was enrolled an attorney in the Criminal Court to-day.

John R. Walsh, of the Empire Distilling Company, Chicago, is a guest of Thomas Hogan.

HON. Joseph A. Robertson, manager of the People's Theater, left last evening for New York City. He will be absent about ten days.

Mr. O. P. Cavier, of Cincinnati, the best base ball authority in the country, was in the city yesterday, the guest of Mr. A. S. Stern, at the Lindell Hotel.

Miss Lizzie Andrews, of Kirkwood, left Thursday night, in company with Miss Wilson, by the Vandalia Line, for Philadelphia. She will be absent for some time.

Prof. French Strother, of Monroe county, a candidate for State Superintendent, is in the city, stopping at the Southern. He is well known throughout the State as a teacher of long and varied experience.

Wesley Austin, chief clerk of Hotel St. Louis, Lake Minnetonka, writes to this city the most enormous tales about his success at catching pickerel, but the local clerks cynically insist that Austin is only catching sunfish.

Mr. John Owings, chief clerk of Hotel Baronm, returned this morning from Montezuma City, Mo. He reports the wheat crop so immense that the farmers are working night and day, with relays of hands, to finish the harvesting.

Commodore J. M. Thompson says that any man who rides on a tally no coach destroys his credit. Of course the Commodore's tastes are peculiarly aquatic, but he must know that it isn't every man who can accommodate wealth and own a fine yacht and a nice $7 uniform with brass buttons.

Mr. Chas. F. Joy received a telegram from Mr. Jos. R. Harris this morning, dated at Troy, Pa., in which the Circuit Attorney declares he is entirely convalescent and has no trouble with his lung, as was reported here. Since Mr. Harris reached Pennsylvania he has been steadily gaining strength.

THE Assessor to-day turns over to the Comptroller the last of the 31 tax books relating to the taxes of 1882. This completes the clerical work for the taxation of the year. After preparation of the blotters for 1883 the clerical force will be diminished, following the usual custom at this season of the year.

The Cleveland Plaindealer says: "John W. Norton, formerly leading man at the Cleveland Academy of Music, but for a dozen years or so manager of theaters in Halifax, St. Louis and elsewhere, is going on the stage again. He will have a part in 'Roman Rye.'" This report probably grows out of the fact that Mrs. Norton has engaged to play the leading feminine part in "Romany Rye."

TELEPHONE branch offices of the POST-DISPATCH for the convenience of want advertisers are in successful operation. See list at head of paper.

The Matrimonial Machine.

The following marriage licenses were ground out this morning at the Recorder's Office: Bernard Milges and Mary Schniedermeyer, Florian Albenesius and Gertrude Harenbrook, Daniel Flugel and Louisa Herr, Rudolph Foell and Caroline Rapp, Henry Lepping and Julia Kira, Henry Mack and Julia Johnson.

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH attract universal attention.

The Thermometer.

The thermometrical readings of Aloe, Hernstein & Co. to-day were as follows: At 7 o'clock this morning, 72°; at 8 o'clock, 74°; at 9 o'clock, 76°; at 10 o'clock, 78°; at 11 o'clock 80°; at 12, noon; 81°; at 1 o'clock this afternoon, 83°; at 2 o'clock, 84°, and at 3 o'clock, 86°.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

A CHURCH CASE.

The Court Passes on the Liability of a Methodist Society.

Judge Thayer to-day, in the suit of Lindell's curator, assignee, against the First Methodist Episcopal Church, South, overruled the motion for judgment and the motion to discharge the garnishee. Garnishment process under an execution, when duly served, places the execution creditor in the same attitude toward the garnishee which the execution debtor formerly occupied. Whilst R. H. Baker in 1874 held certain property in trust for the uses of an incorporated church society, a certain gate attached to the property fell and injured the minor child of G. Foppiano. Suit was brought against Baker on account of the injury and judgment was recovered, which Baker was compelled to pay. The court says: "It is difficult to see how even the members of the incorporated society, First M. E. Church South, were under any legal liability to refund to Baker the amount of the judgment, and it is even more difficult to understand how the present garnishee, that did not become an incorporated society until nearly two years after the judgment was paid, has incurred any liability to refund the amount paid on account of the judgment. The liability could not be created by a resolution of the Quarterly Conference unless antecedent facts justified it, and the facts do not show that the members of the incorporated society rested under any obligation to make reparation. The order made by the garnishee, the incorporated society, to draw a check in favor of R. H. Baker, is insufficient to support the garnishment, for the garnishee was not legally obligated to make payment. So long as this order remained unexecuted it was beyond the power of R. H. Baker, or an execution creditor of his, to enforce execution against the will of the garnishee."

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

The Death Roll.

The following burial certificates were issued to-day:

Annie Bredermann, 1 year, 742 South Second street, pneumonia.

James Lereby, 1 year, 1216 North Seventh street, measles.

Infant of Hugh and Ellen Mollen, 900 Biddle street, stillborn.

Neily Strocker, 6 months, 1349 N. Fifteenth street, marasmus.

Herman Schumacher, 3 years, 1210 Mallinckrodt street, marasmus.

Melinda Ellebradet, 15 days, 3022 North Thirteenth street, gastro-intestinal catarrh.

Francis McKenna, 86 years, City Hospital, general debility.

Alice Hartman, 6 months, 523 South High street, broncho-pneumonia.

Andrew Hunt, 8 months, 700 South Main street, cerebral meningitis.

Sarah E Killer, 34 years, St. Louis Hospital, carcenoma uteri.

Ann Meyer, 33 years, 1115 North Thirteenth street, phthisis.

Adam Kissner, 33 years, 2635 Elliott avenue, pyæmia.

Charles Knorr, 28 years, Alexian Brothers' Hospital, pneumonia.

Anna Doviel, 18 years, 1722 West Howard street, peritonitis.

Cora Semple, Benton Station, McCausland road, asthenia.

Lizzie Karl, 8 months, 2004 Columbus street, marasmus.

Annie Jelnick, 11 months, 1509 Buel street, cholera infantum.

Louisa Lambrecht, 5 days, 2017 Jackson street, inanition.

Annie Wade, 1 year, 318 Marion street, measles.

Gertrude Tuholske, 1 month, 2633 Chestnu, street, inanition.

Willie Fritsch, 2 months, 1014 Mound street cholera infantum.

Adele Zimmermann, 50 years, Female Hospital, consumption.

Catharine Kill, 1 year, 1820 Carondelet avenue, marasmus.

Herman Gruenewald, 1 month, 1234 South Eighth street, cholera infantum.

William Ackerman, 6 years, 1215 South Third street, convulsions.

Alisile Lee, colored, 31 years, City Hospital, Bright's disease.

Annie Ridman, 1 year, South St. Louis, convulsions.

Maria Ringer, 35 years, southeast corner Eleventh street and Clark avenue, typhoid fever.

Thomas M. Wannall, 69 years, 1201 St. Ange avenue, cerebral apoplexy.

Lizzie Lynch, 55 years, corner of Grand avenue and Olive street, congestion of lungs.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

BELLEVILLE.

The Turners who visited Belleville express themselves highly pleased at their reception, which consisted of a banquet at Tiemann's Hotel. Orations and social enjoyment at the City Park Garden.

The grain inspection case appealed from 'Squire Draggon's court, East St. Louis, will be argued in the County Court this evening and taken to the Appelate Court as soon as a decision is rendered.

George Lasswe's dairy was burned to the ground on Sunday morning at 1 o'clock. It is situated near the Fair Grounds, and was insured in Miller's Agency. Considerable difficulty was experienced in saving the cows. A valuable imported bull was badly burned.

Fighting a Snake.

From a Boston Special.

Joseph Garbwree, of Millville, had a terrible encounter with a blacksnake in Mendon the other day, and, after a hard struggle, managed to kill his snakeship, which measured twelve feet in length and twelve inches around its body. The snake wound around the body of Garbwree several times, and came very near at one time taking his breath away. He is also badly bitten about the arms and legs, but was not bitten in the face. Mr. Garbwree describes the encounter as follows: He was walking, and came to the snake in the road. Garbwree began to back away from it, and the snake raised his head and started for him. He tried to jump on the snake, but the snake coiled around his legs and body in less time than he could tell it, and then squeezed him and bit him in ten or twelve different places. Mr. Garbwree got hold of a stick about two and a half feet long and struck the snake, and on receiving the first blow the snake uncoiled himself and did not try to bite him after that but would jump all over him. Mr. Garbwree was twenty minutes in the struggle with the snake before killing it. He was taken to Woonsocket and had his wound, attended to by a physician there. Mr. Clark Cook has the snake, and it will be stuffed.

The Man Who Taught Grant to Smoke.

From the New York Star.

On the piazza of the Manhattan Beach Hotel, at Coney Island, Friday evening, I came face to face with C. E. Lockridge, formerly a commission merchant on Second street, St. Louis, and now an important factor in the Iron Mountain Railway. The recognition was mutual, and after breaking a bottle of Extra Dry and lighting cigars, Uncle Cy said:

"I never smoke nowadays without thinking that I've saved Gen. Grant's life probably a thousand times. Ulysses and I have been friends ever since the great overflow in the 'forties. Time and time again have we gone over to Papstown—now East St. Louis—from our respective homes across the Mississippi, and shot bullfrogs and swamp snipe. In those days I was an inveterate smoker, and Ulysses had never bitten the tip of a prime Havana. Well, one September afternoon we were over at Long Lake fishing for bass. The mosquitoes were thicker than flies in a large beer saloon, and they concluded to eat Ulysses up. He slapped and banged and swore until the mud-turtles even refused to bite, and then I persuaded him to take a cigar. He protested that he knew nothing about smoking; but my eloquence on the theme of smoke as a mosquito killer won the day, and the now great man then and there smoked his maiden cigar. He stood it like a soldier, did not feel seasick, and raised it a goodly portion of heavenly blue."

"But how did you save Gen. Grant's life?" I impatiently asked.

"By teaching him to smoke. He took to the weed as naturally as an American takes to Bluegrass whisky, and in all times of danger since he has puffed away and kept his wits about him. Why, if I had not taught Gen. Grant to smoke he would not have been in the smoking car during the accident on the railroad a few days ago, and would surely have lost his life. Waiter, a match, please, my cigar has gone out."

MEDICAL MISSIONARIES.

The Experience of Two Pretty Young Doctresses Among the Chinese.

From the Denver Tribune.

People are very well acquainted with religious missionaries, and know their objects and aim, and all about them, but very few are aware of the fact that there are such people as medical missionaries. A reporter had the pleasure of meeting two of them on Saturday They are very charming and handsome young ladies—Dr. Ella Gilchrist and Dr. Kate Bushnell. The prefix "Dr." is used, as that is the one which they use in addressing each other. They are graduates of the Chicago Woman's Medical College. Dr. Gilchrist is a small, well-built lady, not more than 25 years old, and Dr. Bushnell is a tall brunette, with pretty teeth, clear olive complexion, a winning smile, and very expressive eyes. They said they were graduates in medicine who had been sent to China to teach the Chinese their system of doctoring, and to assist the other missionaries in Christianizing the people. The Methodist Board of Foreign Missions sent them, and the Presbyterian Church also sent a few. Women were sent, as men would not be allowed to attend Chinese women. There were about fifty of these medical missionaries in that country, and they were accomplishing a great deal of good.

"Did the people receive your administrations kindly?" asked the reporter.

"Very kindly, indeed. We had all the work we could attend to. We had working with us a Bible woman and a teacher, and we were able to assist them in a marked degree. The people whom we cured were very easy to influence, and none disputed our authority."

"What systems of medicine do the Chinese doctors follow?"

"No regular system. A Chinese doctor does not study and go through a course as we do. Any man becomes a physician when he pleases. An ordinary man, if he thinks he can cure any particular disease, hangs out his shingle, declares himself, and starts out to kill or cure, generally the former. They pretend to discover all forms of diseases by the pulse, of which they claim to distinguish thirty-two varieties. For instance, they claim that a certain kind of pulse indicates disease of the liver, and another kind affection of the heart, but they have no idea of one internal organs and knowledge of anatomy whatever. They have the slightest conception where the spleen or smaller organs are, and, of course, their treatment is the merest quackery. The most ignorant man in the community can become a physician by hanging out a sign.

"One of their greatest remedies is to pinch the patient violently. One often sees patients recovering from an attack, covered all over with purple marks, where they have been pinched until nearly dead with pain. Another very common treatment practiced is to cauterize. I have seen bodies with their tender skin fearfully burned by the doctors in trying to cure them of fits. There is no system. Each physician gives a patient anything which his fancy may dictate. The medicine, strange to say, is changed to suit the patient, the doctors seeming to think that costly medicine must perform a cure, and the costlier it is the quicker the cure. The richer the patient is the more he has to pay for his medicine, and we have seen even solutions of gold and silver given. In extreme cases there is one remedy resorted to which is simply horrible. Should the head of the house be dying and the doctors give up all other hope, they announce that the only thing which will save him is a piece of warm human flesh. When this announcement is made one of the daughters of the house is expected to offer herself as a sacrifice on the altar of filial reverence. The doctors cut out of her body a large piece of flesh, which the dying man eats. As a rule, the patient dies, and also the heroic daughter. The relatives thereupon erect a monument on her grave, inscribed with the story of her sacrifice."

"They have no fixed fees. When a man is sick the family makes a bargain with him. If the family is poor the charge is small, even as low as ten cents a visit. If the family is well off the fee may be as high as fifty cents, and for persons of great rank or wealth even $1 might be charged; but this would be very exceptional."

"How did the native physicans receive you?"

"Very kindly. We treated the families of several physicians, and they would come to us for assistance when they would have a very severe case. One time we operated upon a woman and removed an immense tumor. Two native physicians who were in the case considered this a most remarkable performance, and they quietly wrote up a long article which they had published in the Chinese newspaper at Pekin. It was a very complimentary article. They could not translate our names,

SANS VENERIS.

I saw a burning flower upon the plain,
Glowing and red, with heart of gleaming gold;
Its perfume, subtle, stole away my sense,
I plucked it—it was ashes in my hold.

I saw a bird drop from the violet skies,
I wooed it to me, soft, with outstretched hand.
It rested there a moment; then with note
Discordant, harsh, it flew across the land.

I saw a silver brooklet through the woods
Gurgling and laughing on its summer way;
I sought it, eager; lo! 'twas but a ditch
Of heaven water, banked with blooms of May.

I found a splendid garment in a room,
A robe of fabric fair and eastern dyes;
I wrapped it round me—and 'twas stained and rent
And fell in useless rags before my eyes.

No more I seek for bird, or flower, or brook
That murmurs, mocking, over shining stones;
Or royal robes, purple and jewel-stitched,
Or wear for monarchs on imperial thrones.

No more! No more! I walk with empty hands,
With empty heart, and smiles upon my face.
What mortal ever wore that scarlet bud?
Or wrapped him in that Syrian with calm grace?
What mortal ever lured that bird to sing,
Sweet, by that brook in some rose-blossoming place?

FANNY DRISCOLL.

THE MAHMOUDIEH CANAL.

How the Ancient City of Alexandria is Supplied With Water.

From the New York Herald.

Among those tactics of war which it was certain Arabi Pacha would pursue, and which it was equally well believed the British forces at Alexandria would endeavor to prevent him from achieving, was the damming of the Mahmoudieh Canal, which hitherto has poured continuously a copious supply of fresh water from the Nile into Alexandria. The country around Alexandria wears the appearance of the genuine desert. It would certainly not impress a foreigner as one of those regions in which man had only to tickle with a hoe and nature would laugh with a straw. Nearly half a century ago James Ewing Cooley, an American, visited the East, and in his volume entitled "The American in Egypt," he made certain observations about the exterior appearance of Alexandria which the effects of time have not much obviated. He found Alexandria practically surrounded by a desert; indeed, it appeared to him that no part of the Lybian or Arabian Desert was more barren or desolate than the country which stretched outward from beneath the walls of Alexandria. In his time, as now, there was no depth of soil. He also found no signs of vegetation. This latter observation would not apply at the present day to the suburbs of Alexandria; for, in consequence of a series of small aqueducts, well known to all Eastern nations, the soil has been fertilized to such a degree that many fruits and plants grow in abundance. Within a stone's throw of the Alexandrian citadel walls there are excellent gardens, wherein grew oranges, citrons, plantains (corresponding with the American banana), figs and cocoanuts; and, as for flowers, no dusky-haired maiden of the city need have gone without an ornament, for there grew roses, red and white oleanders and the brilliant scarlet blossoms of the pomegranate in abundance within a half hour's walk of her residence. These gardens, from which certain enterprising Arabs earned a considerable annual revenue, were due, as regards their fertility, to tiny aqueducts, laid between artificial embankments about three feet high, from the Mahmoudieh Canal to the spots in which they were required. The suburban population not only drank from these aqueducts and used the waters for domestic purposes, but the strictly urban population were dependent upon the same "sweet waters of the Nile," as they were tapped from the great canal, for their domestic supplies.

The ancient conquerors of Egypt saw the necessity of feeding Alexandria with Nile water, and they accordingly had superficial aqueducts constructed which served their purpose to a certain extent. The houses of the ancient city were mostly erected upon a structure of arched vaults, and when the Nile waters had flowed into these subterraneous structures they were given time to settle until vegetable matter sank, and then they were by being pulled up, by bucket and pulley and wheel, into the domiciles above; but this supply was precarious, and it remained for Mehemet Ali to put in practice the plan of the Pharaohs in erecting or constructing great public works. The remains of the old public aqueducts had almost disappeared, when Mehemet resolved to give Alexandria once for all a thorough and constant connection with the Nile. His project was the present Mahmoudieh Canal, which is now being threatened by the Egyptian troops. He summoned his subjects to the work of digging the canal in such numbers that it is said to have been navigable for passage and freight boats throughout its whole extent in the short time of six weeks from the period of the commencement of the works. This may be set down as one of those tales which the populace love to believe because they are impossible or verging upon the utter outskirts of impossibility. There are now only two principal navigable channels in the Delta of the Nile—namely, the Damietta and Rosetta mouths. The Mahmoudieh Canal was connected with the Nile some distance below Rosetta, and its waters were conveyed into Alexandria by an aqueduct which entered the city near the present Rosetta Gate, and had to be cut through the walls and basements of ancient buildings at its junction with Alexandria, almost due east and west for several miles, and then takes up an upward bend toward the Nile, but before it leaves the city it is tapped at various spots for the supply of substantially built reservoirs, which cannot, up to the present time, have been threatened by Arabi's troops, so that they must still contain a considerable water supply, independent of the supply contained in the sunken masonry wells which exist beneath most of the solidly built houses of Alexandria. The canal was commenced by Mehemet Ali in 1819, and opened in the beginning of 1820, receiving its present name in honor of the then Sultan. It cost 7,500,000f. (about $1,000,000), and the men employed upon it numbered 250,000 continuously, under the direction of the Aga Hagee Osman, who was assisted by several Italian engineers. Twenty thousand of these laborers, who were little else than the veriest bondsmen, perished from one cause or another, chiefly from hunger and disease. As a spectacle the banks of the Mahmoudieh are curiously uninteresting. It presents the appearance of a dead level of silent flowing, sluggish stream, between embankments which sometimes are considerable higher than the surface of the water and sometimes not much above its level, its construction apparently having depended for its levels on the strength of the miserable fellaheen who from day to day threw up its earthworks.

The plain which stretches on each side is yellow, glary and apparently interminable. Here and there a camel plodding, with driver on silent foot across the unechoing sands breaks the monotony of the scene, but when the group passes away in silence as it came the Stygic waters of the Mahmoudieh remain as dreary and uninteresting as they did before. The villages which exist along its banks at rare intervals are small bamboo and palm leaf sheds, surrounded by cactus bushes that find a footing in the inhospitable sand. Near Alexandria it is adorned by villas and farms, which flourish because of the plenteousness of water. At intervals along its banks an irregularity in the desert betrays the existence of some ancient city which has subsided beneath the tide of conquest and the inevitable encroachments of the inexorable desert. Here may have stood the ancient Schedia, between Karioon and Nisboo, with its stones and bricks, indistinct tracings of the great Rameses, and remains of great masonry reservoirs; there stands a village known by its date trees, the silent woman with the earthenware vessel on her head and the pariah dog lying in the shelter of the cactus bushes. But over all there hangs the mantle of the melancholy desert. The total length of the canal is forty-nine miles. The Egyptians did not show much energy in preserving it, but nevertheless its maintenance has since the Anglo-French period of financial administration continually occupied a place in the budget. For instance, in 1880 $500,000 were assigned for the maintenance of it, the Katabeh, the Ibramich and the Ismailich canals, of which the largest share was appropriated for the principal water supply of Alexandria. The Mahmoudieh Canal is capable of being breached at several parts of its existence; it is everywhere capable of being obstructed, and in the gardens adjoining Alexandria it is even capable of being defended by a force advancing from Alexandria, the court-yards of the strong, old-fashioned buildings affording good cover for infantry. If the canal has been cut or obstructed twenty miles away from Alexandria the difficulty of marching that distance within a reasonable time will practically enable Arabi Bey to seriously imperil the fresh water supply of Alexandria, which will be left with only its tanks, cisterns, wells and small reservoir to depend upon during the hottest months of the year.

THE POST-DISPATCH wants are more generally read than those of any paper in St. Louis.

THE PARISIAN STYLE.

Servants Who "Stand In" With the Grocers and Butchers.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The other day, in conversation with a leading business man of this city, the subject of dishonest servants came up. "Do you know," he asked, "how it is that some of the servant girls are able to dress as well, and even better than mistresses?" A negative reply having been given, the gentleman proceeded as follows:

"I do not care how well people dress, whatever their station in life, provided they can afford it; but how my cook, receiving only $2 50 per week, could manage to have nearly as fine an assortment of dresses as my wife, with jewelry, etc., to correspond, was a puzzle until one time we changed cooks, and the new one revealed to my wife the secret. She had been sent out to a certain grocery to do some marketing, and, while gone, was accosted by another grocer and offered by him a silk dress if she would give him my trade. Being honest she came straight home and told of it. This set my wife to thinking, and she asked the girl if that was a common practice. 'Oh, yes,' she replied, 'but I never would beat my mistress that way.' The inquiry developed the fact that the servant girls, especially the cooks, who do most of the marketing, 'stand in' with the grocers and meat men, and carry their custom where they can make the best commissions. When I lived in the city I did my own marketing, but when I moved out on the Hills I arranged with a grocer to supply me, and took a pass-book I gave this to the cook with directions to always buy the best of everything at that place. The same was done with the butcher. Soon the tea and coffee became unfit to drink, the butter was bad and the meat, from a place where I always got the best, was tough and almost unfit for use. My wife complained and the girl told her that that grocer and that meat man cheated her, or did not keep first-class articles, but she knew where she could get the best of everything. We accordingly withdrew our patronage from our old places and the change was immediately apparent, for everything appeared on the table in first-class condition. How did I account for it? Why, simply this way: The girl had been hired by the other grocer and butcher, by a percentage of what she purchased, to spoil the tea and coffee from the old grocer, and to get inferior meat from the butcher, as a pretext of leaving them, and she carried out the terms of the contract. We came to notice that whenever we changed cooks we likewise changed grocers and butchers, until we employed the honest one who 'put us on to it.'"

"But how do the new grocer and butcher get even?"

"Well, you know everything is intrusted to the cooks, and as they carry the book it is very easy to cheat in weights, prices, etc. My bills are invariably larger than when I did my own marketing, though we consume no more."

"Is the same thing done in other trades?"

"I have no doubt it is often with coal-dealers and others. It is an imposition, and ought to be exposed. Still, I don't know as, morally, it is any worse than the brokerage system generally. In all trades, now, the consumer has to pay brokerage on everything, even to flour, meat, and all the necessaries of life. On wheat the farmer gets his profit, the wheat buyer his, the city broker his, the miller his, the wholesale dealer his, the retail dealer his, and last the servant girl hers. But with her the case is different, for the broker does his business openly, and depends upon it for his living, while the girl is paid by her employer, and resorts to this method of increasing her gains by connivance with the retailers to absolutely cheat their customers."

"Can it be prevented?"

"I don't know how, unless every man or woman who employs servants does his or her own marketing, or unless they discharge their servants the moment they begin to lay their ropes for playing that game."

THERE is no worse enthrallment for tormented man than the exactions of a morbid nervous condition. The over-taxed brain then gets no rest from tranquil sleep and needs the pacifying influence of Dr. C. W. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills.

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH attract universal attention.

The Flower Fancy.

From the New Orleans Times.

Twenty years ago flowers were specially reserved in this country for funerals, weddings and actresses. Outside of the theater, the church and the graveyard, they were strangers. The man with a flower in his buttonhole was considered as affected and silly as Oscar Wilde is regarded by us to-day, and the lady who wore natural flowers was regarded as resembling Ophelia in more ways than one. To-day there is hardly an occasion where flowers are not poured out on us in torrents. The ladies are buried in them; the gentlemen bloom profusely at the buttonhole; and at call, at reception, even at dinner, these smiles of nature flourish around us. We can not dance, talk, or even eat without them. The churches—not Catholic and Episcopalian alone, but every denomination—have been converted into hot-houses, bearing bouquets innumerable, as a proper tribute from nature to God.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

His Hair was Cut in Silence.

From the Virginia City Caronicle.

A gentleman from Nevada stepped into a Philadelphia tonsorial saloon to have his hair cut. The officiating artist, having enveloped his victim's neck in towels and compressed him securely in the chair, opened the conversation by saying:

"You are a little nervous, sir, I perceive. Allow me to say that our 'Capillary Elixir' not only covers bald heads with a luxurious growth of hair, but calms the mind and restores the whole nervous system to a healthy equilibrium. What do you do for nervousness in Nevada?"

The representative of the Comstock looked up serenely and answered:

"We usually go out and kill a barber."

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

He Rose and Walked.

Ottawa Special to the Chicago Tribune.

A miracle is reported from the Basilica here. A lame boy was engaged with others in the devotion of the Sacred Heart, and approached the aiatr-rails on his crutches. After receiving communion he rose and walked back to his seat without assistance, neither needing nor remembering his crutches. The latter have been made into a cross and placed above the altar of the Sacred Heart, beneath which are the relics of St. Emilius, brought home by the Bishop about four years ago.

A CAPTAIN'S CRIME.

Murdering a Crew and Sinking a Schooner for the Insurance.

From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The unknown sunken schooner which Capt. Jex's wrecking expedition went to has been raised, and proves to be the schooner Explorer, which went down several years ago. With the recovery of the vessel the particulars of a great crime came out. It is not often that mysterious "disasters" can be so fully explained. Late in October, 1867, the Explorer was fitted out at Chatham, Ont., with a stock of goods to trade with the Indians around Georgian Bay Islands. She was manned by Capt. John Waddel and two sailors before the mast. About the middle of October of that year the Explorer took shelter in Goderich Bay, and remained there till the 17th, when the wind shifted and she departed for Georgian Bay with a large stock of goods on board. Nothing further was heard of her until the latter part of November, when John Waddel returned to Goderich and related a woeful tale of shipwreck and suffering. His story was to the effect that the schooner had been struck by a quail and knocked on her beam ends, causing the cargo to shift, and that the sailors, contrary to his wishes, went into the hold for the purpose of rolling some barrels and other freight to the windward and righting the vessel; that soon after, another gust of wind struck the schooner, and she rolled over and sunk, taking down with her the two sailors who were in the hold. He claimed to have cut the yawl-boat loose with his knife, and, after much hardship, succeeded in reaching the shore. The vessel and cargo were heavily insured, but no one doubted the recital of John Waddel, and, in the course of time, the losses were paid.

In the spring of 1808 Capt. Waddel moved with his family to Goderich, and for two years was noticed to make frequent trips to the north shore in a small boat, generally accompanied by his son, a lad of about twelve years of age.

At last vague rumors were set afloat to the effect that Waddel had sunk the schooner to get the insurance. But Mr. Waddel had held the office of Sheriff of Kent County for several years, afterward resigning to run for Parliament, and stood so high in public estimation that no investigation was made. In the year 1870, while on one of these excursions with his son, the boat capsized near Pine Point, a place about twenty miles above Goderich, and John Waddel was drowned. The same waves that took him to the bottom served to wash ashore his little son, and subsequently the lifeless body of the father. The remains were taken to Goderich and interred in the city cemetery.

Some five or six years since, a fisherman, while entering Tober Murray Harbor, at Cape Hurd, when the water was unusually clear, discovered a sunken vessel in about 100 feet of water, which at the time was thought to be the Explorer, but Waddel being dead, no steps were taken to unravel the mystery.

About two weeks since Capt. H. N. Jex, the well-known Lake Huron wrecker, commenced the raising of the unknown schooner with the steam barge Victoria. After ten days' hard labor his efforts were crowned with success, and, as suspected, the vessel proved to be the Explorer.

The vessel had been stripped of her canvas and all her cargo taken out, while about fifteen tons of stone had been put on board to keep her down. Twelve-and-a-half-inch auger holes were found in the centerboard box. The doors of the cabin were found to be securely locked, and the body of one of the sailors, covered with moss, was found in the cabin, a skylight of which had been broken in some way, and it is supposed the other body floated out.

It is deemed certain that Waddel sunk the vessel to get the insurance. That, after the two sailors had assisted in getting the cargo out, he feared to trust them with the secret, and, with the aid of whisky and drugs, succeeded in locking them in the cabin before the vessel went down.

The sailors allege that there is a cherub aloft that watches over "poor Jack," and that this tragedy and the sequel now seem to confirm it, as the murderer was compelled to drink out of the same cup that he had compelled others to drink from. Truly the old adage that "truth is stranger than fiction" is verified in this case, as well as the equally aged one that "the way of the transgressor is hard."

Ira Lewis bought the Explorer of the insurance companies that had the risk on her and paid H. N. Jex for taking the schooner into Goderich, where she now lies, and she will soon be sailing the blue waters of Lake Huron again. She is about sixty tons burden, and was built in the year 1866, at Chatham, Ont., and classed A 1, costing about $14,000 all ready for sea.

It is evident that Waddel had the sailors help take out the cargo and secrete it in some of the caves in that vicinity, and his trips to Georgian Bay were for the purpose of bringing away the plunder.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

A Down-South Weekly.

M. Quad in the Detroit Free Press.

I thought I might as well drop in and see how they run a weekly down in South Carolina, and a little darkey piloted me up one street and down another until we halted before a stairway over which hung a sign of "The Herald." The office was up four flights of stairs, of course, and I had only reached the landing of the first when a hunk of composition cut from some old roller whizzed past my head. There was nothing strange in that, however, as all well-regulated offices keep half a dozen of these hunks lying around as weapons of defense, and I pressed on. At the head of the second flight I looked up the dark way and thought I saw a man with a gun in his hands. All weekly newspapers having any influence always keep at least one shotgun lying around to intimidate poets, and so I went whistling along up the third flight. Then I was certain that I saw a man, and certain that the muzzle was looking down upon me. Some editors stand at the head of the fourth flight and practice at target shooting to rest their weary brains, and was wondering where the bull's-eye was when I heard a click! click! and a voice called out:

"Stand! or you are a dead man!"

No man who thinks anything of his clothes will ever be found dead on a stairway leading to a printing office. I came to a halt, and the voice continued:

"Throw up your hands and go down stairs or I'll blow your brains into the street!"

I didn't believe he would, but as I couldn't prove it the best way was to obey his little request. I had just got back to the hotel when in came the editor and the foreman and the devil and two compos., and they all began to talk at once. They were expecting a lightning sort of a politician up those stairs at that very time, and if he once got up he was to open fire from a revolver and have a scalp-dance over the remains of the Herald. It was a mistake, and they were deeply grieved, and we had a lemonade together, and the man with the gun shook hands again and whispered:

"Boy! I had my finger on the trigger and a dead aim on your head, and if you had lifted one foot an inch high to come further up I'd have killed you as dead as a hammer!"

After that I always sent four boys, one after another, up stairs with my card and a written declaration that I was not loaded.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

Robber Robeson Roasted.

Washington Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.

Both Houses of Congress had a matinee this morning. Robeson, in the House of Representatives, was once more reminded very disagreeably of the fact that Whitthorne, of Tennessee, once branded him a thief and a liar and a perjurer on the floor of the House without a word of reply from him. Robeson went some distance out of his way yesterday to get in a slur on "Richelieu" Robinson, of New York, to the effect that he was as deaf as a post. This morning, rising to correct the Record in this particular, Robinson shook out his tawny mane, and in that tone of defiance which he usually reserves for the British lion, informed the House that he was not deaf as a post, but only a little hard of hearing, and then turning upon Robeson remarked, as a noteworthy fact, that the member from New Jersey was the only person in the House who was so deaf as not to hear Whitthorne say that he was a thief, a liar and a perjurer. Robeson, who had listened laughingly to Robinson's first remark, grew solemn as he concluded. He advanced to Robinson as though to reply, but returned and finally took his seat, responding to appeals from Hiscock, Kasson and others of his friends. He will not refer to the personal peculiarities of Robinson soon again.

THE POST-DISPATCH wants are more generally read than those of any paper in St. Louis.

A DEADLY DISEASE.

A Fatal Case of Charbon in a Cincinnati Hospital.

From the Enquirer of the 22d.

An Enquirer reporter heard of an extraordinary case of malignant pustule or charbon at St. Mary's Hospital, and saw the doctor in charge of the case, C. S. Muscroft, at his residence on John street, and obtained the following facts: The disease is of a very rare occurrence, so much so, indeed, that Dr. Muscroft, in an experience of more than forty years, has met with only three or four previous cases. The patient was an apparently strong man, named Henry Hanner, 35 years of age, and a wool-sorter by occupation. Eight days before he died he noticed a small red spot about the size of a pin-point on the right side of his neck, just below the ear, which caused considerable irritation. He took no notice of this, however, supposing that he had been stung by some insect. About fifteen hours after first noticing the small spot the itching ceased and a small vesicle appeared, containing brownish-red serum, and the skin beneath appeared of a blackish color. In the course of the next day a crop of fresh vesicles appeared, distended with serum like the first. These were arranged around the first spot, and soon a swelling, forming a solid lump, which was pretty well defined in extent and could be raised with the finger from the surrounding tissues, was developed. The mortification now extended up to and even beneath the circle of vesicles. As these were destroyed by the extension of the mortification fresh ones formed on the parts around. The skin, which at first was pale, reddened and finally became livid red. As the swelling increased, œdema, or infiltration of serum, came on in the surrounding tissues. The patient noticed nothing particular in his health, except that he felt strangely depressed, and came into the hospital not supposing that there was much wrong with him. A few hours before death he was walking about the hospital. The doctor so saw him and ordered him to bed. Constitutional symptoms, those of pyæmia, or blook-poisoning, with the usual rigors, coldness of extrnal surface, &c., immediately set in, and the patient sank rapidly. What makes this particular case somewhat singular is the fact that there was only one pustule, and the only external lesion might have been easily covered by a half-dollar. The history of this virulent disease is as follows. Certain herbivorous animals, namely, oxen, sheep and goats, horses, donkeys, rabbits, hares, and it may be, others, are liable to an internal disease, or type of disease, to which various names have been applied. As class, these affections are termed "charboncus" by the French. The particular disease as it occurs in the ox or sheep is termed in this country the "blood," "joint murrain," "black quarter" or "quarter-evil." The The French synonyms for the same disease are "quartier charbon" and "sang de rate" in the case of sheep, while in the ox the disease is termed "la sang" or "maladie de sang." In Germany the same disease is termed "milzbrand."

Malignant pustule in man is derived from the poison generated by this disease in animals. The disease can be communicated to man by direct contact with the hair, the roofs, the horns, the hide, the bones, the flesh or the blood of the diseased animal, and in this way butchers, farriers, shepherds and curriers usually acquire the disease, while straw or other litter, hurdles, splinters of wood, stones, articles of clothing may act as media of communication of the disease to man. Flies and other insects that have been in contact with the carcasses of diseased animals may also transmit the disease. Although it will be seen from the above that the disease is intensely susceptible of transmission from actual contact, it does not appear that the milk or flesh of diseased animals, taken internally, is followed by any poisonous results. Neither does it appear that the disease is transferable from man to man, or from man back to animals. All experiments have had a negative result. The disease does not appear to be infectious. By that is meant that the disease is not transferable simply by atmospheric influences. The disease almost always attacks some exposed part of the body; is, therefore, most common on the face and hands. If a malignant pustule is recognized immediately, and proper treatment adopted, it can almost certainly be arrested, as for some time it is simply a local affection, but its beginning is so imperceptible that a correct diagnosis is extremely difficult.

A Father's Sacrifice.

Joe Medill in Chicago Tribune.

"My darling papa?"

As she spoke these words to her father, the only father she had in all the wide, wide world, Myrtle Hathaway placed about his neck a pair of dimpled white arms and looked into the bearded face with a trusting, I-would-bet-seven-to-three-on-you look that told more eloquently than could any words of the deep love she bore him.

Bending over his daughter, and kissing her tenderly where the Bloom of Youth was thinnest, Mr. Hathaway seated himself on a fauteuil, the girl kneeling by his side.

"Do you love me very much, papa?" she asked, smoothing with her soft white hands the bronzed forehead over which the furrows of time were beginning to spread.

"Why, what a foolish question for my little one to ask," was the reply, and a kiss stopped the prattle of the pretty lips. "You know, my darling," the father continued, "that my whole life is wrapped up in yours; that your happiness is my joy, your disappointments my bitterest woes."

"And would you do anything to please me, papa?"

"Of course I would, my child. Why do you ask such a foolish question?"

"Then," said the girl slowly, every word telling by its pathos of the earnestness with which it was spoken, "take me to the races to-morrow."

Reaching silently around to his pistol pocket Mr. Hathaway drew forth a quarter-stretch badge and placed it in his daughter's hand. The girl looked at it eagerly, gave a little cry of joy, and kissed her father again.

Rising from the fauteuil Mr. Hathaway went to the window and looked out upon the night.

"God help me," he said in husky tones, choking down a sob that was welling up from his supper, "I shall be broke to-morrow night, for there are two pacing races and a free-for-all trot on the programme."

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH attract universal attention.

Where Are the Water-Cure Doctors?

From the Cincinnati Saturday Night.

What has become of all the water-cures and water-cure doctors? Thirty years ago water-cure establishments were scattered all over this broad land. They were so numerous that it was difficult sometimes to find water enough to run them all. Their favorite location was at some springs whose healing virtues were extolled in circulars far and wide, and with what confidence the sick and ailing flocked thither, to be packed and soaked and pickled, boiled in hot water and then doused with cold, then rubbed down like a horse, though a little less tenderly, and put to bed to dry, a sure panacea for every ill. We spent a little time at a water-cure once, and it cured us of any fondness for water for some time after. At least we think it was that. We observed that the enthusiastic advocates of water who conducted the establishment on such hydrostatic principles seldom immersed in that element themselves, and rarely indulged in it as a beverage.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

☞ Pleasant to the taste, efficacious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods. In fact it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.

☞ FOR ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

☞ KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. As a nervous in results as the Compound.

☞ Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

☞ LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. (3)

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Thursday, July 6, 1882.
Amanda Gallaher
vs.
Charles T. Gallaher.

It appearing from the additional affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has abandoned plaintiff without reasonable cause and for the space of more than one year absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause and without the consent of plaintiff, and so continues to the date of filing this suit to absent himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of July, 1882.

SEAL. CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
76P

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Monday, June 5, 1882.
Louisa Schmidt
vs.
Johann J. Schmidt.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri. Therefore on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held in the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 6th day of June, 1882.

SEAL. CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
74P

Greatest Discovery on Earth!

THE ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB.

How Turkish Houris and Parisian Ladies Preserve their Beauty.

Returning from the Orient, we offer to the ladies of America the most jealously guarded secret of the Turkish harems. We refer to THE ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB, or Serkys, which preserves the beauty and freshness of youth to an advanced age, clearing the complexion of all blemishes, and giving it the transparency and loveliness of the rose.

This precious herb, which has remained in mystery, was discovered and presented to the Sultana of Osman I. by a dervish. We need not expatiate upon its wonderful virtues, but will quote from the works of Dr. Paul Lucas, who traveled in Turkey by order of Louis XIV.:

"They told me an infinity of marvels concerning the effects of this herb and assured me that the ladies of the harems who use it appear at the age of forty as fresh as if they were twenty five. My position as physician to the King of France served to introduce me to the widow of Hassan Pasha. I was surprised to see her waited upon by two young women of apparently twenty-five years of age, whereas I knew it was customary for her to be waited upon by old women only. What was my astonishment to learn that both these young women were over sixty years of age, and that they owed their youthful appearance to the use of this herb, its use also conduces to a full bust, and makes the flesh firm and hard."

THE ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB is much in use by the fashionable ladies of Paris, as it brightens the eyes, removes sallowness, premature wrinkles, pimples, tan, moth-patches, freckles and other defects which mar beauty. It is not a face powder or lotion, but is taken internally; is perfectly harmless, and gives that crowning glory to women, a skin of Oriental softness and transcendental purity and beauty.

It is said that Ninon de l'Enclos, the Empresses Josephine and Eugenie owed to its use their remarkable preservation of beauty.

It has now been placed upon the market in this country, in prepared packages, at $1 per package; six packages for $5.

SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF PRICE.
PREPARED BY THE
ORIENTAL BEAUTY HERB COMPANY,
No. 4 North Tenth St., St. Louis, Mo.
J. A. GREENE, GENERAL AGENT,
TO WHOM ORDERS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PRESTON & MERRILL'S
INFALLIBLE
Yeast Powder
THE ORIGINAL!
NOT ADULTERATED
NOT EXTENDED.

PERFECTLY PURE,
and is the Strongest, Cheapest, and Most Healthful Bread Preparation made.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

The Timken Spring Side-Bar Vehicles are the Best in the World.

There are now over One Hundred Thousand in use. They are the most stylish, durable and easy riding of any made. They are manufactured by all leading Carriage builders in the country. Henry Timken, Patentee, builder of Fine Carriages, Gears and Bodies, 1010 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL AND Mechanical Association, July 27, 1882.—By order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, notice is hereby given that an election for twenty-one (21) directors of this association will be held on Saturday, the 5th day of August, 1882, at this office, No. 718 Chestnut street, St. Louis, Mo. Polls will be open from 9 o'clock a. m. till 4 o'clock p. m. on the last mentioned day.

CHAS. GREEN, President.
G. O. KALB, Secretary.

A POSITIVE CURE!

Without Medicines.

ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BOUGIES, Patented October 16, 1876. One box

No. 1 will cure any case in four days or less.
No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no matter of how long standing.
No nauseous doses of cubebs copabia or oil of sandalwood, that are certain to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach.
Price, $1 00. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular. P. O. Box 1,533.
C. ALLAN CO., 83 John street, New York.

DR. WOOD—Thirty years practical experience. Cures all CHRONIC DISEASES of male or female, no matter how SERIOUS or long standing in less time and for LESS MONEY than any other physician. Every case guaranteed; business confidential. Office private. No. 619 Locust st. Call or write. Hours 8 to 8 daily. P. S.—Female pills and rubber goods best in market.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin and Bones. Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning. Skin Affections, Old Sores and Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases arising from overworked brain. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet free. Medicine sent by mail or Express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 280 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it, then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail, in money or postage.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST DISPATCH. 515 and 517 Market street.

Sworn Statement of Circulation.

We, and each of us, the undersigned, do solemnly swear that the following is a true statement of the actual, regular, bona fide editions of the daily ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH for the days enumerated in the following table comprising the thirty mentioned publication days of 1882 and the corresponding days of 1881.

	1881.	1882.
June 16	12,600	
June 17	12,940	23,050
June 18	13,520	Sunday
June 19	Sunday	22,050
June 20	13,400	22,100
June 21	13,600	22,080
June 22	13,500	21,900
June 23	13,600	22,650
June 24	13,200	23,000
June 25	13,720	Sunday
June 26	Sunday	22,100
June 27	12,600	22,300
June 28	13,000	22,800
June 29	12,700	22,900
June 30	12,600	45,720
July 1	12,600	24,760
July 2	31,356	Sunday
July 3	Sunday	22,700
July 4	Holiday	21,160
July 5	18,400	22,600
July 6	14,800	22,290
July 7	14,400	22,750
July 8	13,800	23,200
July 9	14,600	Sunday
July 10	Sunday	22,050
July 11	13,300	23,350
July 12	13,200	23,700
July 13	13,600	23,400
July 14	14,000	23,400
July 15	13,700	23,280
July 16	15,100	Sunday
July 17	Sunday	22,736
July 18	13,800	22,720
July 19	13,600	22,700
July 20	13,600	22,600
July 21	13,800	22,400
Total for 30 days	428,636	704,446
Average daily in 1881	14,287	
Average daily in 1882	23,482	
Percentage of increase	64.24	

JOHN M. McGUFFIN, Business Manager.
L. G. KAPPNER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 22d day of July, 1882. C. C. HARTMAN, Notary Public.

HOW many of the delegates chosen in this city on Saturday last are in favor of indorsing CRITTENDEN and his administration?

ALL the primary election ballot boxes in this city last Saturday seemed to be martin-boxes. The martin is a gregarious bird.

JOHN W. GARRETT, the railway magnate, has presented President ARTHUR with a valuable dog. JAY GOULD ought to send him a pair of horses.

AFTER seven months of experiment the city of Cincinnati has been compelled to give up its police patrol wagons on account of municipal impecuniosity.

TWO years ago Mr. ALEX. MARTIN carried the city of St. Louis with great unanimity. The gentlemen who had the usufruct of the "slush" fund all worked for him.

SKIRMISHING is reported on the outer edge of Alexandria this morning, and the English plan of restoring order by creating disorder will be fully at work in a day or two.

TWO facts were well established by Saturday's primaries, to-wit: That CRITTENDEN controls the police force of St. Louis, and that MARTIN is his candidate for Supreme Judge.

IN the face of the law GOV. CRITTENDEN directs the police force of St. Louis to be employed in controlling the primaries for his favorite candidate for Supreme Judge. Another reason why he should be impeached.

IT is our duty to correct the educated editor of the Brookfield (Mo.) *Chronicle*. No person connected with this paper was ever challenged by a Kentuckian to fight. The history of this country contains no such entry

CRITTENDEN is so strongly absorbed in the work of setting up the coming Democratic State Convention that he has overlooked the fact that BOB PATE, the "manly" gambler, is still lying in jail, the victim of an "engine of severity."

IN OHIO the Democrats are not afraid to express mild disapprobation of the policy of regulating men's stomachs by legislation. It can hardly be possible that here in Missouri, where there is a reputed majority of something like 80,000, the party will shrink from denouncing sumptuary laws.

"ATROCITIES equal to any ever perpetrated in Bulgaria" are reported from Egypt. Of course, and will rapidly increase in number and brutality till England's object is achieved. It is astonishing how cruel and ferocious the sheep becomes when the British lion composes himself to enjoy a quiet meal.

IN regard to the war news, it is well to bear in mind that England and France have control of the telegraph and mails from Egypt. In a go-as-you-please contest for the championship in lying, the Western Powers can give the effete civilization of the Orient half the distance and easily rake in all the pools and the gate money.

CAMERON finds it necessary to do a little 'possuming in Pennsylvania. His candidate, Gen. BEAVER, declares that he is not a CAMERON man, and that there is no understanding or alliance between himself and SIMON'S son. If this stratagem succeeds we shall have Cameronism reformed in the Keystone State about as MARK TWAIN says the favorite vice of the natives was reformed by the missionaries in the Sandwich Islands—so thoroughly that it has since existed in reality only, and not in name.

IT seems that the town of Warrensburg is not ablaze with enthusiasm to-day. The reception of the gubernatorial JOB is not what it was expected to be, and it is possible that Mr. CRITTENDEN'S tears will plash in silence when he rises before his beloved but somewhat scattered neighbors to relate the woful iliad of his administration.

THIS is a day of tears at Warrensburg. Mr. TITTLEBAT TITMOUSE CRITTENDEN, who is now a man of sorrow and acquainted with grief, is in the midst of his old neighbors endeavoring to disabuse their minds of the very natural belief that he is both a knave and fool. The chances are one hundred to one that he will not escape conviction on one count or the other.

IT is exceedingly sad that Mr. G. WASHINGTON MCLEAN, formerly of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, should have spent the creamiest days of his life in erecting Mr. GEORGE H. PENDLETON into a Statesman and should now be compelled to stand by and see his unique male offspring engaged in the mighty work of tearing Mr. PENDLETON down and leveling him with the Democratic wrecks that form the political landscape in Ohio.

COL. SWITZLER is quoted as saying in his Sedalia speech that he would vote the Democratic ticket unless he had to swallow a distillery or brewery with it, in which case he would have to be counted out. Doubtless many members of the party are just as unwilling to swallow a church and steeple. It is best for parties and laws to leave all these things to the tastes and private judgments of men, coercing nobody to swallow any of them.

AFTER having been himself deposed, TEWFIK, the puppet Khedive, proclaims his army and his people a gang of rebels and traitors. But even in deposing ARABI from the position of Minister of War the Khedive affects to put it on the ground that ARABI deserted him in the defense of Alexandria, refused to obey his order to reinforce the forts and disobeyed orders in surrendering the forts. While claiming the credit of the resistance at Alexandria, he tells the army that the only thing which prevented him from being the first to die in defense of his country was his certainty that the sole object of England and France is to restore order and not to take possession of Egypt. This Khedive is the greatest living specimen of the dead-beat and scoundrel.

GRANT ON EGYPT.

Gen. GRANT, taking his accustomed military view of the situation, would not have our people waste their sympathies on the poor Egyptians who are bound to get pounded in a war with two such powers as England and France. But aside from the fact that neither Ireland nor Poland nor any other nationality has ever yet been bettered by having an alien government forced upon them by conquest, the very starting-point of England and France in this quarrel is the establishment of a new principle of international policy which is a perfect Pandora's box, and certainly should strip them of all claims upon American sympathy.

For the first time we see two great Powers making war to collect the debts due to their money lenders, and the other great Powers acquiescing in the setting of such a precedent. The Shylocks of Paris and London sent out their agents to entrap the profligate ISMAIL into extravagant expenditures of money borrowed from them at enormous interest. He was a mere puppet imposed upon the Egyptians by an arrangement between outside Powers, to which arrangement England and France were parties. When the debt grew so large that the Khedive could not pay the interest by stripping the Egyptian fellah of his entire crop, England and France assumed control of Egypt's fiscal affairs, and, when ISMAIL interfered with the execution of their plans, deposed him and put his son in his place. The war now going on is nothing but the further extension of this process of collecting from the impoverished people of Egypt, by force of arms, the debts incurred by a despot imposed on them by outsiders. The money was not borrowed by them, nor by their representatives, nor was it expended for their benefit, and war is made on them, not because they refuse to pay it, but because they claim the right to institute a more economical system of taxation and fiscal management. It is obvious that the new international law is only intended to operate against weaker nations, and to afford the more powerful ones a precedent for wars of conquest or for interfering with the internal affairs of the Governments they have marked as their prey.

If we give our sympathy and moral support to England and France in the Egyptian business, with what face can we object when they begin to apply the same process to Mexico and the indebted republics of Central and South America? In justification of the course pursued toward Egypt there is not one plea which comports with American ideas of international policy—not one which we can permit to be applied to ourselves or to any of the weaker nationalities of this continent. When the capitalists of Europe lend money to our States and the latter repudiate, that is the end of the matter. The United States will not coerce the payment nor permit Europe to do it. And we have even gone further and warned all Europe that we will not permit any American nationality to be subjected to the treatment Egypt is now undergoing.

MR. GERARD B. ALLEN, speaking for the stockholders of the Fair Association who dissent from the boggish, salary-grabbing management of CHARLES GREEN, is out in a circular announcing the postponement of the new election for President, which was to have been held on the 5th of August. It is set forth that the election, falling but sixty days before the annual Fair, might detract from the exhibition, and hence Mr. ALLEN and his patriotic compeers waive the contest for the sake of an institution in which all the State feels a pride. This thoughtful consideration, in the face of GREEN'S reckless, knavish, selfish and imperious course in the management of the Fair, is a rebuke which did not require the reference that Mr. ALLEN makes in his circular to big presidential salaries to convey to the public an idea of the critical condition which has overtaken the affairs of the Association. But all this will be lost upon GREEN. The remark of Mr. ALLEN that he and the dissenting shareholders regard the Fair Presidency as a position of "honor and pride rather than profit" will not wound the sensibilities of GREEN. A man who could openly elect himself to the Presidency of the Fair Association and then have himself paid a salary, in violation of all precedent, is just the sort of man who would proclaim himself an alien in time of war and keep his mouth shut when publicly charged with frauds and swindles such as would send a prison graduate into disgrace, and the charge of being a greedy hog is not likely to disturb his equanimity. As a matter of fact GREEN is at the head of a real estate syndicate, which intends to gradually wreck the Fair and sell out the grounds in town lots, and the people of St. Louis who dote on the Fair are expected to keep their mouths shut while he gathers in the stock and perfects his plans, the theory being that any citizen who objects to the ruinous scheme is a traitor to the city because he is embarrassing the "management."

WE are really upset. Or, to use a nautical phrase, we are "all at sea." We had supposed that the *Republican*, under the new change of Police Commissioners, was in full control of the police and the Democratic "machine" in the city of St. Louis. And yet it seems that on Saturday last the police actually interested themselves in behalf of ALEX MARTIN, the favorite son of the St. Louis bar, and did all in their power to prevent the election of delegates to the State Convention known to be partial to Judge SHERWOOD. There is a howl of indignation from the *Republican* this morning. It tearfully says:

Those police officers in attendance upon the Democratic primaries Saturday, who claimed to have received orders equivalent to preventing as far as possible the support by Democrats of candidates for delegates favorable to Judge Sherwood, rather overdid the business. It is not always easy to find instruments for work of that nature who possess sufficient skill and discretion to assume the desirable amount of impartiality and disinterestedness; but some of the agents employed Saturday, in the Fifteenth and Eighteenth Wards, for instance, were about as poor hands at concealing their true intent and purpose as we have ever seen. It is not for us to conjecture how these policemen got the idea that they would be pleasing the powers that be by bulldozing Sherwood men and doing all in their way for the other side; but that this was what was done can be easily established and proven, and if messieurs, the Police Commissioners, want the evidence they can readily be accommodated. Now this is a kind of business that will have to be stopped at once, as it will not be tolerated any further. It would be only right if the Democratic party of the State should express emphatically its sense of the outrage perpetrated at the primary polls here, wherever the proof is presented, by refusing to give seats to pretended delegates elected by our police in the manner indicated. But that is a matter for the convention to determine. For our own part we propose to stigmatize the force and fraud programme pursued on Saturday, so that the proper odium shall attach to such disgraceful proceedings, and see that hereafter, at least, knavery of this sort shall have no chance of success.

It is but natural to suppose that the police authorities turned their men over to the service of Mr. ALEX MARTIN'S partisan in the belief that a result favorable to that gentleman would be agreeable to Gov. CRITTENDEN. We have mentioned the fact that Mr. MARTIN was the Governor's choice for the Supreme Judgeship, and the action of the CRITTENDEN police on Saturday last confirms it. It was unfortunate that the Governor's organ got tangled up in its preferences. A closer connection should be established with the headquarters at Jefferson City.

Says that simon-pure Democratic organ, the Saline County *Democrat*:

The effort to hound Dr. Laws out of the University for daring to teach a doctrine which three-fourths of the tax-payers of Missouri believe to be correct is but the commencement of an organized movement to revolutionize the schools of the State in the interest of the Republican party. It is led and given direction by men who oppose Dr. Laws because he teaches that the Federal Government possesses only delegated powers and that the sovereignty in our Government belong to the people in their capacity of States. The men who are foremost in opposing him believe in centralization and they desire to see that pernicious heresy taught in our schools. If they should succeed in using the schools to teach centralization they will damage the cause of education in the State.

We have been accused of doing Dr. LAWS great injustice in our comments on his St. Joseph address, but here is a newspaper praising him for the very thing that we object to. The Doctor, in his capacity of public educator, is credited with inculcating the doctrine of State Sovereignty, which, according to the interpretation given at St. Joseph, means that the States are greater than the Federal Government. As we have no desire to do injustice to Dr. LAWS, perhaps he will be kind enough to answer this question: Were the people of the South, in your opinion, justified in attempting secession from the Union under their peculiar interpretation of the Constitution?

FAVORED with the beneficial opposition of the *Republican* and assisted by CRITTENDEN'S bulldozing police, Mr. ALEX MARTIN, who has been assiduously electioneering for several years for a seat on the Supreme Bench of the State, managed to make a rather clean sweep of the St. Louis primaries on Saturday last. It is said that he will go to Jefferson City on Wednesday with forty-three members of the delegation pledged to his support. If the ticket to be nominated this year were a long one Mr. MARTIN might hope, with this solid phalanx, to do some profitable trading, but it is altogether likely that the splendid compliment paid him by the city of his adoption will avail but little at Jefferson City next Wednesday. Reports from the State indicate that enough counties have already instructed for SHERWOOD to secure his renomination on the first ballot. If this be the case the splendid work done in this city on Saturday last and the fine generalship will have to count as labor performed "*pour le Roi de Prusse.*" It is saddening, but such is political life in the Far West.

IN one of the wards on Saturday last a policeman interfered with a man who was delivering SHERWOOD tickets and compelled him to move on. Immediately afterward he refused to apply the same rules of etiquette to a peddler of MARTIN tickets who was violating the proprieties of the occasion. When remonstrated with for his unjust and partial action he said that he had received his orders from his Sergeant of Police. The Sergeant, on being called, denied this and then the man admitted that he had received his instructions from DAN KERWIN, the Chief of the Police Board. It can be proven that in another instance on Saturday a policeman followed a man fully two blocks and begged him to vote for MARTIN delegates. The Metropolitan Police Law positively prohibits the interference of the police in politics, and yet DAN KERWIN, acting under secret orders from CRITTENDEN, placed the entire force of the city at the service of the supporters of ALEX. MARTIN on Saturday last. The convention should refuse to seat delegates elected by the police, and the Legislature should add CRITTENDEN'S violation of the law to the numerous counts in the impeachment indictment.

THE *Globe Democrat* has suddenly taken a notion that it can wipe out the picture the Republican organs have been painting of the Democratic party for the last twenty-five years. In lieu of the "whisky party," bunged eyes and carbuncled nose, the *G.-D.* now presents the Democracy of Missouri to the gaze of its astonished readers as an abstemious high-moral organization, with a mission to put down the liquor traffic and every manner of sin. For the first time *G. D.* seems to regard those banner Republican States, Iowa and Kansas, as Democratic States, and their Prohibition policy as imposed on them by their Democratic voters, who have not been able to elect a constable in either State since the war.

WE are pleased to observe that the *Globe-Democrat* is taking an interest in the Prohibition question. It has demonstrated that the Democratic party of Missouri is a temperance party and it is at pains to notify the approaching Democratic State Convention that it will not be permitted to declare in its platform against sumptuary legislation. Now, let us know precisely where the great Republican organ stands on this issue. The POST-DISPATCH has defined its position. Is the *Globe-Democrat* in favor of Prohibition and does it favor committing the Republican party of Missouri to the Prohibition policy? R.S.V.P.

AFTER spending several thousand dollars in the Fouth District getting up calls on himself to run for Congress, Col. JEEMES N. BURNES has graciously consented to make the race. This condescension will delight the marines when they hear of it. Some of the signers to the Colonel's calls must feel like the little man at the mass-meeting who kept shouting for HODGE to address the crowd. "Stop your noise," said a bystander to the vociferous little man, "that's HODGE speaking now." "Oh, no, I reckon not," was the response, "that's the man that told me to holler for HODGE."

THERE is no man in the State who employs such sulphurous profanity when speaking of Gov. CRITTENDEN, LL. D., as H. MARTIN WILLIAMS, the great financial *doctrinnaire*. His oaths at times are really Gothic in their majesty, and yet we find Mr. WILLIAMS' name signed to the pathetic call upon the Governor to appear in Warrensburg to-day and defend his reputation. If it were not that we suspect that WILLIAMS signed this petition with the idea that it would afford a short and ready means of breaking the Governor's feeble political neck we would hereafter renounce professional politicians and all their works.

DUELING in the South, when there is a young lady in the case, is far more earnest and fatal than where the meeting grows out of politics. The fatal duel between two young gallants in Virginia a few days ago was quickly followed last Saturday in Texas by the killing of O. FELLOWS by J. MCLANE in a duel growing out of the fact that they were both in love with the same girl. A young woman capable of making a "mash" on two Southern fellows at once is as deadly as a toy pistol.

THERE is evidently a little syndicate forming to put an end to the letting of the State printing to the lowest bidder. Indications that the *Republican* is to have a finger in the subsequent pie are beginning to crop out. The reproduction of the able screed from the Sedalia *Democrat* this morning in reference to the division of hide and tallow is significant—extremely significant.

IT seems that the *Republican* crowd has lost its cunning in the management of ward primaries. Col. GRIFF. PRATHER was not even able to elect himself a delegate to the State Convention on Saturday last. If he secures a proxy he may still go to the front, though, and hoist his standard as a candidate for the bossship of the State Central Committee.

Have you read the Want columns?

PERSONAL.

—The blows of Sullivan are reckoned by Mr. Wilson as so many pounds sterling.

—Representative Stephens has many namesakes in Georgia even among girls.

—The four officers of the Austrian Army highest in command in Bosnia are Irishmen.

Miss FOX, who sues Mr. Low, of New Orleans, for breaking his promise to marry her, places the damage at $1.

—Arabi Bey has cut off the water supply of Alexandria. Arabi Bey acts as if he thought Alexandria was in Kentucky.

—Mrs. A. S. Platt, a wealthy widow of San Francisco, who has been traveling with Mrs. "Bonanza" Mackay, died while crossing the plains, homeward bound, a few days ago.

—The Sultan recently presented Lew Wallace, American Minister, with a beautiful Turkish girl; and the Elmira Free Press says the next Eastern war will probably be begun by Mrs. Wallace.

—Nothing bothers a country editor so much as to have a murder committed in town by a tramp, and find he has no cut of a patent medicine doctor available for use as a picture of the murderer.—[Boston Post.

—Both Rochefort and Gambetta are said to have been purchasing a great deal of real estate in Paris recently. They are probably getting it together so that they can give it to the poor.

—Ex-Senator Conkling attracted much attention in the New York Supreme Court last week. He was clad faultlessly, was in the full glow of health and seemed to be at his best. Crowds flocked to the court-room to hear his argument. He is said to be a changed man, striving to win where two years ago he gave rebuff.

—Theodore Uhe, a highly-connected young Dane, who recently came to this country and secured a position as book-keeper for a Brooklyn lumber merchant, has been discovered to be a defaulter, his crime being caused by betting on horse-races. Foreigners who think they can come to this country and beat Americans at our National game should paste this item on the walls of their cell.

—Rev. Dr. Henry J. Morgan, who for fifty-two years has been rector of the St. James' Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, is, with the single exception of Rev. Dr. Shelton, of St. Paul's, Buffalo, the only clergyman of that church in this country who has had so long a continuous service in one parish. He succeeded Bishop White upon the election of the latter to the episcopate, and the church has only the two rectors in eighty-two years.

Have you read the Want columns?

MISSOURI POLITICS.

Hatch still seems to have it all his own way in the First District.

The Greene county Democrats instructed for Heffernan in the Thirteenth District.

The nomination of Buckner in the Seventh and Bland in the Eleventh for re-election seems to be assured.

A new organization, calling themselves the "United Tax-Payers," have put a ticket in the field for the Ray county offices.

The Columbia Herald reads Dan Voorhees out of the party for disowning "the immoral Democratic doctrine of free trade."

The State Journal, Republican: The agitation of the prohibition question even is not wanted in Missouri, and the Republicans of this section are opposed to having it made an issue at the polls in any shape.

Rothwell appears to be in the lead for the Democratic nomination in the Second District. Gen. B. M. Prentiss has authorized the statement that he will, under no circumstances, accept the Republican nomination.

The middle and upper counties of the Third District are nearly united on Dockery for the Democratic nomination, but if Clay and Ray unite on Woodson, or any other man from their end of the district, they have the votes to nominate him.

Maysville Register: The inefficiency of prohibitory laws is illustrated by the state of affairs now existing in Cameron. While there last Tuesday, we saw more drunken men than we ever saw there during the time that all of the saloons were running.

The Osceola Sun (Dem): The farmers of St. Clair county take a lively interest in free trade, and woe be to the man or platform that declares in favor of further fostering the thieving monopolies of New England under the garb of protection to American industry.

State Journal, (Rep:) The Republican masses are in favor of a State convention, and we understand they have started a call for one. Their State committee has refused to act, but they are determined the will of the party shall not be thereby thwarted.

The Springfield Patriot (Rep.) says: The Republican Congressional Convention will be held in this city next Thursday. It will nominate a straight Republican, and one who will make the race. There will be no withdrawal in the midst of the campaign as there was two years ago.

In the Fifth District Franklin has two-thirds of the Jackson county delegates to the Democratic Convention, and if they unite on him the solid vote of Jackson in convention suffices to nominate. But several dark horses in Jackson are negotiating with the delegations of the other two counties.

Col. More, of Boone, sustains a pretty hot fire in the rear from his own county, and finds that his chance of displacing so popular a representative as Gen. John S. Clarke, in the Sixth District, is not so bright as it was. Clarke is a second choice of all the counties that have instructed for their own "favorite sons."

The Greenbackers will stand by Ford in the Fourth District, as they stood by Hazeltine for re-election in the Thirteenth. But in the Fourth District also the Republicans will throw Ford overboard and nominate a candidate of their own. Col. James N. Burnes is evidently "bossing" the management of all three of the parties up that way.

Nodaway Democrat: It is amusing to see how solid the St. Joe papers are getting for Jim Burns for Congress. Two of these papers last spring, during the municipal campaign, made Burns out one of the most corrupt men in the State, and now they think he is just the man who should represent this district in Congress. Can it be that the Colonel has tapped his "bar'l" this early in the campaign?

Have you read the Want columns?

The Superintendency of the Schools.

GRANT CITY, MO., July 21.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of the 18th inst. I notice a very characteristic letter from Hon. J. W. Wright, candidate for Superintendent of Schools, which I desire to notice briefly. In his communication he lays special stress upon the fact that he opposed what is known as the revised school bill during the sitting of the last Legislature, and concludes with the statement that to have adopted it would, in his opinion, have proved disastrous. Now, I was a member of the committee that reported the bill back to the House, and if ever a bill was thoroughly scrutinized in every particular it was that identical one. It was the aim of the committee to so perfect the bill that none but an enemy to a liberal and progressive public school system could object to its salutary provisions. But Dr. Wright opposed it, despite the fact that he was liberal enough to vote one-third of the State's revenue to the public schools. When the Doctor made the "greatest effort of his life" in advocating the proposition to set apart one-third of the revenue for public schools, I was impressed with the belief that St. Clair county would furnish a candidate for Superintendent of Schools. The Doctor also cites the reader to the statement that "a large majority of the Legislature thought as he did on the question of adopting the school bill reported from the Committee on Education." The statement is not warranted by the facts. On a motion to "indefinitely postpone" the bill there were 65 ayes and 61 noes. See House Journal, page 623. It was confidently believed by the friends of the bill that it would have passed the House had there not been so many absentees. If the Doctor thinks he is making friends by parading his opposition to the school bill before the public, I can assure him that he is badly mistaken so far as the Northwest is concerned. Instead of benefiting him it should defeat him.

Respectfully, E. S. GARVER.

Have you read the Want columns?

The Bicycle Nuisance.

ST. LOUIS, July 24, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I find in one of the morning papers to-day this local paragraph:

A boy riding on a bicycle scared the horse of Dr. A. C. Robinson yesterday afternoon while standing hitched to a buggy in front of the Doctor's residence, at 1827 Papin street. The horse ran away and damaged the buggy to the amount of $125 before it was caught.

Now, I am as liberal in my notions as any man in the world, and I certainly sympathize with the young men who find pleasure in riding about the streets and parks on bicycles, but I must insist that their pastime is a nuisance and a constant source of danger to the public. Not a day passes that some horse is not inclined to run away by the sight of one or more of these phantom gawks pumping his spindle shanks up and down on a six-foot carriage wheel. If the devil had been given a license to invent a machine for the express purpose of frightening sensible horses, he could not have devised a more potent instrument than this hideous bicycle. I wouldn't own a horse that wouldn't get scared at one of them. I think it is about time for the gentlemen of the city who occasionally drive in the parks to combine against these human straddle bugs, and abolish them from the parks and roadways. It is hardly worth while to have a lot of vehicles smashed and live endangered here every week for the simple gratification of a gang of mutton-headed boys, any one of whom, if asked by a father to wheel a load of firewood up from the woodshed, would probably take a gun and chase the ribald sire into the river.

TALLY-HO JAKE.

Have you read the Want columns?

The Street Car Smoker.

ST. LOUIS, July 24, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Unless I get reinforcements I shall have to retreat. For between the indulgence of the street car conductors and the increase of front platform smokers I fear that good breeding and good manners will suffer an inglorious defeat unless reinforced with prohibitory orders from President Walsh. Who will allow us to ask him this simple question: Would any person be permitted to smoke a good cigar anywhere on the inside of the car? If not, then why are persons permitted to smoke on the front platform with the windows down and the front door wide open?

J. F. BASSETT.

Have you read the Want columns?

St. Louis Elevator Capacity.

ST. LOUIS, July 21, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please give capacity of our St. Louis and East St. Louis elevators. By capacity I mean not their estimated but their actual capacity as tested by their largest reports at any one time.

F. M. MCGINNIS.

[Since December, 1882, and January, 1881, when the estimated capacity of St. Louis elevators was put at 4,950,000 bushels and the stock of all grain was fully that large, the elevators have not received or held in store at any one time enough grain to actually show their storage capacity.—ED. P. D.

Have you read the Want columns?

Georgia Dialect Indorsed.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The editor of the St. Louis POST DISPATCH gives editorial sanction to the use of the brilliant word "oodles." This gratifies us. In fact, when we see our native Georgia dialect making its way in this, we feel like the tortoise-shell thomascat when he leans his rigid back against the no less rigid bed-post and marks time.

Have you read the Want columns?

Our Fool Admiral.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Having spoken his mind like a foolish man, and done as he pleased very imprudently, and spluttered around and in Alexandria very ridiculously, Admiral Nicholson has heaped about all the honors on the American Navy that the navy is able to bear at the present time, and now he ought to be called in.

TELEPHONE branch offices of the POST-DISPATCH for the convenience of want advertisers are in successful operation. See list at head of paper.

Don Cameron Too Small.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Beaver's idea of a boss would doubtless be Mr. John L. Sullivan, the prize-fighter. Cameron is such a little man—physically, of course—for such a big place.

Have you read the Want columns?

Of Some Practical Use.

From the Cincinnati Times-Star.

Even the Apache Indians were created for a purpose. They recently killed a Congressman down in Mexico.

ADVERTISE your wants for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

A Good Platform.

From the New York Sun.

The Internal Revenue Department ought to be abolished.

Have you read the Want columns?

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, St. Louis, July 22, 1882.—To Messrs. Mermod, Jaccard & Co.: I have this day received from the port of New York an immediate transportation entry of merchandise as follows, consigned (in bond) to your address:

ONE CASE PRECIOUS STONES,
exported "Mosel" July 17. Please prepare and present your entry on receipt of this notice. Very respectfully,

GUSTAVUS ST. GEM,
Surveyor and Acting Collector.

The above imported diamonds and Golconda garnets will be placed on sale Monday morning at a slight advance on importation cost, and which, in connection with our previous importations, offer a superb stock from which to select. We shall be pleased to receive a call from all interested.

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
Corner of Fourth and Locust streets.

Have you read the Want columns?

READ the list of telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH and avail yourself of this convenience.

JUST ARRIVED!

Brussels, Tapestry-Brussels, 2-Ply, 3-Ply and other Carpets; the handsomest assortment in town. A large selection of Velvet Body and Tapestry Brussels, the newest designs. All to be sold at slaughtering prices.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SELECTION OF

CARPETS. CARPETS.

HENRY McNICHOLS

NOS. 1022 AND 1024 MARKET STREET.

Take a look, also, at the grand assortment of Furniture, Stoves, Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators and Ice Chests. In this assortment you find the newest and most magnificent styles, the most elegant patterns and at same time the largest selection of any house in the city. New Goods are arriving daily and we guarantee lower prices than any other first-class house in St. Louis. We have a complete stock of the finest Furniture made, and it is to the interest of anybody who contemplates purchasing anything in our line to give us a call and inspect our immense stock before buying elsewhere. We buy for cash and endeavor to satisfy our customers in every particular. Goods are sold for cash and on monthly installments. We offer a grand assortment of pictures, steel engravings and picture frames at the lowest prices. All are invited to visit our mammoth establishment and convince themselves that we have the largest stock, the most desirable goods and the handsomest patterns in the city. Fair dealing and low prices is our motto.

HENRY McNICHOLS, 1022 and 1024 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

JUST ARRIVED!

Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, 2-Ply, 3-Ply and other Carpets; the handsomest assortment in town. A large selection of Velvet Body and Tapestry Brussels, the newest designs. All to be sold at slaughtering prices.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Arthur as a Sphinx—Life at the White House — Congress and Its Dreary Work.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The Kellogg part of the Star Route fizzle is still before the public of Washington, and the latest development, given for what it is worth, is that Senator Kellogg, when the Walsh revelation was sprung upon him, jumped into a carriage, drove to the White House and offered the President the alternative of instructing Mr. Bliss to see that nobody got hurt or else he would resign and leave the Senate in the hands of the Democrats, adding that he did not mean it as a threat, when what else it was the most vivid imagination cannot conjure up. This is an exceedingly probable story, except the manner of its getting out. Certainly the President didn't disclose it, and it seems still more wonderful if the Senator did. But Washington really seems a vast whispering gallery—things are circulated that the only doubt about them is how on earth they ever got out; but somebody is always fool enough to give himself away. There seems something in the political atmosphere here that compels a man to tell damaging things about himself, just as a murderer is impelled to return to the scene of his crime. A detective not long ago declared that of fifty criminals who were caught forty-nine could have escaped if they had held their tongues. Who knows but the Senator could not hold his. But the President has ably demonstrated his power of reticense, and it is a subject of common remark in Washington that no man ever kept his own counsel so completly without offending others as President Arthur. He seems to know just what and whom to tell all those little private affairs that most men chatter about without a second thought. As for the President's summer plans, it has become a veteran joke, and the various summer resorts at which he has prospectively turned up are like the far apart spots at which Charley Ross is periodically discovered. Except a few hot days, this has been a remarkable summer in Washington, and there has been no climatic reason for the President leaving town. The miasma from the Potomac flats, although prevailing all the year round, are made virulent by spells of intensely hot or rainy weather, both of which we have escaped so far. The President's little daughter Nellie is now with him, and has a young school friend and relative with her, Miss Nellie Botts, of Savannah. The two little girls appear to have the jolliest kind of a time racing up and down the broad corridors and playing romping, childish games in the solemn old house. For it is a solemn old house, and this is not a frivolous administration either. Everything is done in the extremity of decency and in order.

President Barrios arrived this morning and was escorted to his rooms at the Arlington, the same suite used by the Grand Duke Alexis during his visit to Washington. They are on the ground floor and magnificently furnished, the drawing-room in pale blue being particularly handsome. The persons accompanying President Barrios are quartered in the annex of the Arlington, having among others the suite of rooms occupied by King Kalakaua on both his visits to this country. President Arthur will receive him on Friday.

The news of the death of Senator Edmunds' daughter was received with much regret here. She was an interesting girl and her delicate health was borne uncomplainingly. She was carried from place to place, having recently been taken to Atlantic City, N. J., but consumption had developed itself more than a year ago. Senator Edmunds will not return during the present session.

There is a probability that the Garfield home on the corner of Thirteenth and I streets will be sold to a committee of Ohioans to be used as a kind of political and social headquarters. Gen. Garfield valued the property at $15,000, but Mrs. Garfield has written a letter saying that she will take $15,000 for it, and will restore the library to the same condition in which it stood during Gen. Garfield's life. The house has considerable furniture in it, but little having been removed when the family gave up its occupancy. It has looked inexpressibly forlorn and silent since it has been closed, and it will be a relief to the eye to have it once more inhabited. Ex-Senator B. Gratz Brown is in Washington for the first time in fifteen years, and fifteen years is a century in this kaleidoscopic place. Of the Senators who served with him but three are still in the Senate chamber—Anthony, Sherman and Edmunds.

Congress is getting through its work tolerably fast, although they still occasionally stop to dawdle for a day or so by the way whenever they have a chance. The Democrats who are personally interested in the contested election cases have shown remarkable philosophy under the turning out process, perhaps in view of a near election, in which every one has announced his purpose to be a candidate. Mr. Tillman from South Carolina made a very amusing speech upon the announcement that he had to make way for Mr. Smalls, and had the whole House laughing over his good-natured arraignment of the means by which he had been unseated. Old Keifer, as usual, put his foot in it, and had to stand being lectured, to which he is accustomed. There is much talk of adjournment, but it seems as far off as six weeks ago. The bad condition of the fences of the members will probably be the thing that will force them to adjourn in order to repair the broken rails and restore the stolen ones. If the five hundred thousand dollars appropriated for the Potomac, tacked on to the river and harbor bill, fails to pass Congress will have to run for its life. The improvement of the harbor of Washington seems to be the last subject on which the law-makers seem to concern themselves, although Hanlan in his racing shell would get aground in trying to get in or out. Besides the President's stick in the mud, during the hottest day of the season, in Mr. Bennett's yacht, Secretary Chandler and Commodore Walker took a party down the river on Saturday evening in the Government steamer Speedwell and went aground twice. However, the Potomac River, as it is, is the mall, the boulevard, the Rotton Row, the Central Park of Washington. The three boat clubs, the Analostans, the Potomacs and the Columbias, count every man in Washington in one or the other of them, and from May until October the river is alive with boats every afternoon. Excursions, that final form of torture, are even popular, and it makes a sensitive spirit, that hates crowds and loud talk and freedom and easiness to any great extent, shudder at the daily list of people who go upon these dreadful parties. One afternoon this week an excursion went down the river for a shell race between amateurs. In spite of the threatening weather four shells put out, every one of which was capsized, and one of the oarsmen came very near drowning. But these trivial incidents are not allowed to operate against the prevailing taste.

DI VERNON.

TRY a ten cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

A Spokane Indian killed a white physician in the Klamath Reservation, Oregon, because the physician failed to cure his sick son.

John Mitchell, 23 years of age, was accidentally struck by a base-ball bat in Christian county, Mo., on Saturday, and killed.

Saturday evening, near Industry, Kas., Wm. Buel and Robert Fleming, who were riding from a field in a header box, were struck and killed by lightning.

Charles Smith, supposed to be from St. Louis, who was injured on the railroad, near Chatham, last Friday night, died at St. John's Hospital, Springfield, on Sunday morning.

At Bluffton, Montgomery county, Mo., on Friday night, Frank Fisher was fatally stabbed in a fight in a saloon kept by a man named Drilling, by a young man named Jos. Keefer.

The bodies of three American prospectors have been found near San Antoulo, in the Sonora Valley. It is thought the men were murdered by Mexicans, who were found working their mine.

Jeremiah Mahoney, for many years a teacher in the public schools of Chicago, and a ready and caustic writer, chiefly on educational topics, committed suicide on Saturday. Despondency is said to be the cause.

Two freight trains on the Chicago and Alton Railroad collided near Bloomington, Ill., on Sunday morning. The engineer, a young man named Eli Fisher, was instantly killed, his body being terribly mangled.

Three American seamen brutally attacked a Chinaman in a disreputable house at Ningpo Chingpo, China, on the night of June 13, and, in consequence, a general uprising of natives against foreign residents is feared.

Fred C. Andrews, first mate of the American ship Alfred D. Snow, was arrested in San Francisco on Sunday, charged with brutal cruelty toward a sailor named Evan McDougall. Andrews claims that McDougall constantly incited a mutiny among the crew.

*WE are persuaded that the ancient Hermes, with all the subtle art and natural resources of the Alchemists, was a very poor doctor compared with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass. Hermes may have been after all only a clever practitioner of the Black Art, but we know there is no humbug in the pharmaceutical chemistry of Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

MISSOURI CROPS.

Dr. Boles of Jasper county had 90 acres in wheat which threshed 40 bushels to the acre.

Mr. McDaniel, a farmer near Carthage, has threshed a field of wheat which averaged 60 bushels to the acre.

The wheat crop in Clinton averages about twenty-five bushels per acre. The hay crop is excellent, and the prospects for corn splendid.

The tobacco in Central Missouri is growing finely, and if no disaster overtakes it between this and cutting time it will be one of the best crops raised for several years.

The farmers of Cooper, Howard and some other counties, are compelled to harvest day and night, employing two sets of hands, to save their immense wheat crops.

Carthage Banner: Mr. D. D. Owen, of Garden Dell, reports Stephen Hendricks' Mediterranean wheat crop yielding over 400 bushels from eleven acres of ground, threshed on the 5th inst.

This year's wheat crop of Missouri is threshing out a higher average than any State this side of the Pacific Coast has ever yielded, and the other cereals promise an average as much in excess of former years.

Slater Index: It is estimated that the threshing machines now in Saline county could have threshed the crop of 1881 in two days, and that they will have at least two months' work with the present crop.

Carthage Patriot: We are told that a farmer living in Union township has cut 65 acres of wheat that, when threshed, made forty-three bushels to the acre. That is what might be called "pay dirt" on that farm.

The Jackson Cash-Book gives this account of the threshing in Cape Girardeau: "The Cape County Mills threshed about 1,350 bushels from 65 acres. John H. Jenkins threshed 1,900 bushels from 95 acres. August Henecke threshed 1,561 bushels from 75 acres. Mrs. Rose threshed 1,021 bushels from 45 acres. Col. H. H. M. Williams gets about 1,700 bushels from — acres. A. R. Byrd realized 856 bushels from 35 acres of land that has been in cultivation 65 years. Fred Yoder threshed 317 bushels from 13 acres, an average of something over 24 bushels per acre."

CITY NEWS.

The annual picnic of the Irish Nationalists was held at Concordia Park yesterday. The attendance was not large and the programme for the day lacked former attractions.

The new high altar at the Catholic Church of St. Anthony of Padua, Stringtown road, was blessed yesterday by the Vicar General with appropriate ceremonies, in the presence of a large congregation.

The feast of St. Vincent de Paul was celebrated yesterday, and in the evening the relief society of that name met at Sodality Hall in quarterly session. The receipts have been $3,670 29 and the expenditures $2,634 64.

The German Catholic Church of St. Boniface, Fourth street, Carondelet, was reopened yesterday after complete renovation. Father Neu preached an appropriate sermon and there was a large gathering of clergy and laity at high mass.

Albert Medart, a young lad residing at 1409 O'Fallon street, went out with a fishing party yesterday and lost his life in Chouteau's Slough. The accident arose from a leaky boat. Joseph Saure, a companion, made a desperate effort to save Medart after the boat had capsized.

Chas. Curry, a painter, who killed a man named Prettyman on Pine street about a year since because the latter objected to his flirting with his daughter, fell yesterday, under the influence of liquor, from the roof of a disreputable house on North Eleventh street. He was seriously injured in the back.

READ the list of telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH and avail yourself of this convenience.

CRITTENDEN AT HOME.

Warrensburg Receives Bob Pate's Governor Without Any Honors.

His Chief Enemy Elected as a Delegate —Crittenden Rather in a Quandary—The Expected Vindication a Fizzle From the Start.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WARRENSBURG, July 24. — Preparations for the Crittenden hurrah are progressing slowly, and the Governor's friends are in grave doubts here as to what they are going to do. Gov. Crittenden arrived last night, accompanied by his wife and two children.

As the train carrying your correspondent arrived at the capital at noon yesterday a negro trusty, from the Penitentiary, wearing the regulation striped pantaloons, approached, loaded down with baggage. He was soon followed by Crittenden and his family, who boarded the train. On the way to Warrensburg Crittenden exhibited himself at every station on the platform, but was not received with any demonstration or notice. At Sedalia John T. Crisp got aboard and Col. John Edwards, of the Sedalia Democrat, stepped aboard, both shaking the Doctor of Laws very cordially by the hand Edwards asked about the demonstration today at this place and Crittenden smiled and said: "Yes, I think there will be considerable people in town to-morrow." When the Governor arrived at Warrensburg at 6 o'clock last night he seemed very nervous as to how he would be received. There was nothing to scare him, however, the crowd at the depot receiving him very quietly AND WITHOUT APPEARING TO NOTICE HIM.

A surprise was in store for him which he had not yet heard of and which has delayed the programme of the celebration to-day. It appears that, although Warrensburg is the Governor's home, the people are not at all wild to indorse him. When he arrived at the depot a couple of his friends gathered around him and told him that Warrensburg township had elected a solid delegation to the convention, with Mr. Brinker, the Prosecuting Attorney, at the head of the list. Brinker is the man who spoke his mind so freely about Crittenden in the Warrensburg interview published in the POST DISPATCH, and the friends of the Governor here were loud in their predictions that this action would kill Brinker dead. It has resulted, however, in placing him at the head of the delegation from this township to the convention which meets here to-morrow. This was a black eye to Crittenden which his loyal followers did not look for. They expected that Brinker would be rudely rebuked for his attack on the Governor, and are much set back by the turn affairs have taken. Consequently last night and this morning they indulged in little talk about the demonstration.

Crittenden concluded to await the assembly of the convention, to discover just what it will be composed of. If the other parts of the district imitated the example of his old home, and put his enemies in as delegates, it is probable that he will scarcely make a speech at all, and that he will get back to the capital as he can. Surmises as to the action of the Congressional Convention in regard to its nominations were very general to-day. It was generally conceded that there will be four candidates of any importance, Franklin, of Jackson county, Graves, of Lexington, Lafayette county, and Nickerson, of this, Johnson county. It was further declared by those who knew that Franklin would have a walk-over, a though Nickerson showed good strength in this county. The Governor has been received in a most curious way. Groups on the street salute him as he passes, and when his back is turned somebody makes a reference to the Finney letter and all laugh heartily. The buckeye story has become very popular and is the cause of much ridicule directed against the learned Doctor. The call for him to come here and speak is laughed at by all those who are posted. "You know how these things are gotten up," said a a prominent citizen of Warrensburg, to your correspondent. "Finn Farr's brother got it up and a great many signed it who are enemies of the Governor. They were willing enough to hear him speak and anxiously to see what defense he could make for the idiotic course he has pursued."

IT IS NOT AN INDORSEMENT IN ANY SENSE.

Men's names are signed to it who never were consulted about the matter. It is a bit of Private Secretary Finn Farr's finesse, and deceives nobody at all. Farr wrote from the capital Crittenden's suggestion and had the whole thing fixed up and the invitation arranged for him. When he got here, he found Brinker and his enemies in power, and as soon to-day the Governor was in doubt as to what speech he should make, or whether he should make one at all.

A Crittenden story, credited to Dawson, of New Madrid, is being told here with considerable effect to-day. When New Madrid was visited by an earthquake it will be remembered that a fund was raised for the destitute and that Crittenden was made treasurer of it. When Brownsville suffered from the cyclone the New Madrid people wrote to Crittenden and said that they were now nearly out of trouble he might donate $100 of their money to Brownsville. The next Sunday a collection was taken up in church, and Crittenden stood up and announced that he would give $1.60, never mentioning the source from which it came.

IT IS ONLY LATELY

New Madrid people have discovered the trick, and they are said to be very wild over it. The prospects for a lively time at the Crittenden speech-making are very good. If the Governor does not observe perfect neutrality, and if he attempts to defend his cause in any way, several men are ready to answer him, and the fun will be rich and racy.

F. X. Wagner, a restaurant keeper and one of the signers of the call, said to-day, "I signed it because I want to bring a big crowd here and feed them. I'll make the money, don't you see." The meeting is looked upon as a big picnic. The town will make the money, and the Governor is being used as a pienomenon to bring the crowd. This is the principal view taken of the meeting. A circus is being expected and everybody has been anxious all day to see the lion. Crittenden is simply furnishing himself to the side show as an attraction, and as he performs without pay, the managers cannot lose and have all they can make as profit.

A FLAT FAILURE.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WARRENSBURG, MO., July 24.—The jubilee for Crittenden is proving a flat failure, and the crowds the restaurant men and drug store keepers who sell whisky expected are not pouring in, and the circus will not be large. The Governor passed the night at John Cockrell's house, and got up early this morning and wrote his speech, but it was not finished at the time, for the Governor does not yet know what kind of talk to make. He sat in front of a hardware store all the morning, but had few attendants at the levee. The Governor talked about the crops and the babies and other State questions and called everybody Bill and Joe. He is chagrined because the turnout is not big. People here pretend to like him personally because he talks crops and babies, but his course is condemned on all sides, and he passed all day but the admission would not come. Friends of his are making great effort to work a demonstration, but are not succeeding, and the people see they have made a mistake in thinking that Crittenden would bring as large a crowd to the town as a circus. A number of boys playing in the street afforded the Governor a good subject and he delivered a learned address on Missouri as a pork-raising State. The probability at noon is that if Crittenden attempts to dispute any of Brinker's statements about him, Brinker will reply or interrupt, and then the fun will begin.

SMALL annoyances in life are vanishing through scientific discovery. In his Skin Cure, Dr. C. W. Benson, of Baltimore, Md., has created a perfect remedy for tetter, eruptions and scurf on the face or scalp. Every person using it will have a clear countenance.

THE telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH are for the convenience of want advertisers. See the list at head of paper.

SECRETIVE SHERWOOD.

He Declines to Allow Reporters to be Present at the Clemeats Hearing.

The decision of Judge Thompson, of the Court of Appeals, on Saturday evening, remanding the Clements child to Dr. Ratledge, does not appear to have finally disposed of the conflict for possession. The Catholic Orphan Board was not willing to abide by this decision, and its attorney, Edmond A. B. Garesche, at once set about further proceedings in the court to recover the child. In the Probate Court a motion was filed seeking the appointment of a guardian on the ground of the incompetency of its mother. Mr. Garesche produced the mother in court, Mrs. Sallie D. Clements, and offered to show that she was not a fit and proper person to have care of the boy, who is a particularly bright, interesting little fellow of five years. The name of James H. Pasmore, assistant to the Catholic Orphan Asylum's Board, was suggested for guardian. Judge Woerner's attention, however, was called to the fact that the contrversy in the shape of a habeas corpus proceeding for possession of the child had been determined only half an hour previously by Judge Thompson, and that he had ordered the child to remain in the custody of Dr. Ratledge, the adopted parent. In that case the Probate Judge required notice to be served on Dr. Ratledge to appear in court and state whether he had any objection to the appointment of a guardian. The Ratledge family appeared in the Probate Court this morning, represented by Mr. Brockenbrough with the view of opposing the appointment of a guardian. It was contemplated that the rights of the adoptive father, Dr. Ratledge, had already been established and determined, and that the Court of Appeals Judge had issued an order which disposed of the matter in favor of Dr. Ratledge, who thus stood in the relation of a fit and proper guardian for the child. Judge Woerner laid the matter over for hearing later in the day. Mr. Garesche likewise made an effort for recovery of the child in another direction by applying to Judge Sherwood of the Supreme Court for a writ of habeas corpus. The Judge, who is in town at this time, ordered the writ to issue, returnable this morning at the Court-house. He put in an appearance at 10 o'clock at the circuit Clerk's office, and after shaking hands with the attorneys and officials gathered around sought the use of the Circuit Judge's chamber for the preliminary hearing. He declined the use of the Court of Appeals, and instructed the attorneys somewhat curtly to announce that no outside parties or reporters were wanted at the hearing. The door was locked against them in obedience to Judge Sherwood's order. Notwithstanding these precautions for secrecy it seems that little was said or done. Mr. Brockenbrough, for Dr. Ratledge, entered a motion to dismiss Judge Sherwood's writ on the ground of jurisdiction and the hearing was laid over until Friday. The child meanwhile remains with the Ratledge family, who are devotedly attached to it.

THE POST DISPATCH wants are more generally read than those of any paper in St. Louis.

Revenge on a Wife.

Catherine Gallery, living at No. 1025 North Seventh street, tried to slaughter Mrs. John Yotan, who lives on the opposite side of the street, yesterday afternoon. Kate had loved Mrs. Yotan's husband, and because she failed to ensnare him she has been seeking to injure his wife ever since their marriage. Yesterday the green eyed monster took possession of her, and she beckoned Mrs. Yotan to come over to her house The unsuspecting wife did as she was requested, thinking that a friendly bit of gossip would ensue. She was surprised when Kate drew forth from the fold of her dress a club which would make the average constable tremble to carry. People here pretend to like him personally because he talks crops and babies, but his course is condemned on all sides, and he passed all day but the admission would not come. Friends of his are making great effort to work a demonstration, but are not succeeding, and the people see they have made a mistake in thinking that Crittenden would bring as large a crowd to the town as a circus. A number of boys playing in the street afforded the Governor a good subject and he delivered a learned address on Missouri as a pork-raising State. The probability at noon is that if Crittenden attempts to dispute any of Brinker's statements about him, Brinker will reply or interrupt, and then the fun will begin.

DONT FAIL TO ATTEND

MABLEY'S

Great Slaughter Sale of Light and Medium Weight Goods.

A Special Feature This Week Will be Our Great Pantaloon Sale.

Seven hundred pairs of MEN'S and YOUTHS' PANTALOONS ,all choice styles, reduced in price from 20 to 25 Per Cent.

THOS. MABLEY, Fifth and Locust.

TELEPHONE branch offices of the POST DISPATCH for the convenience of want advertisers are in successful operation. See list at head of paper.

A BLAZE OF LIGHT

Will Illumine Our Thoroughfares During the Fair Week.

The splendors of Fair week this year promise to far outshine those of previous seasons. Not only will the procession of the Veiled Prophets be infinitely more gorgeous and imposing than last year's ceremonies, but the entire business portion of the city will this year don such attire as will make the week one long to be remembered. The time-honored custom of illuminating the fronts of business houses on every evening during the continuance of the Fair will be observed as usual, and the more recent fashion of decorating the buildings in the commercial center of the city with the now well-known colors of the Veiled Prophets will likewise be *en regle*, but in addition to these displays there will be other and newer attractions. The programme is gradually developing itself. Among other projects for making the city particularly attractive during the coming fall season is one for illuminating Washington avenue and Fourth and Fifth streets beautifully and brilliantly during Fair week. A number of public-spirited merchants have been quietly discussing this measure for some time. The result of their deliberations has been the appointment of a committee of arrangements. The committee is made up of representatives of such well known firms as Ely, Walker & Co., Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney, Crow, Harard & Co., the Simmons Hardware Company, J. Kennard & Sons Carpet Company, W. H. Gumersell & Co., Dodd, Brown & Co., Hamilton, Brown & Co., and others equally well known. The committee have called a meeting to take place to-morrow, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at the rooms of the Mercantile Club, at which the scheme will be further elaborated. It is intended to illuminate Fourth street and Fifth street from Washington avenue to Elm street, and Washington avenue from Tenth to Eleventh street, in the most brilliant manner possible. What the illuminating material will be has not yet been announced, but it is promised that the illumination will be the most brilliant that has ever taken place in this city. The display has ever been worthy of its city and of the generous citizens who will defray the expenses of it. Residents of this city who have visited the cities of New Orleans and Mobile during carnival season and have come with glowing accounts of the wonderful things they have seen will be gratified to learn that the gentlemen who have in hand the arrangements for the illumination intend to make the streets of St. Louis in every way as attractive as those of the two famous Southern cities during their annual holidays, and that their promises to this effect will be faithfully observed requires no further guaranty than their own statement. St. Louisans who have never had an opportunity of judging for themselves how magnificent an appearance the streets of other cities are made to have after nightfall at certain holiday seasons will be afforded at home a spectacle much more imposing than any which travelers have been treated to abroad. The display, in addition to the other attractions of the week, is expected to attract to the city the largest crowd ever gathered within its limits.

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Cady's Court.

In Judge Cady's court to-day the attention of the tribunal was directed principally to cases of assault and battery. There were a few matters disposed of besides the assessment of fines. Robert Harper was brought in on a charge of stealing some property from Charles E. Printz. Upon the request of the prisoner the case was continued until July 26.

George Francis, the man who has been in the habit of taking a horse and buggy and driving off for the purpose of stealing the harness, was examined. He pleaded guilty to petty larceny and was sentenced to nine months in the work house.

Fred. Archer, for assaulting Joseph Remeker, was fined $15 and costs.

Henry Palmer was fined $1 for cruelty to animals.

The case against Eugene Wolff for the seduction of Carrie Kingsick was nolle prosed, a compromise having been affected.

Henry Mack is charged with attempting to rape Hattie Marshall. His case was continued until August 1st.

Two little colored boys, Robert Murray and George Clark, were fined $5 each for stealing a hat from Charles Willhard.

TELEPHONE branch offices of the POST-DISPATCH for the convenience of want advertisers are in successful operation. See list at head of paper.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

"ALL ON ACCOUNT OF ELIZA."

To-night and every night at 8:30. FORD'S OPERA COMPANY, in

Billee Taylor; or, The Reward of Virtue.

Thursday—Gilbert and Sullivan's SORCERER.

In rehearsal—THE MERRY WAR.

Down-town ticket office, 517 Olive street.

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN.

TO-NIGHT, the Second Grand Concert of the Leipzic Conservatorium Lady Orchestra.

BRILLIANT ILLUMINATION.

Commencing at 8 p. m. Admission 25 cents.

CREVE CŒUR LAKE.

Sunday round trip tickets, 60c; week days, 75c. Music always on hand Trains leave on Sundays 8:10 a. m., 1:30 and 6:12 p. m.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ROSSMORE HOUSE.

SPEONK, LONG ISLAND.

Beautifully situated on the Shinnecock Bay. Being within a quarter of a mile of the ocean, superior facilities are afforded for still-water and surf bathing, boating, fishing, etc. Good stabling on the premises.

Board from $8 to $12 per week, according to location of room. Special rates to families.

Address H. M GREENE, 38 West Washington Square, New York.

Or E. W. GREENE, 21 South Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

Take L. I. R. R., foot of East Thirty-fourth street, or at Peck Slip.

WEST END HOTEL,

Cottages and Restaurant.

LONG BRANCH,

Will open for the season of 1882 on

SATURDAY, THE 17TH OF JUNE.

PRESBURY & HILDRETH.

KIRKWOOD HOTEL

KIRKWOOD, MO.

Is now open to the public. Surroundings cool and delightful. Sixteen trains daily. Dinner at 6 p. m.

LONG BEACH HOTEL,

LONG BEACH, L. I.

Forty-five minutes from New York, via L. I. R. R.

A magnificent resort for Western people. Finest, safest beach in America.

Schreiner's Famous Orchestra from Berlin, pronounced the best in this country.

This hotel has been completely remodeled with 200 additional rooms, cottage suites, parlors, bowling alleys, with fifty electric lights.

Special rates for families.

R. H. SOUTHGATE & CO.

Medical School for Women.

Anatomy, Physiology, Midwifery, Diseases of Women and Children taught practically at bedside in Maternity Hospital. Write for circulars. Dr. Wm. C. Richardson, Pres., 721 Chestnut st., St. Louis.

SUMMER delicacies, canned ox tongue, corned beef. St. Louis Beef Canning Comp'y, packers.

DIED.

MEDART—Died, by drowning, July 23, at 2 p. m., ALBERT J. MEDART, in his 17th year.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from their residence, 1409 O'Fallon street, on Tuesday, 25th inst., at 9:30 a. m.

PHILIP MEDART.
ELISE MEDART.

SWIFT—Died this morning, MARY A. SWIFT, nee Chevrillon, wife of W. H. Swift, in the 46th year of her age.

Funeral Wednesday, 26th inst., at 9 a. m., from residence, 2631 Eugenia street, to St. John's, Sixteenth and Chestnut streets, thence to Calvary.

HALPIN—July 24 at 3:30 a. m., ALICE, daughter of John and Johanna Halpin, aged 7 months and 21 days.

Funeral July 25, at 9:30 a. m., from family residence 2210 Sheridan avenue. Friends of the family are invited.

Telephone Offices St. Louis Post-Dispatch

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the "Post-Dispatch" at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
Jno. W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1737 Cass Avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton st.
Wm. E. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive St.
H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1560 Chouteau Ave.
J. M. Good, Druggist, 2348 Olive St.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2838 Washington Ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2618 Carondelet Ave.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . 621.
Editorial Rooms . . . . 501.

PERSONAL.

ALL cast-off clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 802 Locust st.

ALL cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

BUY THE WHITE. { At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. { valuable present. See ad- Buy the New Stewart. { vertisement, local.

FINE laundering, collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work. 20c per dozen. 609 Pine st., 312 Locust st. 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry.

GENTLEMAN of some means wishes to make the acquaintance of a young lady of refinement and good appearance. Ad. O. 48, this office. ml

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

EVERY amateur and professional artist should have Hazen's New System for Drawing and Enlarging Pictures. Sold only by Pettes & Leathe (Henry B. Pettes & Co., successors), importers and dealers in artists' materials, pictures and frames, 810 Olive st. 1

MITCHELL'S iBon-Bons, Chocolates, French fruit candies. 418 Olive st.

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritualist medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide for business. 1409 Morgan st. 54

MAD. SEIZ, midwife, 10 17 Chestnut st., receives ladies in house for confinement; those in trouble call or write confidentially. sl

PERSONAL—A young gentleman, stranger in this city, would like to obtain a lady correspondent with a view to acquaintance and amusement; blonde preferred. Ad. T. 75, this office. m5

PERSONAL—Revolution in sheet music. We are now selling the latest and most popular pieces of music, printed on good paper and full sheet music size, former price 30c to 75c, now selling for 5c or sent by mail for 6c. Send for July catalogue to Edward T. Jett, music dealer, 804 Olive.

PERSONAL—L. D.: Meet me to-night sure; halfpast 8, 11th and Washington av. O. Z. G. M.

PERSONAL—For Sale—Furniture of eight-room house, books, good new piano, fine front parlor set; all the furniture good as new. Further information at 2503 N. 10th st. m1

WANTED—To correspond with some young lady; must be between 16 and 21 years of age; blonde preferred. Ad. Will, Box 77, Paris, Ill. m1

BUSINESS CHANCES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

$3,000 WILL buy shoes, notions, fixtures and stock; furniture one of the best locations and cheapest rent in the city. Address E. 82, this office. m2

AN opening for a gentleman to canvass; the best of its kind; a teachable man, without experience, but possessing the requisite qualifications of push, address, tact and discretion, can be so directed that he can acquire a complete mastery of his profession and earn an income beyond his most sanguine expectations; a suitable party will be liberally dealt with from the outset. Address O. 6, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER with $2,000 to $3,000 to loan employer; good security and best business refs. req. A. 34, this office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

CALL and see our gasoline stoves, cheapest and best. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

FOR SALE—At 1318 N. 10th st., an ice cream restaurant, doing a good business; it is suitable for a lady or gentleman; reason for selling wants to go to the country on account of bad health; terms low. m6

FOR SALE—Saloon and fixtures, including one pool table, doing a good business; centrally located. E. 51, this office. f4

FOR SALE—Good business; small stock of goods, fixtures, oilcloth and carpet. Apply at 1725 Franklin av. f4

FOR SALE—A good saloon. S. w. cor. 2d and Monna st. 84

FOR SALE—First-class beer saloon on Franklin avenue, two pool tables; best stand in city for the business. D. H. Evens & Co., 407 N. 7th.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good machine shop with woodworking machinery, with good will of business; price $12,000. Ad. E. 81, t. o. s4

NEWSPAPER—In Central Illinois; Democratic; good office and business. Ad. O. K., care F. C. Wood, 224 Walnut. m4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GASOLINE stoves and fixtures at cost. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

A GOOD SPECULATION—For sale or trade, a lot of good personal property. 615 Pine st m5

BUY THE WHITE. { At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. { valuable present. See ad- Buy the New Stewart. { vertisement, local.

FOR SALE—1 large coffee mill, nickel plated, capable of grinding 1 lb per minute; can be seen at 8th and Franklin av. Apply to John G. Kaiser.

FOR SALE—An eight medium printing press, type, material, etc., cheap, for cash. Ad. C. 66, this office. m5

FOR SALE—Woodworking machinery; all in good running order. Ad. E. 53, this office. m5

FOR SALE—The leasehold at 2115 Biddle st.; brick cottage of 3 large rooms; large yard and good cistern; will be sold cheap. Inquire on premises.

FOR SALE—75 feet 1½ inch hose, two couplings and nozzle. H. Klayes, 2500 N. Market st., cor. W. 20th. m5

FOR SALE—Baby buggy, nearly new, uphol. all around; seats two children. Mrs. Brinkmeyer, 2000 N. Market st., cor. W. 20th. m5

FOR SALE—A small boiler and engine, suitable for running fans and lathe or two or three small printing presses. It is in perfect order and will be sold cheap. Ad. E. 68, this office. s5

FOR SALE—A No. 1 second-hand city truck, cheap. Thos Haggerty, 310 Washington av.

FOR SALE—Just arrived, fine mocking birds, and all kinds of birds for sale cheap at 409 S. 5th st., city. m5

PATENT on sinker and fish-hook holder; thousands have been sold. Ad. 1891, Smith, 1404 N. Main st., city. f5

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for sale at great bargains or for rent at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive street.

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID BARGAIN.—I offer for sale one of the best suburban residences in St. Louis county. House contains 10 splendid rooms, with gas throughout; cellar under entire house; furnace and water; wood, coal, buggy and carriage houses; cow stable; park and fish pond. Splendid gravel drive-way and walk. Five acres of land, heavily set in choice fruit and grapes. Only 11 miles from city, on a line of railroad, and three minutes' walk from depot. Price, $6,000. Cash required, $3,500. Address C. 80, this office. 18

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—The premises now occupied by Messrs. Paton & Klieger as a carriage manufactory on Chouteau avenue, between Third and Fourth street. Lot 65 feet on Chouteau avenue by 135 feet in depth, surrounded by a fifteen foot alley. Apply to Hill & Hammett, Temple Building, Room No. 1, N. W. corner Fifth and Walnut. 69

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

A GENTLE horse, no matter in what condition, but must be dirt cheap. Ad. E. 43 t. o. s13

SADDLE horse for lady to ride, for two months' use in country; reasonable compensation paid. Ad. T. 60, this office. l11

WANTED—Span of medium-sized mules, in age from five to eight years; cash paid if satisfactory, but must be moderate. B. 49, this office. m28

WANTED—To hire a top buggy or one-seated surrey in first-rate order for three weeks by a responsible party; state price demanded and address T. 71, this office. m11

For Sale.

A GOOD platform spring wagon, with pole and shafts; full panel; cheap. Ad. Weise & Co., 415 Spruce. 12

FOR SALE—A good horse, 7 years old, perfectly sound and not afraid of locomotives, suitable for barouche buggy or saddle; also a fine gentleman's driving-horse, 6 years old, perfectly sound and can trot in about 3:15. Can be seen at Park Stables, 1312 Washington av., for a few days.

FOR SALE—Horse and buggy, Clover Hill stable, 406 N 8th st. 112

FOR SALE, cheap, nearly new spring wagon; also fine, big gray horse, together or separate. Inquire at the Five-Mile House, Olive street road.

FOR SALE—One barouche. No. 3027 B'way. al2

FOR SALE—A first-class Timken spring-top buggy, canopy top phaeton, skeleton wagon, jump seat surrey. Gilbird's, 105 S 3d st. 12

FOR HIRE—Will hire to responsible party a fine pony and surrey for $1 per day. Address O. 37, this office. t26

HORSES FOR SALE—Four-year-old mare, with pedigree best in city; well broke; good action; 7-year-old blind horse. Call No. 2206 Carr st. ml4

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $10 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry A. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

522 WALNUT ST.—First-class rooms, all newly furnished. Southeast corner Congress Hall. Jas. Kelly, Proprietor. s13

608 MARKET ST. (Near business center)—Elegantly fur. rooms, by day, week or month.

623 AND 625 LOCUST ST.—Read's Commercial Rooms, nicely fur., large, light sample rooms. 46

1002 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished rooms, southern exposure; also hall room; quiet house. m13

1015 PINE ST.—Seven-room house, bath and water, cellar, front and rear yards; rent $30. Robbins, 117 N. 4th st. m14

1417 OLIVE ST.—Second floor for rent; two rooms furnished, or one unfurnished; southern exposure. m13

1525 OLIVE ST.—First floor saloon parlor; a very handsome, cool room. Also two other rooms, southern exposure, furnished; one large, the other small.

1526 PAPIN ST.—Nicely furnished front and back room with home comforts; small private family, with or without board; convenient to Union Depot. 113

1827-9 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly fur., or unfur. rooms for rent, also hall rooms with so. ex. t13

1952 AND 1954 CASS AV. FLATS—Two rooms and kitchen completely furnished for housekeeping; water in 51 chen. w13

2947 GAMBLE ST.—Two parlors furnished or unfurnished; south exp., with bath; in private family; also one furnished room on 2d fl.; prices reasonable. 13

A NICELY furnished second-story front room with board; best of ref. req. 2116 Clark av.

A NEWLY furnished, cool room for one or two gents, with use of bath, for rent. 1092 South Eighth st. w13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, with use of cellar and kitchen, to married couple; no children. 1828 N. 18th st. w13

FOR RENT—Newly furnished room, suitable for two gents. 1315 Pine st. m13

FOR RENT—Two elegant rooms; suitable for small family for housekeeping; No. 3739 Market st. Carr fun to the door.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, with use of parlor and kitchen, to married couple; no children. 1823 N. 10th st. m13

FOR RENT—A pleasant front room, second story, furnished or unfurnished, with board; suitable for two gents, or gent and wife. Apply at 3018 Dixon st. w13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished, cool and comfortable room; suitable for two gents; pri. fam.; ref. ex. 1627 Carr st. 13

FOR RENT—On Arsenal street, near Kinc's Highway, 4 blocks west of Tower Grove Park, a six-room, two-story frame house; new; stabling for three horses, carriage house, etc.; lot 80x160 deep. Ad. J. West, druggist at Insane Asylum. s14

FOR RENT—At Lafayette Park Hotel, two suites of furnished rooms, with bath.

FOR RENT—One elegantly fur. 2d floor; 3 large rooms; stationary washstands; warm and cold water; no. exp.; private family. 1909 (Carr Place) Wash st. 113

HANDSOME rooms; fur. or unfur.; single or en suite; with first-class board, and transient boarders accommodated; neighborhood good; refs. req.; 1407 Olive st. m13

NO. 28 S. 15TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, southern and eastern exposure; single or en suite.

ONE second-story front room, furnished; location quiet and respectable; rent $8 per month. Robbins, 117 N. 4th st. m13

PLEASANT furnished rooms, private family, at 2937 Olive st. 11g

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2918 PINE ST.—New three-story stone front, eleven rooms, laundry and all the latest modern improvements. Inquire of Semple & Mott, real estate agents, 203 N. 8th st. 14

BOARDING.

1300 AND 1302 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome rooms, fur. or unfur., single or en suite, with board; day boarders accommodated. m18

1424 OLIVE ST.—Cool, airy rooms, nicely furnished, with or without board; every convenience; transient and day boarders accom.

1511 CHOUTEAU AV.—Dickson Mansion, spacious rooms with board; reduction for parties of gentlemen; large shaded yard; six o'clock dinner. t18

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—One or two nice little children to board; age no difference; good home; large 100-foot shady yard; splendid location; best references. Address C. 48, this office t18

WANTED—Man and wife want two unfurnished second story rooms and board; private family preferred; for first-class location, nice rooms and prompt attention a good price will be paid. Ad., with full particulars, C. 69, this office. 1f19

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FRONT room for gentleman and wife in private family, with board for wife. A. 35, this office.

LARGE, cool, furnished room with board in quiet private family by married couple engaged out during the day; neighborhood of 7th and Washington av.; state terms, which must be moderate. T. 90, this office. m13

MAN and wife want two unfurnished second-story front rooms convenient to good board; for first-class accommodation and desirable location good rent will be paid. Ad. C. 69, this office. 1f21

WANTED—Two rooms, furnished complete, for housekeeping; steady paying tenant; must be reasonable. Address, by Sunday noon, O. 46, this office. m21

WANTED—To rent part of a house in Stoddard addition. Address with particulars C. 51. w21

WANTED—To rent a house at Webster or Kirkwood; prefer Webster. Address C. 77, this office. w21

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WILL exchange a good stock farm for city or suburban property. Call at 2932 Market st.

WANTED—PARTNERS.

PARTNER WANTED—A young man, or a man with small family, with $500 or $400, to take a half interest in business that is paying 50 per cent. Ad. T. 67, this office. m21

PARTNER in cash business with $2,000 capital. Ad. O. 42, this office. 123

WANTED—An enterprising party with means to extend a manufacturing business; not less than $800; can be extended to large profits. Ad. T. 68, this office. m29

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FIRE-PLACE heaters, all kinds and prices. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

A MAN with $350, that can go to the country, can make $1,000 on good personal property. 615 Pine st m28

BUY THE WHITE. { At 114 N. 6th st. and get a Buy the Stewart. { valuable present. See ad- Buy the New Stewart. { vertisement, local.

DESK-ROOM, furnished, for two months or more. Ad T. 70, this office. m28

GO to D. Strawbridge for patterns and models, wood or metal. 411 Morgan st.

WANTED—By a widow, a furnished house to take charge of, or a child to board. Address A. 41. m26

WANTED—1,000 men, women and children to go to B. W. Knapp's copying agency and photographic gallery, and have their pictures taken and copied. 2405 Broadway. w26

WANTED—To buy a good second-hand bicycle, 40 to 50-inch wheel. Send full description and price to F. B. Hanawalt, Tipton, Mo.

WANTED—A stock of general merchandise, $5,000 to $6,000, in exchange for valuable real estate near St. Louis and money. J. M. Moore & Co., No. 213 North Eighth st.

MUSICAL.

PIANOS—Wheelock pianos, the best pianos now made, for sale on easy payments at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive street.

EDUCATIONAL.

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND Mathematical Institute, Granite Building, southwest corner Fourth and Market. F. C. KOSSAK.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

WESTERN Union Telegraph school, 210 and 212 North Fourth street. Young men and women fully qualified to take positions as operators; day school 10 to 4, night school 7 to 9. Ad. A. Prescott, principal. s29

FINANCIAL.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Money to Loan.

$50,000. $10,000, $5,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent. JOHN LADY'S, 305½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 402 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. Eighth street.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from 25c to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL SORTS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GASOLINE, coal oil and cook stoves at cost. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

A GOOD CHANCE—Pictures, frames, mirrors and furniture sold on time at H. McNichols, 1024 Market.

BUY THE WHITE. { At 114 N. 6th st. and get Buy the Stewart. { a valuable present. See Buy the New Stewart. { advertisement, local.

BIRDS, PARROTS, pet animals, gold and silver fish, bird-cages, bird-seed, mocking-bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 636 Olive st.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS, POULTRY, WM. N. TIVY, 402 N. Second st. HONEY.

Bonsack & Vogel, Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing a specialty. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

CROWN VAPOR STOVE is the best in the world, and is made at 1015 Washington avenue.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at E. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery, 216 North Fourth street.

F. H. HEMKER & SON, Steam Dye Works, 1634 Morgan st. Cleaning, dyeing and repairing done at short notice. 32

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers, and panting humanity generally, can buy 100 lbs to a car-load of Litchfield Reservoir Ice (purest in the market) at our new branch office and wagon scales, railroad track, Eighteenth and Clark avenue.

JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

ICE SHIPPED by barge-loads or car-loads to all accessible points.

HUSE & LOOMIS ICE AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

409 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

JUST RECEIVED—Fresh from the springs, Waukesha, Sweet Springs, Blue Lick and Saratoga Geyser. Lippincott's Mineral Water. Depot 503 and 505 N. 8th st. m22

NO stranger should leave the city without a box of Mitchell's Pure Candies. 418 Olive st.

NO. 7 COAL COOK STOVES, $7. 115 and 117 Washington av 42

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st. Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

STRICTLY pure wines and liquors, by the bottle, gallon or barrel, at T. Julian Smith's, 313 Walnut st.

LODGE NOTICES.

A MEETING of the Lasters' Union, No. 1, will be held in their hall, 14th and O'Fallon sts., on Tuesday evening, July 25, at 7:30 sharp. By order of the President.

FREE OF CHARGE.

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, ten cents each insertion. The Post Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification advertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Book-keepers.

A SITUATION by a single man as bookkeeper; has had experience in the old county; references as to sobriety and honesty can be given; wages moderate. Apply to or address William, 1508 Decatur st. 136

AN experienced book-keeper wishes some official work during his leisure evenings. Ad. Z. 73, this office. w26

A BOOK-KEEPER of first-class attainments, recently disengaged, desires an appointment. Ad. E. 85, this office. 126

FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper, who can give good reference and security, wants a situation in a wholesale grocery house. Ad. A. 40, t. o. w26

POSITION as bookkeeper, by thoroughly competent and experienced person; strictly temperate; No. 1 ref.; salary secondary. Ad. "Kensington," Van Wagoner's office, 311 Olive st. w26

Clerks and Salesmen.

A YOUNG man acquainted with the grocery trade in the West; wants a position. Ad. E. H., 701 Pine st. 127

A 1 DRY-GOODS salesman, 11 years' experience, wants a situation; best reference. Ad. A. 87, this office. 127

A YOUNG man, experienced in dry goods, wishes a situation; will accept any honorable situation. Ad. Z. 71, this office. 127

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

A COMPETENT prescription and drug clerk desires a position; references given. Z. 62, this office. m27

BY a young man, writing or other suitable employment for a few evenings each week. Ad. T. 55, this office. 127

BY thoroughly com. and exp. person, sit. as asst. book-keeper or invoice clerk; No. 1 refs.; salary secondary. Ad. E. 36, this office. s26

CITY salesman wants situation; ref.; wholesale and jobbers. Ad. Z. 70 this office. m27

LEGAL or other copying to do. Address C. 47, this office. 127

POSITION as assistant bookkeeper, inv. or sales clerk, by thoroughly competent and experienced person; strictly temperate; No. 1 ref.; salary secondary. Ad. T. 66, this office. w27

POSITION of trust or clerkship wanted by a young man; good penman; references. L. W. Boyd, 1013 Pine st. 127

SITUATION by a registered druggist, night or day. Ad. O. 53, this office. 127

SITUATION as clerk or traveling salesman; understands bookkeeping; good city reference; with grocery or dry goods house. Ad. O. 45, t. o. 127

SITUATION in drug store; have had four years' experience; best ref. given. Ad. O. 3, t. o. 127

SITUATION of any kind where honesty, sobriety and industry are appreciated, by young Englishman of 30; good penman; first-class refs. fur. Ad. C. 41, this office. m27

WANTED—Good salesman, horse and wagon desires to sell or deliver goods. Ad. E. 47, this office. 127

The Trades.

A N engineer wants a job in the country; first-class ref. Ad. E. 77, this office. 128

I AM a first-class filer; can use hammer and chisel; like a job in a machine shop; won't ask more than I am worth. Ad. E. 74, this office. 128

SITUATION WANTED—By a Scotchman as helper at steam-fitting; has been three years at the trade; a stranger in city. Ad. E. 79, this office. 128

SITUATION WANTED—A steady baker as second hand on bread or cakes. Call or address Fred Strauss, 11 N. 6th st., city. 128

BY an engineer to run stationary engine or small boat; have marine license; eight years' experience; willing to go West or anywhere. Address H. S. K., 1012 Pine street. 138

WANTED—Job at house-painting by the day by a practical painter who can furnish reference and his own tools. Ad. E. 62, this office. 138

WANTED—A situation in a bakery or some other place to learn a trade. Address A. B., 1318 Pine st. 128

Coachmen.

A S coachman; understands his business thoroughly; good city references. E. 60, this office. 139

COACHMAN and gardner wants a place with private family; best of city ref. given. Ad. T. S., 913 Locust st. w39

COACHMAN and gardener wants a place in private family; thoroughly understands his business; willing to make himself useful. Ad. T. S., 913 Locust. m39

SIT. by a young man used to horses and carriage; has had three years' exp. in St. Louis; willing to make himself generally useful. Fred, 3538 Lindell av. 139

WANTED—Sit. as coachman by young man who understands his business; can give best city refs.; understands the care of cows. Ad. 728 S. 23d st. 139

Cooks.

A SITUATION wanted by a first-class cook in a first-class private boarding-house or large private family; best reference given. Call at 1411 Franklin av., in the rear. m40

WANTED—A place by a first-class cook, meat or pastry; no objection to country. Call at 814 N. 9th st. 140

Boys.

A BOY of 13 would like to learn some trade. Ad. T. 64, this office. w42

A BOY of 13 would like a situation to learn some good trade. Ad. A. 39, this office. w42

A BOY of 14 wishes a situation in a store or office. Apply at 311 S. 7th st. 142

A BOY of 15 years, well acquainted in the city, wishes a situation in an office or store; not afraid to work. Ad. O. 61, this office. 142

A POSITION by a boy 15 years old in some office; can come recommended. W. E. Baker, 3110 Oregon av. w42

A STOUT boy, 17 years old, wishes to learn some good trade. Address O. 5, this office. w42

A BOY 13 years of age wishes a situation in office or in some business; ref. given if required. Ad. T. 65, this office. w42

A BOY of 14 would like a situation in some printing office; one who can feed job press. Z. 67, this office. m42

A GOOD man to work in livery stable. Apply to J. C. Farris, Kirkwood, Mo. 162

A STRONG boy, 17 years old wishes to learn some good trade. E. 66, this office. 142

A BOY of 13 wishes to learn the printing trade. Ad. S. Goldman, 209 S. Levee. 142

BOY of 14 wishes a sit. in a store; speaks and writes English and German. Ad. J. Luebbess, 2512 N. 11th st. 142

BY a boy of 15, in office, store or any other light employment; will make himself useful. Address Simon Riley, 825 N. 8th st., city. 144

BOY of 16 would like to carry an evening paper. Ad. E. 48, this office. 142

BOY 14 years old wants a situation; quick at figures; refs. given. Apply at 3947 Gamble st.

BOY of 14 would like to carry an evening paper. Ad. E. 49, this office. 142

BRIGHT, smart colored boy wishes to get a place to work in dining-room. Ap. 1424 Wash st., rear. 142

BOY wants a situation; best city ref. Address Z. 68, this office. m42

HOME or work wanted for a bright, active boy of 14; good references. Address O. 5, this office.

STOUT boy, 17 years old, wishes situation of any kind. Address O. 10, this office. w42

WANTED—Sit. by a boy of 11 as errand boy or house boy. Ap. at 905 Pine. 142

YOUTH of 16 wishes a situation to drive a carriage or coupe. Address E. 46, this office. 142

WANTED—A situation by a boy of 17 for a grocery or saloon; has experience and can give best refs. E. 56, this office. s42

WANTED—Sit. by boy 15 in office or store; willing to make himself useful; refs. Simon Riley, Jr., 26 N. 8th st. m42

WANTED—To learn the machinist trade, by a boy of 17. Call on or ad. 3311 St. Charles, J. Lynam. w42

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG man of steadi habits and ability desires a situation as barkeeper; good refs. Address E. 50, this office 143

A YOUNG man of 18 wishes to drive a delivery wagon; well acquainted in the city. Z. 61, this office. m43

A YOUNG man wants a situation as driver for private family; can bring good character as to fitness, etc. Ad. C. 81, this office. m43

A YOUNG Englishman, aged 21, desires a situation in a wholesale provision house in St. Louis; has thorough knowledge of the German language, and has 1-0 don experience. Ad. E. J. Fox, 3956 Carondelet av. m43

BY elderly German, speaks both languages, position to take care of office as janitor, watchman or light porter; best of ref. Address E. 84, this office. 143

BY steady man, 30 years of age, work that he can do; warehouse, store or indoor work preferred, but will break rock or anything he can do to support his family. Ad. S. R., 816 N. 8th st. m43

BY a young man 19 years old to do any kind of work; can furnish best reference. Ad. C. 76, this office. s43

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all year. Writs for circulars.

SITUATION by man and wife in city or country; one as cook, the other as coachman; can give good city refs. Ad. F. C., 2205 Laclede av. w43

SITUATION wanted by a man who thoroughly understands the mixing of different kinds of baking powders with some firm in that line. Address E. 54, this office. t43

SITUATION wanted by a reliable young man of 26 in a small grocery or saloon; have little experience about grocery; speaks English and German. Ad. O. 47, this office. 143

SITUATION by a young man of 17 to do any kind of work. Address Lindell House, 14th and Poplar sts 143

SIT. of any kind, by an industrious young man; good ref Ad. F. 63, this office. w43

SIT. by married man, who is willing and able to work. Ad. Z. 72, this office. w43

SITUATION of any kind by young man with good references. E. 80, this office. 143

SITUATION wanted by a young man as porter in some wholesale or commission house; not afraid of work. Ad. E. 72, this office. 1f43

TEACHER of German and English school branches and music wishes a position in city or country. Ad. O. 7, this office 143

WANTED—One buggy washer and one harness cleaner will find steady employment at good wages at Neiswanger Bros., Eighth and Walnut, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—Night work by young man competent and reliable; office experience. Ad. Z. 63, this office. m43

YOUNG man, first-class barkeeper, wants situation in city or country; best of reference. Ad. O. 44, this office. 144

YOUNG man, aged 21, wishes to obtain employment as clerk or assistant bookkeeper; is not particular, so that he can get work. Address T. L. B., for three days, care Dr. Gully, 619 Market st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation as a button-hole-maker on cloth or leather by machine in order; will work in country town. Ad. C. 82, this office. 171

WANTED—By a young man speaking German and English, situation in a meat shop or with butcher. Ad. A. 83, this office. 143

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

A SITUATION in an office to do writing or copying, or any other light occupation, by two young ladies of 15 and 17; can give best of refs. if required. Ad. or call at 807 Miller st. 144

BY a young lady of experience, a position in a photograph gallery. Address T. 86, this office.

BY young lady, copying to do or as relief saleslady for the summer. Call on or address Miss Axtell, 2727 Thomas st. 144

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

BY experienced dressmaker, sewing of any kind, by day or week, in family, or would take work home; work cheap during dull season. Call or address Dressmaker, 14 S. 18th, upper bell. m46

SITUATION for upstairs work and to assist with plain sewing. Call or address 1510 Belmont st.

WANTED—A situation as dressmaker. Apply at 1916 Morgan st. m46

Housekeepers.

A MIDDLE-AGED person would like a place as housekeeper for a small family or widower, or to take care of small children; wages not so much an object as a good home. Ad. 1816 Morgan st. 147

SITUATION by experienced woman as housekeeper. 1404 N. 16th st. m47

SITUATION as working housekeeper or cook in a private family. Address Mrs. Malia, 821 North Eighth st. 147

WANTED—Situation in widower's family, to have care of children; am a practical housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. Ad. O. 51, this office. 147

WANTED—A situation as hotel housekeeper; have had experience; no objection to leaving the city. Ad. O. 50, this office. 147

WANTED—A situation by a young girl to do laundry work or general housework in private family. Call or address 707½ Christy av. 148

General Housework.

SITUATION to do general housework. No. 213 Market st. w48

SITUATION wanted, to do plain cooking and housework, or will do general housework in a small family. Apply in rear 2816 Franklin av. w48

WANTED—A place to do housework, by a young girl. Call or address 1518 Olive st. 148

Cooks.

A WOMAN who is a good cook and willing to assist with housework wants a place; no objection to the country. Apply at 418 S. 19th st. w49

A SIT. wanted to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 117 Elm st., No postals answered. 149

A FIRST-CLASS cook and a first-class laundress at 1025 N. 8th st., in the rear. w49

A WOMAN wants a place to cook, wash and iron in city or country; call 919 N. 14th 149

FIRST-CLASS cook wants situation; good wages. Address Z. 59, this office. 149

WANTED—A situation to cook, wash and iron, or general housework, in small family. Ad. C. 47, this office. w49

WANTED—A situation as cook, or to do housework for small family; no objection to country. Ad. A. 37, this office. w49

WOMAN wants situation to cook, wash and iron. No. 1320 N. 18th st. w49

Nurses.

A YOUNG girl used to the care of children wants a place as nurse. Call or add. 1508 Belmont st. south of Clark av. s50

A FRENCH wet nurse wants a situation; willing to go to the country. Ad. T. 62, this office.

GIRL of 15 would like place to nurse and do light housework. Ad. 1202 N. 18th st. w50

SMART little girl of 13 would like place to nurse. Ad. 1232 N. 18th st. w50

WANTED—Situation as nurse to travel. Emma Wesly, 1123 N. 14th st. m50

WANTED—A position as ladies' nurse during confinement; experienced and can come highly recommended. Ad. Mrs. M. L. Neil, 1429 Morgan street. 150

WANTED—Situation as lady's nurse; good references if required. 1202½ Lucas av., in rear. w50

Laundresses.

A FIRST-CLASS woman wants washing to take home. Apply at 1407 Morgan st., 2d floor. 152

FIRST-CLASS washer and ironer would like to get private family washing to take home. Mrs. Miller, 1018 N. 12th st., first floor, in the rear. 151

FIRST-CLASS washer and ironer wants a place to go out by the day either in private family or laundry. Apply in the rear of 1018 N. 12th st., first floor. Mrs. Miller. 151

FIRST-CLASS woman wants washing to take home. Apply 1407 Morgan st., 2d floor. 151

FAMILY washing to do by a good, experienced hand. Address E. 45, this office. 151

Miscellaneous.

A GIRL wants a sit. to do light housework. Call on Prairie, bet. Page and Cook av. 152

AN American girl wants a situation. Apply at 115 N. Franklin av., in the rear. w52

A PIANIST (lady) with reference from the best music firms in the city, will receive applications for a situation until September 1. Address C. 44, this office. 152

A YOUNG German girl wants a situation to do light housework or general housework, without washing. In small family; can give reference if required. Call at 3211 Cass av., up-stairs. 152

A GOOD girl wishes a situation for house and dining-room work; references if required. 107 S. 16th st. w52

A MIDDLE-AGED LADY would like a position as nursery governess or to assist in light housework and sewing, near the Webster Home. C. 40, this office. 152

A CHAMBERMAID in hotel or private family wanted. Call or address 1516 Belmont st. 171

MITCHELL'S CANDIES (home made), French fruits, Canton ginger in syrup and crystalized, bon-bons, chocolates, etc. 418 Olive street.

NICE, respectable widow, middle-aged, with a boy 6 years old, wants a good home in the country can give good references. Address O. 6, this office. 152

WANTED—A situation as housemaid or general servant by a respectable woman. Ad. O. 8, this office. 171

WANTED—A situation to do housework and assist in washing and ironing. Ad. A. 38, this office. w52

WANTED—Sit. to take charge of the trimming room of some wholesale millinery house; refs. given; have had much experience. Address for one week, Mrs. R. E. J., care of Jeffries, Seely & Co., Cincinnati O. m52

WANTED—A sit. by an experienced girl, to cook, wash and iron. A. 81, this office. m52

WANTED—Situation by two girls of 15 and 17 years; one to wait on a child, the other to learn dressmaking. Address J. M. Degan, 2229 Jackson st. m52

YOUNG lady wishes situation as governess to young children; no objection to country. Address T. 20, this office. w52

YOUNG lady desires a position as governess; competent to teach the English branches and music. Ad. O. 24, this office. 152

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

ORDER COOK. 620 Morgan st. w56

WANTED immediately—Two good tinners. H. M. Snyder, 113 N. 12th st. 156

WANTED—A good workman to finish and trim buggies and wagons; man with $500 or more can double his money. Maurice Coffey, Fayetteville, Ark.

WANTED—First-class plumbers at first-class wages. 2016 Market st. s58

WANTED—A first-class tire driller to bore and nut wheels, at Millburn's Carriage Factory, 7th and Cass av. m58

WANTED—A first-class ornamental cake baker; good wages will be paid. L. Mohr, 1435 Chouteau av. s56

Boys.

AN intelligent office boy. Address O. 43, this office. 161

AN honest and intelligent boy to make himself generally useful about a printing office; permanent employment. Ad. F 74, this office. 161

STRONG colored boy for delivery wagon. Apply between 5 and 6 to-day, at 807 N. 6th. ref.

WANTED—A bell-boy at Lafayette Park Hotel.

WANTED—Smart boy from 12 to 14, who has had some experience in business. Call at 112 Olive st. between 7 and 8 Tuesday morning. w61

WANTED—A boy about 15 or 16 years old, to work in a restaurant. Inquire at 920 Wash st. 161

Miscellane

Wm. C. Little. H. E. Weber. Mitchell Scott.

Drafts Drawn on All Parts o Europe at Lowest Rates by

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,

Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND NOTES. Special attention given to defaulted bonds of Missouri Stocks and Bonds carried on Margin in New York. Terms liberal. Public sales made on 'Change.

MONEY.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask.
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	102	102¾
4½'s of 1891	1891	M. A. N. & F.	102¾	103
4's per cent bds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	114½	115¾
4's per cent bds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	120½	121

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1892	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	106	1 08
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	108	1 10
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	118	
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and 1876	1885-'98	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1887	Jan. & July	100	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various	114	116
City 6's, gold	1893	May & Nov.	116	117½
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various	107	109
City water 6's	1867	June & Dec 25	107	109
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec 25	109½	111½
City water 6's	1892	April & Oct.	113	114½
City 6's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	107	108¾
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	114	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	118	
County 7's, c'y	1885	Jan. & July	104½	

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	108	109
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	109	111
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	117	121
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	115	
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	110	112
K. P. D. Ex 7s	1899	May & Nov.	109	110
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	103	105
M. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	116	117

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$1 87	
Land warrants, 120 acres	1 39	
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	
Clearings to-day	$3,223,082	
Balances to-day	556,149	

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Money 3; prime mercantile paper 4@5½; bar silver 113¾. Exchange steady at 85½ for long and 88¾ for sight. Governments irregular. States dull. Railroads quiet and generally higher. Stock market opened strong and ½@1¼ higher, latter Richmond and Danville. In early trade prices sold up 1¼@1¾. Lackawanna, Wabash preferred and Union Pacific most conspicuous. This was followed by reaction of ½@1¼. Union Pacific leading, but subsequently a covery took place in general list, while Omaha common sold up 1¾, but reacted ¾. Sixes extended 102; 5s 101¾; 4½s 115; 4s 120½; Pacific 6s '95 130.

New York Money Market.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	65¾	65¾	65	65¾
Central New Jersey	85¾	85¾	84¾	85
Central Pacific	95¾	95¾	95	95½
Chesapeake and Ohio	26	26¾	25¾	26
Do pref	38¾	40	38¾	40
Chicago and Alton				
Chicago, St. P., M. & O.				
Do pref	90½	92	90½	92
Omaha	110¾	110¾	110	110¾
Chicago, R. I. & P	133¾	133¾	133¼	133¾
Chicago, B. & Q	134¾	134¾	134¾	134¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
Do pref	133¾	134¾	133¾	134¾
Chicago, St. L. & N. O	26	27¾	26	27¾
Do pref	135¾	136	135¾	136
Chicago and Northwest	148¾	149	148¾	149
Clev., Col., Cin. and I	92	92	92	92
Col., Chicago and I. C	17	17	16½	16½
Del., La. & and Western	138¾	140	138¾	139½
Delaware and Hudson	117	117¾	117	117¾
Denver and Rio Grande	63¾	64¾	63	63¾
Hannibal and St. Joe				
Do pref	90	90	89	89
Hound and Texas				
Indiana, B and W	47	47	46¾	46¾
Lake Shore	117	117	116¾	116¾
Lake Erie and Western	34	34¾	34	34¾
Louisville and Nash. ille	74¾	75	74	74¾
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Memphis and Charleston				
Michigan Central	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
Missouri Pacific	106	106¾	105¾	106¾
Mo., Kansas and Texas	39¾	39¾	38¾	39¾
Mobile and Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	53	53	53	53
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	136¾	136	135¾	135¾
Erie	41¾	41¾	40¾	41¾
Northern Pacific	48¾	49¾	47¾	49¾
Do pref	86¾	89¾	86¾	89¾
Nashville, Chat and St. L				
Norfolk and Western				
Do pref				
Ohio and Mississippi	38¾	39¼	38¾	39
Ohio Central	19¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Ohio Southern	19	20	19	20
Ontario and Western	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Pacific Mail	45¾	48	47¾	47¾
Philadelphia and Reading	63¾	64¾	63	63¾
Peoria, D. and E	38¾	38¾	37¾	38¾
St. L. and San Francisco	42	42	41	41
Do pref	58	58	58	58
Do 1st pr f				
Texas Pacific	36¾	37¾	36¾	37¾
Union Pacific	82¾	83	82¾	82¾
Wabash, St. L. and P	37¾	38¾	37¾	38¾
Do pref	67¾	68	67¾	67¾
Western Union Tel. Co	90¾	91¾	90¾	91¾
Terre Haute	35¾	35¾	35	35¾

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COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,
FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING SATURDAY.

	Clv.	R. & R.	River	Total.
Wheat	5,154	67,648	35 000	127,802
Corn	18,120	7,920	2,920	23,360
Oats	4,729	.....	1,000	5,729
Rye	482	.....	.....	482
Barley				

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Today	802,126	212,767	51,295	3,350	.....
Saturday	768,285	205,809	34,784	2,982	.....
July 23, 1881	417,820	567,570	40,478	2,374	818

Grain Inspections.

IN—Wheat—1 car No. 3 white, 6 No. 1 red, 247 cars 24,930 sks No. 2 red, 16 cars 2,000 sks No. 3 red, 5 cars 1,525 sks No. 4, 69 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 11 cars No. 3 do. Total, 351 cars 28,455 sks.

Corn—35 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 10 cars rejected do, 74 cars No. 2 mixed, 22 cars rejected. Total, 145 cars.

Oats—31 cars No. 2, 19 cars rejected, 5 cars no grade. Total, 55 cars.

Total in, 351 cars 28,455 sks.

OUT—Wheat—120 cars 24,875 bu. No. 2 red, 15 cars No. 3 red, 5 cars No. 4, 20 cars 35,000 bu No. 2 Mediterranean, 5 cars No. 3 do. Total, 168 cars 59,875 bu.

Corn—4 cars No. 2 white mixed, 3 cars No. 2 mixed. Total 7 cars.

Total out, 175 cars, 59,875 bu.

Commercial Chips.

The bears have only had comparatively few days in the grain market during the past and present season, but of these they have had a few days that nearly made up to them for all that they lacked during the balance of the time. The start of to-day was one of these red letter days for the bruins. Receipts of wheat here were very heavy and the feeling at all other markets extremely weak and taking advantage of this the shorts hammered prices down nearly 3c per bushel.—Both corn and oats were heavily off in price, following wheat in its decline.—For the first time in months St. Louis corn is above Chicago, though this is only in July and August.—The boys broke down wheat at such a lively rate this morning that the more conservative of the bears shook their heads and warmly said, "Go slow, go slow, she's getting down too low."—Fred. Cochran detects a striking likeness between the central figure in the group of the south end of the Exchange ceiling and a popular vice-president of the Exchange.—The Merchants' Exchange Board of Flour Inspectors, of which James Post is President, have put in a private telephone wire to their office in East St. Louis at Richardson's warehouse. This will be of great convenience to their patrons and is fully appreciated by them.

Tom Davis, the genial commercial reporter, is back from a three months' trip to the East, part of which he put in at Cape May. Tom looks vastly improved in health.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—July 96¾; August 96¾ bid; September 99½; October $1 00¾; year 96¾. Corn—July 77 bid; August 75 bid; September 73½; October 70¾; November 65; year 62. Oats—July 50; August 34¾; September 33½ bid; year 33¾.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: July $1 03¾; August 99¾; September 98⅞@99; October 99¾; year 97¾. Old: July $1 27 bid; August $1 00¼; year 98¾. Corn—July 77¾; August 75¾; September 75¼; October 74¾; November 71¾; year 66¾. Oats—July 34 bid; August 33¾; September 33½; October 35¾; year 34¾. Pork—July $20 85 b.; August $21; September $21 15; October $21 50 b.; year $19 75 b.; January $20 05; February $20 15 b. Lard—August 12 32½; September 12 42½@ 45; October 12 52½; November ——. Short ribs—August 12 25 b.; September 12 35 b.; October 12¾ b; November 10 80; year 10 55 b.; January 10 60 b.; February 10 80 a.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—July $1 00¼; August $1 02¾; September $1 02¾; October $1 04; year $1 01¾. Corn—July 78 b.; August 76 b.; September 76 b.; year 64¾.

Cotton.

Spots steady, but dull. Sales very small—30 bales. New York quiet and easy for spots, and futures off in price. Liverpool spots steady and unchanged at 1 32d.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary 9½; ordinary, 10; good ordinary, 11¾; low middling, 12; middling, 12⅝; good middling, 12¾; middling fair, 13⅜ Stained—Good ordinary, 10; low middling, 11; middling, 11¾.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts 130 bales, against 325 last year; since September 1, 372,434, against 383,127 last year; shipments 281 bales, against 1,107 last year; since September 1, 375,221, against 385,094 last year. Stock 5,438 bales, against 12,647 last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6 15-16d. Orleans 7¾d. Sales 12,000 bales. Futures closed steady; July and August 6 62-64; August and September 6 63 64; September and October 6 54-64; October and November 6 42 64; November and December 6 38-64; December and January 6 40-64

NEW YORK.

Middling 12¾c for spot. Futures closed weak. July 12 68; August 12 63; September 12.46; October 11.91; November 11 74; December 11.75; January 11 85; February 11.97; March 12.05; April 12.21. Sales 40,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 12¾ spot. Futures closed steady: July ——; August 12 34; September 11.83; October 11 55; November 11.47; December 11.47; January 11.57, February 11 67; March 11.79; April 11.89; May —— . Sales, 20,800 bales.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 8,763 brls. Lower and weak. Demand and business light. We quote extra fancy $5 50@5 60; fancy $5 25@5 35; choice $5 00@5 10; family $4 15@4 25; XXX $3 70@3 80; XX $3 00@3 40; XR $3 10@3 20; superfine $2 80@2 90; fine $2 50@2 60; favorite brands 15@20c higher; patents $6 25@7.

Wheat — Receipts 28,820 sks, 188,000 bu. Lower. Outside advices were unfavorable, and with heavy receipts the market broke down heavily early, soon reacting, however, and advancing rapidly under a good demand, only to weaken off again, closing at declines of 2¾c for July and August, 1¾c for September, 1¾c for October and 2¾c for year from Saturday's close. Grades in excessive supply and weak, with anxious sellers. Good speculation and shipping and some milling and order demand on call, but dull later. No. 2 red cash 96¾@97 E. s.; No. 3 red cash 95¾@96 E. s.; closing 96¾; August 95¾@97¼, closing 96¾; September 96¾, closing 98¾; October 88¾@$1 00¾, closing $1 00¾; year 90@97, closing 96¾. No. 3 red 92@93 E. s.; 94½ E. s.; No. 4 red nominal; rejected ——; No. 2 Mediterranean 96¾@95¾ t. s., 96@97 E. s.; No. 3 do 91@94 t. s., 94½ E. s.

Corn—Receipts 588 sks, 84,500 bu. Lower. Futures opened weak at a decline, recovered rapidly from this subsequently and advanced; nothing done after the noon call, the closing prices of which were 1¾c lower for July, ¾c for August, ¾c for September, 2¼c for October, 1¾c for November and 11-16c for year, as compared with Saturday's close. Grades in fair order and feeding demand, but with free sellers, as the supply was larger No. 2 mixed cash 77¾@78, regular, 78⅝@78 in C., 79 in E.; July 77¾@78¾, closing 78; August 75@75¾, closing 75¾, bid; September 73¾@74¾, closing 74¾; October 70¾@71; November 64¾@65; year 60¾@62, closing 61¾@62; No. 2 white mixed cash 87¾ in U.; rejected do 81@80¾, regular, 81 in E., 82 t. s.; rejected 73¾@ in C., 74 bid St. L.; no grade 58 bid regular.

Oats—Receipts 3,631 sks, 61,600 bu; lower Offerings larger of grades and demand light from feeders and order buyers, but an accumulative buyer took the balance offered. Futures rather irregular, but generally weak, closing ⅜c off for July, 2c for August, 2¼c for September, 1¾ for year; No. 2 cash 50@ 49; July 49¾@49¾; August 34¾@35⅛, closing at 34¾; September 33@34, closing at 33¾; year 33 @33¾; No 2 white 51 bid U.; rejected 42 in St. L. and E. St. L. 40 in C.; no grade 34 in St. L., 33 in C.

Rye—Receipts —— sks 1,500 bu. Rejected sold at the steady rate of 63c in C.; No. 2 offered at 72, bid 67.

Hay—Receipts 628 tons. Prairie overplenty, dead dull and lower, but other qualities well sustained. This side—Prairie $7@11 50; mixed $17; timothy $21@22. East side—timothy $17@21.

Millfeed lower; sacked bran 66 this side; 70@67 E track; bulk 61@60 E. track.

Provisions—Receipts 5,160 lbs hams, 99,000 lbs meats, 40,000 lbs grease. A quiet market, with no appreciable change in value. Standard mess pork sold at $21 40; August offered at $21 60, bid $21 30. Loose summer dry salt shoulders sold at 9 60, long clear and clear ribs at 12 60 and short clear at 13. Packed bacon, long clear and clear ribs sold at 14, short clear at 14¾@40 and loose clear ribs at 13,65 Hams range from 14¾ to 16¾; orders ¼c higher. Tallow 7¾@8 for prime and choice country in oil brls; irregular pkgs and falling off lots 7¼@8¼; grease tallow 6¼@7. Breakfast bacon 15¾@17. Grease 5@6 for brown, 6¼@7c yellow, 7@8c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00@17 00 per brl, according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c, strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 20@25 per brl.

Highwines steady. Sales 183 brls at $1 16 Cincinnati $1 16; Chicago, $1 17; Pennsylvania $1 14.

Lead quiet and steady. Refined held at $4 85 and hard at $4 80, but no trading heard of Spelter dull at $5.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—July $1 05¾; August $1 05¾; September $1 03¾; October $1 04¾; year $1 03. Corn—July 78 bid; August 76¾ bid; October 74 bid; year 65¾.

DETROIT.

Wheat—July $1 02; August $1 04; September $1 03¾; October $1 04; year $1 03.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: July $1 04; August 99¼; September 99¾; October 99¾; year 98. Corn—July 77¾; August 75¾; September 75¾; October 74¾; November ——; year 66¾. Oats—July 34¾; August 35¾; September 35¾; year 34¾. Pork—July $21 00; August $21 00; September $21 20; Oct. 221 80; year ——; January —— Lard—July 12 37½; August 12.37½; September 12.40; October 12.37½. Short ribs—July 12.35; August 12.55; September 12.50; October 12.37½.

Leaf Tobacco.

No public sales Saturdays or Mondays.

We quote: Old style—Common dark lugs $4 75@5 50; common leaf $6@7 00; medium to good $7 00@8 50; choice none offering. Burley—Common lugs $4 75@5 50; extra $5 75@6; common leaf $6 00@8 00; medium do $8 50@11; good $12@14; choice do $15@20. Wrapping leaf—Common $10@12; medium half bright $15@18; medium bright and mahogany $20@25, good do $25@35; fine bright $40@65. Interior, unsound and light weight hhds about 25@50c per 100 lbs less.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery choice 24; selections 25; seconds at 22@23 Dairy—Choice to fancy 21@22; medium to prime 17@20; fair 14@16; common 10@11. Country fresh yellow 15@16 for choice; 10@12½ for off color.

CHEESE—Mild late make full cream 11@13, sharp do 5@10; prime to choice part skims 6@7; interior do 2@4

EGGS—Steady at 13 candled, 11½@12 for current receipts.

POULTRY—Quote: Live old chickens $3 50 for hens; $3@3 25 for mixed; $2 50@2 75 for cocks ducks — per doz. Spring chickens— Small and inferior $1 50@2; fair to good $2 25@2 50; choice $2 75@3; fancy $3 25@3 50

WOOL—We quote: Tub washed—Choice 36@37; fancy 37; fair 33@35; low 28@31; unwashed—Choice medium 23½@24½; medium clothing 21@23; medium combing 2 ½@22½; low do 1 @20 coarse and heavy 14@16; light fine 22@23; heavy do 16@19; dark do 15@18; burry and black 5@10c less. For each wool sack 2¼ and 3¾ lbs tare is allowed.

HIDES—Quote green salted 8¾, damaged 6¾ uncured 5; damaged do 5; bulls and stags 5½; damaged ——; green salted calf 12 Western salted 8c lower; dry salted 12 damaged do 10; flint bull and stag 9¾ ——; dry flint 16; No. 2 do 13; glue stock, dry b. green 3.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 49 in large and 50 in small sacks, unripe quilly 40@43; mixed and 1 0@3 ——. New ——— 25@30 Tare 8 pr ct. on large, 10 on small sks.

HUCKLEBERRIES—$2 50 per 8gal case.

BLACKBERRIES—Sold at 50@75 for wild and $1@1 50 for cultivated per 8-gal case

NEW APPLES—Small green 10@15c; red 20@30c per ½-bu box; do $2@2 25 in bbl.

CURRANTS—Choice $2 00 ₱ 8gal case.

GRAPES—Dull—Hartfords 30@4, Ives seedlings 40@, Concords 60@8, Delaware 12@15c ₱ lb

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 75; coal oil 1@1 05; whisky 75@80c.

PEACHES—Free Stones—Small and green 25@30; fair to good 50@60, choice to fancy 70@80; fancy large 90@$1; choice clings 5@60c; fair to good 25@40; off lots 10@20

PLUMS—Wild goose 35@40c per ½-bu box; Chickasaws and yellow 25@35c ₱ ½-bu box

WATERMELONS—Choice Georgia $15@20; small $12@18 ₱ 100.

PEARS—Duchess and Bartlett's $1@1 25 ₱ ½-bu box, and . . . ₱ bbl; other varieties 50 @60 ₱ ½ bu box and . . . . ₱ bbl.

CANTELOUPES—$2@3 per 100.

CABBAGE—$1 50 for home-grown, on orders, per crate.

NEW POTATOES—Sell at 75@80 per bu loose for home grown.

ONIONS—70@$1 per bu.

WHITE BEANS—Prime jobbing from store at $3 50@3 75.

HEMP-SEED—Quotable $1 25@1 30 for prime.

FLAXSEED—Quotable at $1 17@1 18 for sound, pure test August.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, repacked: Oranges—Messina $3@6; Imperials $10@12; Lemons $6 50@7; bananas on orders $2@3 ₱ bunch; cocoanuts $6@8 ₱ 1,0 0.

GRASS SEED—Quote timothy $2@2 15; white millet 70@75; German do $1 40@1 60; Hungarian $@90; red top ——; clover $4 50@5 ——. Above from first hands; orders charge 50@1 ₱ bushel.

VEALS—Live at 3@4 for heretics; 7¼@8 for choice small milk fed; medium 6¾@7

LAMBS—$4 50@3 00 for rate for fancy large fat.

HONEY—Extracted and strained 7¾@14; comb 18@22.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2¾@3¾; gray and brown mixed 3¾@4 ——; brown and black 4@5; clean and bleached, picked, 10@12; moulting 6@8; black 8¾@10; XXXA—black 8¾@10; XXA—black-mixed 7¾ to 8; XX—brown mixed 6¾@7; A—gray mixed 3@4. Round long shaded 4@5 ₱ lb.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng 1@2 ——; Seneca 3 @ ——; blue flag @ ——; blood roots @ ——; golden seal ——; snake 13@1 ——; black @ ——; may apple 2@3; pink @ ——; queen 2@3; lady slippers ——; bitter-sweet bark ——.

BALINGS TUFF—We quote jute baggin 13½ lb at 8¾ 10 do 8¾ 12 10 9 ¼lb do 9¾ 1b do 10 4 do 8 ——end twine 12¾@13. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 60

SHEEP PELTS—We quote green shearings 10@15; pelts 75@1 25 dry pelts 25@75; do shearlings 10@15 prices governed by amount and quality offered.

HOPS—New York 32@40c; Washington Territory ——.

RYE FLOUR—Sells at $4 00@4 5 ₱ brl.

Sales reported as follows:

HEMP—We quote Undressed hemp $5@90; dressed hemp $140@150; shorts $12@14; backled tow $5@60; break $30@40 per ton.

CORNMEAL—Sells on orders at 90 ——.

grits, hominy and ear meal ——.

FLAX—No western ——; No. 2 cash sales ——.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₱ 100 lbs: Wrought 90; heavy cast 90; stove 80; tires 80; burnt 25 brass—heavy $15; light 8; Copper—heavy 2 mixed cash 65 bid, 69 asked; August, 67¾ bid, 69¾ asked; year sales 48¾. Oats—Active and lower; No. 2 cash 34@35; August 28 bid, 30 asked. Rye—No. 2 cash 50 bid, 51¾ asked. Butter active; store-packed 22¾@23. Eggs active; 14 candled.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Wheat weak and lower; selling below a dollar for the first time in over a year; regular $1 04 July; 99¾ August, and September, 98 year; spring $1 29 cash, No 2 red $1 02¾. Corn weak and lower; 77 cash; 75¾ August; 75¾ September; 73¾ October; 69¾ year. Oats weak and lower; 36 cash; 34¾ August; 35¾ September; 36¾ October; 36¾ year. Rye lower; 67 cash; 68 August; 70 year. Barley at $1 17 For lowest at $20 98¾ cash; $21 17½ September; $2 27½ October. Lard weak and lower; 12.32½ cash; 12.45 September; 12 55 October.

MILWAUKEE, July 24.—Wheat unsettled and lower No. 2 red nominal at $1 20; No. 2 and 3 $1 05; August $1 03¾; September 90; Nos. 3, and rejected nominal; receipts 19,000 bu; shipments 21,000 bu. Corn quiet at 77¾ for No. 3; 77½ cash. Oats tame at 50@52 white; 60 at 61 mixed. Rye inactive at 68@67 for No. 2. Barley lower at 76 for No. 2; September 65 extra No. 3 cash.

CINCINNATI, July 24.—Flour dull; new family $5 25; old $5 50@5 75; fancy $6 20@6 90. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red $1 ——, for weaker at $1. Oats easier at 39@60. Rye quiet at 75. Pork quiet at $22. Lard dull at 12¼. Bulk meats active at 9¼@12¾. Bacon quiet at 10¾@13¾@ 14¾. Whisky steady at $1 19. Combination sales of finished goods 527 barrels on a basis of $1 16.

TOLEDO, July 24.—Wheat firmer; No. 2 cash and $1 18, new $ 07; July $1 06; August $1 01¾; September $1 03¾, October $1 04¾; year $1 03 Corn held firmer; No. 2 July 76 bid; October 70 bid; year 65. Oats steady; cash 38; August 38¾ bid; September 36 bid.

DETROIT, July 24.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet; No. 1 white $1 28; July $1 27½; August $1 04¾; September $1 04; October $1 04 asked; year $1 03; No. 2 red nominal; receipts wheat, 9,000 bu.; shipments, 10,000 bu.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 24.—Wheat neglected and no good demand, steady 10,000; sample 80¼@ 81¾; few cars No. 2 83¾. Oats inactive. Canal freights firm; boatmen asking shade advance.

WILMINGTON, July 24.—Turpentine steady at 43c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—Spot wheat quiet. Corn unchanged. Wheat to arrive easier. Corn steady.

LONDON, July 24.—Weather in England unsettled. Spot wheat and mixed Western corn quiet and steady; red winter to arrive 3d lower. Mark Lane wheat and corn quiet. Country markets firm. Demand from United Kingdom and continent moderate for wheat and corn.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—Lard—Prime Western steady at 63s. Cheese—American choice dull at 57s. Corn—Mixed old dull at 32s. Turpentine spirits dull at 36s 6d; at London dull at 36s 9d. Wheat—Spring No. 2 steady at 9s 8d; white steady at 10s; winter steady at 10s 3d. Wheat receipts for the week—Atlantic ports, 84,000; Pacific, 40,000; other sources, 34,000; corn, 36,000.

Romance of a Waif.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

A highly sensational suit has been commenced in the Knox, Ohio, Common Pleas Court, to determine the parental origin of a lady formerly of this city, and thereby involving the title to about $40,000 worth of property. The history of the case, strange and eventful and in many places interspersed with romance, is briefly as follows: In the year 1838, near the town of Worthington, Franklin county, Ohio, there was born to a poor, unmarried girl, Nancy J. Elliott, a daughter. About two years after James E. Woodbridge, then one of M. Vernon's most prominent and wealthy merchants, and his wife became acquainted. Miss Elliott gave them her child, they having no children, promising her that they would rear and educate her as their own, and upon their decease the little girl should be their sole heir. The mother, after much solicitation consented. Another part of the agreement was that the child should never know but that Mr. and Mrs. Woodbridge were her true parents. The little girl was brought to her new home in this city, was taught to love her foster-parents, to call them father and mother, was introduced into society as their daughter, and always known as Mary Woodbridge.

In 1870 she was married to one G. E. Swan, M. D. At the time of the marriage it was not suspected by Dr. Swan but that he was marrying the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Woodbridge, and for a number of years they visited their supposed parents, strangers to the secret. In 1874 Mr. Woodbridge died, and immediately after his death Mrs Swan, who was then, and is now, residing at Beaver Dam, Wisconsin, with her husband, was informed by Mrs. Woodbridge that she was not their daughter. Mrs. Woodbridge took possession of her husband's estate, valued at $50,000. In 1875 she died, leaving a will and naming her brother, R. W. Shahan, of Tiffin, Ohio, as executor.

Mrs. Swan was unable to fathom the deep mystery surrounding her birth, until in March, 1882, she on a visit to Mount Vernon with her husband, she obtained a clue that placed her in possession of the secret of her maternity. She now learns that her mother on several occasions visited at the home of Woodbridge and wife while her little girl was there, but that, pursuant to her agreement made at the earnest request of Mr. Woodbridge, did not disclose to her child that she was her mother. Suit has now been commenced to recover the whole of the estate.

Grant for Governor of New York.

From a Cincinnati Commercial Special.

The Stalwarts all express the greatest surprise at the mention of Gen. Grant in connection with the nomination. To those who were spoken with to-day on the matter the suggestion that he was regarded by them as the man to be selected to unite the party in the State, was, however, asserted to. On the other hand, Conkling men say: "This is not Grant's opportunity, and if he has welfare of the Republican party in New York sincerely at heart he will stand back and let us fight this fight out in the way people desire to see it fought."

'Change Crumbs.

A petition was circulated among the Call Board operators on 'Change to-day and fully signed by them, asking the Board of Directors to increase the salary of Mr. Joe Carr, the Exchange caller, to $3,000 a year, as by his late work he has shown distinguished ability to fill the position he now holds.

At the afternoon call a motion was made by J. C. MacGinnitie and seconded by D. R. Francis, that the regular 11:30 call be strictly and exclusively for cash grain alone, options being therein excluded. This motion was adopted and will be brought before the directors for their approval.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for 48 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.
Cattle	9,084	1,388	886	315
Hogs	14,061	9,873	3,940	3,940
Sheep	696	800	229	.....

CATTLE—The supply was comparatively light, about sixty-five car-loads in all, which consisted mainly of grass Texans and the balance of common native cows, heifers and Southwest steers. Buyers were out of stock and readily took what was offered at advances of 10 to 20c per 100 lbs. This was especially the case on butcher stock and the canning cattle. However the reports from other markets are quite flattering, denoting light supply and prices higher. Native shipping steers none offered and were wanted, that is, very good ones. Country shippers should not send in green and unmatured stock. Stock and feeding steers dull. Milch cows with calves scarce and wanted. Ruling quotations firm.

SELLING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$4 40@ 7 75
Heavy shipping steers	7 00@ 7 40
Grass native steers	5 00@ 6 25

HOGS—Prices were 5@10c per 100 lbs higher. Supply limited and mainly of common and mix lots. Local butchers and shippers were on hand and wanted decent hogs, and were disappointed at the scant offerings. Shipping pigs $7 10@7 40; light to good Yorkers $7 50@8; common to good packing $7 60@8; butcher and select $8 10@8 50; skips and culls $4 50@6 50.

SHEEP—The market is good for fair to good muttons. Supply moderate and mainly of medium sheep. Lambs scarce. Stock sheep are selling. Values firm. Common sheep dull.

Common to medium $3@3 40; fair to good $3 50@4 00; good to prime $4 10@4 50; fancy $4 60@5 00; stock sheep $3@3 50 per head; Texas sheep $3 25@3 00.

Horses and Mules.

The demand fair for good stock; common stock dull. Offerings light.

HORSES.

Southern horses, good	110@125
Streeters, good	145@155
Heavy draught, good	150@160
Heavy draught, extra	175@200
Nice drivers	150@175
Saddlers, extra	125@150
Plugs, heavy	60@ 65
Cavalry, 15¾ to 16¾	120@135

MULES.

13½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	70@ 75
14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	85@100
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@12
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	130@14
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	160@12
16 to 16½ hands, extra	180@27

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, July 24.—Cattle inactive; sales 3,200; prime $8@8 50; good $7@7 87½; medium $6@6 75; common $4 50@5 75; fat cows $4@5 25. Sheep dull; sales 10,000; prime $5 25@5 50; good $4 75@5; medium $4 25@4 50, common $3 75@4; culls $3 25@3 50. Calves at $6@8. Lambs at $4@7. Hogs active; sales 3,300 at $11 50@12 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Flour—Receipts 17,000 barrels; sales 11,000; dull and strongly in buyers favor. Wheat heavy and unsettled at 1¾@2¾ lower; active speculative trading; sales 240,000 bu.; No. 2 red July at $1 06@1 17; 880,000 bu August at $1 14¾@1 15½; 680,000 bu September at $1 14¾@1 16¾; 440,000 bu October at $1 16@1 16¾; 216,000 bu year at $1 14¾@1 15. Corn ½@¾c lower and heavy; mixed Western spot 82@83¾; futures 78@83¾; sales 560,000 bu. Oats—Cash and July firm; late months ¼@2¾ lower; Western 64@78; sales 160,000 bu, including No. 2 August at 50¾@51¾; September 44@ 44¾. Beef quiet. Pork dull and weak; new mess $22; old $21. Lard about 5c lower and weak; steam rendered at 12.75 Butter dull and declining; Western 14@23; Elgin creamery 24¾; Orange county 24@25. Sugar steady. Molasses quiet. Petroleum firm. Rice stronger. Coffee firm. Freights firm. Turpentine dull at 46¾@46¾. Rosin steady at $1 90@2 00. Tallow firm at 8¾@8¾. Western eggs firm at 30¾@31.

BALTIMORE, July 24.—Flour lower and quiet; Western superfine $3@3 75; extra $4@5 25; family $5 50@

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
627 Olive street, St. Louis.
Copying and enlarging from old Pictures. Special attention paid to Crayon work and Pastel.
Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

GLOBE FILES!
Indexes and Transfer Cases
Are the Newest and Best.
SOLD BY
Robt. D. Patterson & Co.
STATIONERS,
316 and 318 North Third Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Cheapest Yet!

On Monday morning D. Crawford & Co. will offer 500 pieces new Pacific lawns for 4c a yard, which are being sold everywhere for 12½c. See them.

GENUINE BOSTON ART FURNITURE
In St. Louis at Boston Prices.
No extra charge for freight.
GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.,
500 N. Fourth street, cor. St. Charles.

ONE Killeen is representing himself connected with this office and collecting in Carondelet money account of subscription. Killeen has no connection with this office and no authority to collect.

SUPERIOR EAU DE COLOGNE, equal to the imported, in pint bottles. Pozzoni, 507 N. Sixth street.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. Pays special attention to gentlemen.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

DRUNKENNESS and opium habits cured with Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Gold Remedies. Call or write. 414 North Seventh street. P. D. Cordell, agent.

Ho! for Perry Springs!
For best and cheapest route to Perry Springs take steamer Calhoun. Round-trip tickets to hotel door and return, $5.

CALL and see Van Blarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 618 North Seventh street.

SPORTING.

Base Ball Games—Racing Events—General Notes and Gossip.

Yesterday the Reds and the Standards met upon the diamond field, and the former defeated their old rivals by the score of 11 to 10. The experiment of trying Dolan, their new pitcher, proved disastrous to the Standards as they would have won the game if Hogan had not been removed at the end of the fourth inning.

The Nationals of East St. Louis met and defeated a nine picked from all St. Louis, by a score of 12 to 9.

There were a number of games played yesterday, the results of which are here given.
Stars vs. Westerns, 8 to 7.
Lauderdales vs. Mabley Westerns, 21 to 20.
Athletic vs. Lone Stars, 2 to 1.
S. Straus & Co. vs. Russell, 12 to 8.
New Home vs. Anchor, 8 to 6.
West Ends vs. Missouri Pacific, 6 to 5.

The compositors of the POST-DISPATCH met their rivals of the Republican, and the youthful P. D. walked away from the old man of 1808 by a score of 42 to 8.

The North Ends knocked the Polack's nine out of time. Score 37 to 14.

The Stoddard-Eclipse defeated the Mayflowers yesterday. Score 14 to 13.

The Athletics of Philadelphia defeated the St. Louis Browns, on Saturday, by a score of 9 to 8, in Philadelphia.

The Vandalia Base Ball Club defeated the Ohio and Mississippi Base Ball Club in National Park, East St. Louis, by a score of 34 to 18, in eight innings.

On Saturday at Saratoga: Blue Grass Belle won the five furlong race in 1:04 with Barbarian second. Second race, one mile and one furlong, was won by Bootjack, Boatman second. Time, 1:54½. The third race was a mile and five furlongs. The first, Frankie B, second. Time, 2:51. Fourth race, ¾ mile, won by Iota, Antrim second. Time, 1:16.

At the Chicago trotting meeting Croxie defeated Overman, Abe Downing and King Williams; time, 2:28, 2:23¼, 2:25. Black Cloud defeated Monroe Chief and Tom Thoman in the stallion sweepstakes; time, 2:19, 2:18¾, 2:17¾.

The third race was the three minute class for a purse of $1,000. Jim Bowman won in three straight heats. Time 2:20¼, 2:20¾, 2:22¾. Bud Doble was so well pleased with the winner that he paid $3,000 for him during the race. The whole weeks, meeting has been a success, and the association clears between $18,000 and $20,000 on the week.

This evening at 8 o'clock there will be a meeting in the gentleman's parlor of the Southern Hotel to form a driving club The call is signed by Ed. Martin, J. L. January, Edwin Hayden, Thos. H. Rockwood, F. X. Barada and Robert J. Lucas.

Pearl Jennings won another triumph on Saturday, defeating Red Roy in Salt Lake—one mile and a quarter, in 2:11, for a purse of $10,000.

John Donaldson, of Milwaukee, is out in a challenge to fight any living man, Joan Sullivan barred, save Tug Wilson preferred, for $5,000 a side.

Billy Madden writes a card to the New York Herald to answer to the numerous challenge of "Tug" Wilson, offering to back Sullivan in another sparring match on same terms, or a regular prize fight for $5,000 a side.

GIVEN AWAY.

$10. Gold and Silver. $1,000.

To each and every lady who ibuys a sewing machine will be given a certificate of gold and silver mining stock, valued at $10 and liable to yield $1,000. The mines are now being worked with hopeful indications. You have your choice of the three best machines in the market, either the "WHITE," "NEW STEWART," or "STEWART SINGER." Terms, cash $10 and balance in weekly installments of $1, or liberal discount for all cash. Each machine fully warranted. I have no canvassers. Call at office, 114 N. Sixth street. Offer good till September 30. JNO. L. STANAGE.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company have issued a new freight tariff.

The St. Louis and Cairo Railroad announces that from and after to-day it will receive and ship coal oil on Tuesdays only.

Mr. H. C. Townsend, general passenger agent of the Wabash Line, leaves for New York to-night to attend the meetings of the Trunk Line Pool Association at the offices of Commissioner Fink in New York City on Wednesday and Thursday. Messrs. Gault and Bird of the same road left for New York last evening.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

BOB PATE.

How He Has Grown Rich While Others Have Gone to Ruin.

He Admits Wholesale Bribery and Corruption in His Sworn Evidence.

A Self-Convicted Perjurer and Betrayer of His Associates.

He Defrauds the City of $9,000 Bonds—He is Expelled From the Trotting Association for Selling a Race—The Career of the Man Crittenden Admires and Pardons.

While posing as an innocent-guilty, suffering-without-sinning Robert C. Pate, the boss gambler of St. Louis, has endeavored to excite sympathy to which he is not entitled. A few days ago he was arraigned in the Criminal Court, and while avowing his innocence in the same breath he pleaded guilty. Friends were on hand to pay tribute to his "various virtues." The fact was patent, however, that the hartiest sympathizers, who have worked up a similar sentiment of lukewarmth in a few others, are men who have been in the employ, and who have eaten and drunk the corn, wine and oil of the gambling martyr. A history of Pate since he came to St. Louis, and the disregard he has shown for the law for fifteen years, will put him in a different light before the public eye. His defiance towards laws which made his nefarious calling a crime against public morals is not equaled by any other prisoner in jail, while the facts given below will show whether he is a faithful, honest, charitable man, as is claimed for him in paid endeavors to excite sympathy. His history, most of which is from the most authentic source, viz., himself, is appended:

A CAREER OF CORRUPTION.

In 1867 Pate opened a saloon at the stock yards in Cincinnati after his return from Clarksville, Tenn., where he had been recruiting negro companies. A few months later he opened a faro bank on Race street in that city, which he suddenly closed after a run of three months. In February, 1868, he came to St. Louis, since which date his career has been one of corruption and defiance of the law. He went into the saloon business on Chestnut, just below Fourth street, and the following summer opened a saloon and keno house at No. 12 North Fourth street with two partners, both of whom, it is said, he euchred out of their interests, although they first obtained a toohold for him. His history in St. Louis is but poor substantiation for the laudatory statements of his charity made by Col. Nat. Claiborne in the Criminal Court. Nearly all men who engaged in business with him, and who at that time were financially betteroff, are today poorer men by hundreds of thousandsof dollars, while some are engaged in a desperate struggle to gain enough to keep body and soul togeiher. The best idea of his own corrupting methods and criminal trickery can be gleaned from his own sworn testimony given in the Criminal Court on the trial for perjury of Alanson B. Wakefield, whois now an insane convict in the State asylum serving the sentence of two years in the Penitentiary assessed for the offense. Wakefield was the "go-between" of the gambling ring, and when summoned before the grand jury swore that he had never received any money from Pate and never given any information as to the time of raids. The jury discovered differently and returned an indictment against Wakefield for perjury. The case was tried in the Criminal Court March 10, 1879. Wakefield was convicted and sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary.

PATE, THE BRIBE GIVER.

In this case Robert C. Pate was called as a witness and testified as follows: "At No. 12 North Fourth street I was in the gambling business until two or three months ago. I met Wakefield in the spring of 1875, and arranged with him to run keno, and he said if I would give him 50 per cent of the profits of the house, 25 per cent for him and 25 per cent for his friends and $400 for the Police Board a month, he could give me information as to when raids were to be made. He was secured by $975 and lasted up to a portion of 1876. It was varied some, but not as to the amount he was to receive up to 1875. In 1876 I became a little shaky by the city authorities and Judge Dullieu, who changed the proprietorship of the house. I then acted as agent for Wakefield and the proprietor. The money I received was the same as before. The only interest Wakefield had was to protect me from raids. I paid him different sums of money, from $600, $8.0, $1,000, $1,200, $1,400 and $1,500 a month, while running under the agreement, and now as attorney and he did not act as an attorney for me. He would convey the knowledge of the raids to me through my cashier, as it would not be policy for him to do it himself. Wakefield sent for me to the Planters' House in 1877 and said that on Saturday there would be a raid, and I had better close up. There was a raid just as he said. I was prepared for raids all the time. His money and $400 was set apart, and he would say, 'I can't take this money,' and would pull out a deck of cards and we would play seven-up, and he would win. I would never win when we played, and if I did he would call it a rub and play another game, and he would win."

A SELF-CONFESSED PERJURER.

In addition to this case of bribery the following from himself will be interesting in regard to the statements concerning his veracity and non-gambling virtues, and will throw some light on the way he defrauded the city of forfeited bonds: "I sold the saloon to Sodtman in 1876, and after I sold it I told the party he was to be proprietor and I was to get the proceeds and would put them where they would do the most good. I opened up again on my own account in 1876. I managed the proceeds all the time, and Sodtman got the same salary as before, and then it dropped into my hands. There was no change but a formal one. I was sued once by a man who lost money in the house to get it back, and I testified in the case and so did the man. I beat him. I do not recollect any of the testimony in the case, and I may have sworn I was not the proprietor. I swore I was a married man and a farmer; that I had been farming for three months; that I once had an interest in keno, but not for a year past; that I used to bet on elections and games of chance, and knew all about them, and that I had quit all that kind of thing." Here Mr. Cline for the defense read Pate's testimony given in the suit in the Circuit Court, in which he swears that he was not the proprietor of the gambling-house at No. 12 North Fourth street and questioned the witness, who continued his confession: "I now say that during all that time I took the proceeds, except of the salaries, and say so now, which is true on both occasions. What I got I called a salary." Briefly stated, Pate received all the proceeds while another formally controlled the business by his grace and still he swears he was not the owner.

His methods of eluding justice and the processes of the law, outlined by himself, will give some idea of the crimes that were resorted to to cover other crime during the recent struggle of the law. Last November, when the police were awakened from their profitable apathy and the first gambling cases were made, Pate was arrested. When the case was called in the Court of Criminal Correction his brother, Henry C., took the witness stand and swore that he, Henry, was sole proprietor of the game of keno at No. 12 North Fourth street. The police were unable, and probably unwilling at the time, to prove the contrary, and the result was that Pate was discharged. Last month Pate was arraigned in the Criminal Court on a like charge, committed since June, '81, and he pleaded guilty to it, although his brother Henry had sworn that he was the sole proprietor in the Court of Criminal Correction.

HOW PATE ESCAPED WHILE HIS SUBORDINATES SUFFERED.

Although directly responsible for nearly one thousand misdemeanors brought to the knowledge of the police, Pate himself has managed to escape, prior to his arrest on sixty indictments for setting up and establishing a lottery, and nearly a like number of charges for gambling. Since these offenses have been made a felony, Pate was duly arrested twice, once on April 25, and once April 27, 1879, both on charges of gamoling. One of these cases was nolle prossed, and on the other the police failed to produce the testimony, and he was acquitted.

PATE EXPELLED FROM THE TURF.

In 1878 Pate was a member of the Trotting Association, and was following the Ohio, Illinois, New York and Michigan circuits. At Utica, New York, in the spring he was present and participated in a "thrown-off race," and was openly charged with fraud and playing funds for parties in the race. The reputable horsemen who ran on the tracks made charges before the association, from which Pate was promptly expelled for his disreputable practices. Through great exertions, on investigation a thin coat of whitewash was spread and the dirty work was pronounced only a violation of the association rules for which a fine of $1,000 was prescribed by the directors. In the following July Pate paid the fine of $1,000 and by this secured admission to the track again.

In '73 he was indicted by the grand jury for gambling.

PATE BILKS THE CITY.

In September, 1875, the police made an effort to suppress the evil, which corrupted officials and citizens alike. War was waged on Pate's house, 12 N. Fourth street, and forty-five of his men were arrested one night. Pate, who represented himself as qualified, entered on their bonds in the sum of $200 each, making an aggregate of $9,000. The forty-five bonds were forfeited.

On motion of the City Attorney final judgment was rendered against R. C. Pate on these forfeited bonds as follows in December, 1875:

Against R. C. Pate as security for $200 on forfeited bond of Rudolph Warner, principal, charged with gambling.

Against R. C. Pate, for $200, as security on forfeited bond of Thomas Johnson.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of J. F. Brooks.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of R Ufer.

Against R. C. Pate as security for $200 on forfeited bond of John Goses.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jas. H. Jenks.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of C. Wright.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bonds of Columbus Therry.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of John Drapel.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Gust. Lennest.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Wm. Clark.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jerry Johnson.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jas. H. Jenks.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Ed. Meyers.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bonds of Charles Williams.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of J. B. Hickman.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jas. Arthurs.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jas. Pratt.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of John A. Smith.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of H. Ritter.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Henry Welsh.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of James Houns.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Peter Schumacher.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of John Thompson.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Thos. Leonard.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jas. Long.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Jas. Reagan.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Diedrich Radlem.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Bruce Bird.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Geo. Bunyan.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Max Webster.

Against R. C. Pate for $200, as security on forfeited bond of Frank Lichtner.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Sam Jones.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Alex Teets.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of W. Haley.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of G. S. Stark.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Chas. Brown.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of C. Holmes.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of E. Andrews.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of S. Reppert.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of Albert Ufer.

Against R. C. Pate for $200 as security on forfeited bond of W. Thomas.

Executions for these amounts were issued and placed in the hands of Deputy Marshal Coffee, who held them for satisfaction until December, when under the law they had to be returned when the entry "nulla bona"—no property found on which to levy—was made on each, and they were stowed away with other useless papers as evidence of how Pate euchred the city out of $9,000 at one time. This he has attempted to justify, but his statements are flatly denied by the city authorities and Judge Dullieu, who then presided in the First District Court. His testimony quoted above shows how he managed the little game through which the city lost $9,000 and forty-five gamblers escaped. Notwitstanding this fact, which was published in the POST-DISPATCH last March, Pate accepted as bondsman to the extent of $25,500 in the Criminal Court in the gambling cases and $2,500 in the case of Henry F. Ferris, was convicted of perjury and under sentence for manslaughter, and who is Pate's friend and ward.

BRIEFLY SUMMED UP,

the qualities of the martyr gambler are but poor recommendations for public sympathy and executive clemency. He has continuously and uninterruptedly defied the laws for fifteen years. By his own admissions on the witness stand he has been the debasing hand in politics, corrupting the officers of the law, and manipulating elections. He has defrauded the city out of $9,000 bonds by trickery. He was expelled from the Trotting Association for disreputable practices and fined $1,000 for gambling. On the witness stand in courts of justice he has sworn in the same breath that he was not the proprietor, while he received the profits of the game and disposed and placed the monies. Self-convicted briber, perjurer and corruptionist Bob Pate is the last man to pose as a candidate for public sympathy.

BABY CARRIAGES, VERY CHEAP
To Reduce Stock at Simmons Hardware Co.

READ the list of telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH and avail yourself of this convenience.

Assault and Battery.

Yesterday afternoon Patrick Haley brutally assaulted a simple-minded fellow named Archie Bradley, in front of his house, No. 315 Biddie street. There has been a feud between them for some time, and Haley took the opportunity yesterday of venting his ire. Bradley was badly pummelled about the head. He is considered in a dangerous condition. This morning his sister swore out a warrant for assault and battery against Haley and he was arrested.

Mrs. Grundy.
If you will call at Vienna Model Bakery any time you will be much enlightened in regard to subject of postal card.
J. C. SNODGRASS & CO.

THE telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH are for the convenience of want advertisers. See the list at head of paper.

MADAM C. F. BOEDEKER, one of the principals in the "Scissors Duel" printed in Saturday's POST-DISPATCH, claims that the account of the encounter is greatly exaggerated.

THE telephone offices of the POST-DISPATCH are for the convenience of want advertisers. See the list at head of paper.

FOR ONCE!
The "Stay-at-Home Club" and the "Cant-Get-Aways" can bear with equanimity the "slings of outrageous fortune" as they drink in the cool breezes and crawl under a blanket at night, and the gents who are doing Manhattan Beach, Cape May and "the Branch," sigh as the weekly hotel bills become due, and even wish they were back in the "F. G." Ameng the cool spots in and around our beautiful city, we modestly mention the Great Outfitting House on Fifth and Morgan. It is here that the weary shopper, who has been tramping the city over in search of bargains, can find a delightful repose and pleasant surroundings. Why, it's worth getting tired to come to the Famous to rest—comfortable seats, splashing fountains, singing birds and flowers, the high ceilings wide, open doors and windows, and the general air of cheerfulness and comfort that appear on every side, speak as plain as old-fashioned talk, "You are welcome, whether you buy or not." Come in, if you are tired running around town, and rest. We are prepared to entertain the weary ones, young and old, and if there is anything we can do for you to make your brief stay pleasant, why just give us a hint and you'll find us ready to serve you. We won't say anything about goods this time. You know what we keep for sale, and how low our prices are. As usual,
FAMOUS.
Chicago and Kansas City Tickets WANTED.
MULFORD & McKENZIE,
Ticket Brokers,
108 N. Fourth St. and Twelfth and Poplar Sts.

PECK WILL PUSH IT.

Sensational Allegations in a Legal Petition.

Chas. H. Peck Charges Chas. P. Chouteau With Craft, Cunning and Fraud—A Bitter Legal Fight Announced.

Late Saturday afternoon Mr. Charles H. Peck commenced an action in the Circuit Court against Mr. Charles P. Chouteau, alleging certain irregularities on the part of Mr. Chouteau as one of the trustees of certain funds of the old Vulcan Iron-works Company, pending the embarrassment of that company several years ago. It is expected the suit will develop into one of the most sensational that has been tried in our courts for many years. Both Mr. Chouteaujand Mr. O. L. Garrison, the secretary of the old company, declined to make any statements to reporters beyond expressing the hope that Mr. Peck would push the suit. This Mr. Peck promises to do; he stetes that he will commence taking depositions immediately. Notice of the taking of depositions was served on Mr. Chouteau this morning:

The petition, which is filed by Geo. J. Davis and J. B. Woodward, is as follows:
Chas. H. Peck, plaintiff, vs. Chas. P. Chouteau, defendant in his own behalf, and those who may desire to join with him as plaintiff herein.

Plaintiff for cause of action states that in the year 1875 the Vulcan Iron-works, a corporation at that time organized and doing business in this city and State, for the purpose of paying certain indebtedness, and the further purpose of building a steel plant and otherwise extending its works, did on or about

THE 24TH DAY OF MAY, 1875,
issue $1,000,000 in bonds, said issue being of 1,000 bonds of the par value of $1,000 each, and made due and payable on the 15th day of April, 1885, each bearing interest at the rate of 10 per centum per annum from date. Which bonds were secured by a deed of trust on the property and works of said corporation.

Plaintiff further states that a part of said bonds were at once used in extinguishing the then existing indebtedness of said corporation and the remainder held in reserve for the building of the said steel plant and like objects of the company. That the directors of said company, subsequent to their issue, frequently discussed and objected to the high rate of interest being paid on same, and at a meeting of said directors, held on the 18th day of April, 1876, for the purpose of passing some arrangements for obtaining money at a lower rate of interest, they decided that the money could be obtained on the company's indorsed notes at a lower rate of interest, and a resolution was passed by the company setting aside and appropriating

TWO HUNDRED OF SAID BONDS TO BE HELD IN

as collateral security for the paymeot and protection of such stockholders as would indorse the company's notes in borrowing money to the same, and the said meeting another resolution was passed appointing two trustees and designating and appointing defendant, Charles P. Chouteau, as one of the said two trustees to take charge of said bonds to be used as above stated, and defendant accepted the trust reposed in him. Soon there after under said resolution plaintiff, with other stockholders, relying upon said security for protection, and at that time believing that said trustee, Charles P. Chouteau, was

A MAN OF MORAL SOUNDNESS AND PROBITY,
did indorse said company's notes from time to time in the amount of about $25,000 until the suspension of said corporation in the month of October, 1877, other stockholders indorsing in a like manner to the further extent of about $75,000. After said suspension plaintiff for the first time learned that said trustee, appointed as aforesaid, had not discharged the duties imposed upon them by said resolution, in this: They did not attempt to and did not take into their posse-sion said trust bonds until about the 5th day of June, 1877, at which date they gave a certificate to the secretary of said company that

THEY FOUND BUT 178 OF THE SAID 200 BONDS,
so set apart as aforesaid to be held as collateral security for the indorsers under said resolutions in the sum of $26,000. Plaintiff further alleges that the said company suspended in the month of September, 1877, being at that time insolvent, and just prior to its suspension its executive officers reduced the indebtedness of said indorsed notes as aforesaid, and among the notes so paid was a part of those upon which plaintiff was indorser, thereby

REDUCING HIS LIABILITY
as indorser on this company's notes under said arrangement to $10,000, which sum he was compelled to and did pay in cash by reason of his said indorsement, and the remaining indorsers, for about $138,000, were in like manner compelled to and did pay their said indorsements.

Plaintiff further states that at the time and times hereinbefore and hereinafter stated said defendant, Charles P. Chouteau, was a director in said company, and, by reason of his position in said company, knew all of its difficulties and embarrassments, and was thereby enabled to and did anticipate its suspension in October, 1877, in this: With craft and cunning, without authority of law, and fraudulently, he did,

ABOUT ONE WEEK BEFORE THE COMPANY'S SUSPENSION,
wrongfully and wickedly and with the purpose and design to cheat and defraud plaintiff and others of his and their said collateral security for his and their indorsements, take one hundred of said trust bonds, of the value of $100,000, and appropriate the same to his own use. This without the knowledge or consent of plaintiff or of said corporation; and to the great surprise of the indorsers, after the suspension it was found, in consequence of the vicious acts of said Chouteau, that but seventy-eight bonds remained in the hands of said trustees to indemnify plaintiff and other indorsers as aforesaid. That upon the facts being ascertained and brought home to said Chouteau he was compelled to and DID DISGORGE ABOUT $14,000 IN VALUE OF SAID BONDS,

but clung to the remaining $86,000, and, though often demanded, refused and still refuses to execute the trust reposed in him by the surrender of said bonds over to the cestui que trust.

Plaintiff further states that with the seventy-eight bonds on hand which were used, and those disgorged as aforesaid by said Chouteau, the $10,000 loss paid as aforesaid was reduced by a payment to him (plaintiff) of his aliquot part as one of the indorsers, amounting to $6,130, and being ignorant of all facts connected with the

TREACHERY AND DECEIT OF SAID CHOUTEAU
at the time, he was induced to, and did, take $3,820 in stock of the company, although the same then had no market value.

And plaintiff hereby tenders to said Chouteau said stock so taken in lieu of the $3,820 that said Chouteau has defrauded him of.

Premises considered, plaintiff prays the court that said defendant, trustee as aforesaid, be served with the process of this court, and that, on a full and final hearing, he be compelled to bring into court the remaining bonds so fraudulently retained and still held by him as aforesaid, and deliver the same over, or so much thereof as will satisfy plaintiff's demand, and that he be required to fully and honestly perform the trust reposed in him; and plaintiff prays for such other and further relief as to the court may seem meet and proper.

Vienna Zweiback.
Best food for children. Beats pretzels and and baby jumbles. Prepared only by Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

"Billee Taylor" continues its magnificent run at Uhrig's Cave, the audience last night being large and enthusiastic. The performance will be repeated this evening by Ford's Opera Company.

This evening the Hess Opera Company will appear at the Pickwick Theater in "Olivette;" to-morrow evening, "Chimes of Normandy," and a change of bill every night. This is a departure from the regular course which will doubtless be appreciated by the public.

Miss Flora Pike is to give a concert at Pope's Theater Friday night, August 11. Tickets for sale at Wood & Co.'s music store on Olive street. Miss Pike is a very pretty little lady who played a successful engagement in New York last winter, and she has many admirers in this city. She is to be assisted by some excellent local talent.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ The best tooth powder is Caswell, Massey & Co.'s DENTINE, 1117 Broadway and 578 Fifth ave., New York, and Newport, R.I.

Weather Indications for to-day are: Warmer, partly cloudy.

Suits That Fit to Perfection!
"Lives of great men all remind us,
We can make our lives sublime,"
But the height of our ambition
Is to b-U-I-T you every time.
Rich and Elegant Dress SUITS that FIT artistically. Durable and stylish Business SUITS in shapes and colors that will please the most elastic taste. Fine India Seersucker SUITS, but little heavier than a feather, and in which one can keep as "Cool as a Cucumber." But the SUIT that we are SUIT-(ing) nearly EVERYBODY in this season is OUR OWN Home-Spun Flax SUIT. Only $10. It is simply IRRESISTIBLE!!!
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
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CHARTER OAK STOVES AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS
FOR SALE BY
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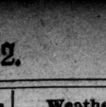
PERMANENT cure for toothache, neuralgia and lockjaw without using drugs. Neuralgia of long standing cured in a few days, no cure, no pay. $25. Ordinary cases cured, from $2 to $10, in advance. Ordinary cases of toothache cured and the teeth preserved from further decay. Office hours, 8 a. m. till 6 p. m.
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FOR RENT!
STORES:
102 N. Fourth St., first class location.
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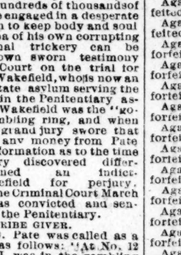
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Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.
Houses, lots and storestor rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
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TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.
THE KING OF THE BODY IS THE BRAIN; THE STOMACH ITS MAIN SUPPORT; THE NERVES ITS MESSENGERS: THE BOWELS, THE KIDNEYS AND THE PORES ITS SAFEGUARDS. INDIGESTION CREATES A VIOLENT REVOLT AMONG THESE ATTACHES OF THE REGAL ORGAN, AND TO BRING THEM BACK TO THEIR DUTY, THERE IS NOTHING LIKE THE REGULATING, PURIFYING, INVIGORATING, COOLING OPERATION OF TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. IT RENOVATES THE SYSTEM AND RESTORES TO HEALTH BOTH THE BODY AND THE MIND.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FULL STOCK OF THE BEST GOODS.
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For England, France & Germany.
WIELAND ..August 3 | FRISIA.....August 17
WESTPHALIA August 10 | SUEVIA.....July 27
Rates to Plymouth, London, Cherbourg, Hamburg:—First cabin, $100; second, $60; steerage, $30. Round trips at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage from Hamburg, Havre or Southampton, $21.
Send for "Tourist Gazette."
Steamers marked * take steerage passengers only.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., Gen. Pass. Agt., 61 Broadway, New York.
Agents in St. Louis: Fourth National Bank, International Bank. J. P. White & Co.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of
Hans J. Schwansen,
deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.
MARIA SCHWANSEN,
Administratrix of Hans J. Schwansen, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., July 22, 1882. 74P

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of
Chester Harding, Jr.,
deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.
JOSEPH GARNEAU, Jr.,
Administrator of Chester Harding, Jr., deceased.
Herman & Reyburn, attorneys for administrator.
St. Louis, July 22, 1882. 73P

ESTATE of John Hunn, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of
John Hunn,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 22d day of July, 1882.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 24th day of July, 1882.
CATHARINE E. HUNN,
73P Executrix of John Hunn, deceased.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of
Sarah L. Coleman,
deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator, with the will annexed, of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1882.
ROB'T E. COLLINS,
Administrator c. t. a. of Sarah L. Coleman, deceased. 80P

LEGAL.

Sheriff Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John C. Degenhart is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on McPherson avenue, 170 feet 7 inches in front or width and 175 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being part of lot 32 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city and bounded on the north by McPherson avenue, on the east by Sarah avenue, on the south by real estate of said defendant on the west by that of one Lighton.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Lindell avenue, containing three and 57-100 acres, being part of lot 82 in P. Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of said defendant and others, on the east by Sarah avenue, on the south by Lindell avenue, on the west by real estate of one Patchin.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 971

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Christian Kreibs and Eliza A. Kreibs are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Four lots of ground on Kosciusko street, in city block 748, each 30 feet in front or width, and 145 feet in depth or depth, being lots 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 5 in Blow and La Beaume's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Kosciusko street, in city block 746, in front or width 42 feet 3 inches in the one part, and 36 feet in the other part and 145 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 5, in Blow & La Beaume's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 965

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John A. Huck is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Three lots of ground on Fairview avenue, in city block 1650, each 30 feet in front or width, and 176 feet in length or depth, being lots 1, 2 and 3 in block 4 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 2. Three lots of ground on McDonald avenue, in city block 1697, each 100 feet in front or width, and 176 feet in length or depth, being lots 4, 5 and 6 in block 4 in Hunt's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19, 1882. 150

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Edward Wills and against the University Street Baptist Church, a corporation.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered thirty-six (36) of block numbered thirty-nine (39) and lettered "H" (block number 39 H), of an addition to the city of St. Louis known as Union Addition, said lot fronting twenty-five feet on University street and running northwardly for depth one hundred and eight (108) feet to an alley, bounded on the south by said University street, on the west by lot numbered thirty-seven (37) of said block, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot numbered thirty-five (35) of said block, together with the improvements thereon.

Also, lot numbered thirty-seven (37) of block numbered thirty-nine (39), and lettered "H," of an addition to the city of St. Louis aforesaid known as Union Addition, said lot being a front of twenty-five (25) feet on University street and running northwardly for depth one hundred and eight (108) feet the same width to an alley running east and west through said block, bounded on the south by University street, on the west by lot number thirty-eight (38) of said block, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot numbered thirty six of said block.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 961

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Juliette Long, Marcus A. Wolff, Josiah G. McClellan, trustee are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Market street, in city block 2025, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 2 in Mill's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Chestnut street, in city block 925, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 27 in block 2 in Mill's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 963

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph H. Degenhart is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Four lots of ground on Kosciusko street, in city block 748, each 30 feet in front or width, and 145 feet in length or depth, being lots 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 5 in Blow and La Beaume's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Kosciusko street, in city block 746, in front or width 42 feet 3 inches in the one part, and 36 feet in the other part and 145 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 5, in Blow & La Beaume's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 67M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Veronica Backer, Francis Houlicomb, Jean Houlicomb, Edward Bauer, John Baker, Andrew MacKay, John A. Harrison, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on De Kalb street, in city block 767, 42 feet 6 inches in front or width and 165 feet in length or depth, being in block 18 in St George's Audition to said city and bounded on the north by Louisa street, on the east by an alley, on the south by real estate of one Merry, on the west by De Kalb street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Fourth street in city block 2914, 25 feet in front or width and 147 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being in block 86 in Eliot's survey, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Slevin, on the east by that of one Yore, on the south by that of one Herbel, on the west by Fourth street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 68M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Juliette Long, Marcus A. Wolff, Josiah G. McClellan, trustee are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 2948, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 2 in Mill's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Chestnut street, in city block 925, 25 feet in front or width and 80 feet in length or depth, being lot 27 in block 2 in Mill's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 69M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Dickson, guardian and Joseph C. Hill, a minor, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block 14 of survey 3 in city block 811, having a front of 68 feet 9 inches on Franklin street by a depth of fifty feet, and bounded north by Tener, east by Second street, south by Franklin street, and west by Deutman.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 70M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Maggie J. Burge, unknown children of Maggie J. Burge, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Sarah street, 35 feet in front or width and 209 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lot 6 in County Farm addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Osage street in city block 2569, 25 feet in front or width, and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 7 in city commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 1M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Edward H. Ponath is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue in city block 752, 25 feet 3 inches in front or width and 132 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in St George's addition to said city.

And will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 2M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Conroy, Gregoire Aubuchon, Henry Berry, trustee, Henry Berry, Jacob L. Bells, Nicholas L. Bells, Stevens Bank, Thomas B. Rodgers are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on First avenue 50 feet in front or width and 245 feet in length or depth being part of block 707, and bounded on the north by First avenue, on the east by lot 87, on the south by Second avenue, on the west by lot 85.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19, 1882. 190

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of the Western Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, and against John G. Eberle and Konrad Breidenbach.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 18, 17, 18, 19 and 20 in block No. 10 of Toney's addition, having a front of 130 feet on Sarah street, by a depth of 125 feet.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John G. Eberle and Konrad Breidenbach, described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5, 1882. 888

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Academy of Christian Brothers and Butchers' and Drovers' Bank are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 6 of Taylor's place addition on Pendleton avenue and containing one and 76-100 acres.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 4M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Dickson, guardian and Joseph C. Hill, a minor, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 20 in block one of Page's subdivision, in city block 463 west, having a front of twenty-five feet on Park avenue by a depth of ninety feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John C. Hill and Joseph Dickson, described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 66M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of William Sauser and against Eugene Riggin and John Riggin.

I have levied upon and seized the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Being lot 5 of block 14 of the commons of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and fronting 25 feet on down on the plat of said commons on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said city, the same being bounded east by McNair avenue, north by Lafayette avenue, west by property of E. Bredell and south by the Cambus tract.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 71M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph H. Degenhart is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Kociusko street, in city block 748, each 30 feet in front or width, and 145 feet in length or depth, being lots 16, 17, 18 and 19 in block 5 in Blow and La Beaume's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Koscusko street, in city block 746, in front or width 42 feet 3 inches in the one part, and 36 feet in the other part and 145 feet in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 5, in Blow & La Beaume's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 961

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Margaret A. Bell is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Three lots of ground on Fairview avenue, in city block 1650, each 30 feet in front or width, and 176 feet in length or depth, being lots 1, 2 and 3 in block 4 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 2. Three lots of ground on McDonald avenue, in city block 1697, each 100 feet in front or width, and 176 feet in length or depth, being lots 4, 5 and 6 in block 4 in Hunt's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19, 1882. 150

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Edward Wills and against the University Street Baptist Church, a corporation.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered thirty-six (36) of block numbered thirty-nine (39) and lettered "H" (block number 39 H), of an addition to the city of St. Louis known as Union Addition, said lot fronting twenty-five feet on University street and running northwardly for depth one hundred and eight (108) feet to an alley, bounded on the south by said University street, on the west by lot numbered thirty-seven (37) of said block, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot numbered thirty-five (35) of said block, together with the improvements thereon.

Also, lot numbered thirty-seven (37) of block numbered thirty-nine (39), and lettered "H," of an addition to the city of St. Louis aforesaid known as Union Addition, said lot being a front of twenty-five (25) feet on University street and running northwardly for depth one hundred and eight (108) feet the same width to an alley running east and west through said block, bounded on the south by University street, on the west by lot number thirty-eight (38) of said block, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot numbered thirty six of said block.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 963

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Juliette Long, Marcus A. Wolff, Josiah G. McClellan, trustee are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 2948, 25 feet 5 inches in front or width, and 231 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 13 in block 83 in city commons.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 1548, 25 feet 5 inches in front or width, and 231 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 14, in block 83, in city commons.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 1548, 25 feet 5 inches in front or width, and 229 feet in length or depth, being lot 15 in block 83 in city commons.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue, in city block 1548, 25 feet 5 inches in front or width, and 229 feet in length or depth, being lot 15 in block 83 in city commons.

No. 5. Three lots of ground on President street in city block 1649, each 25 feet in front or width, and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 18, 19 and 20 in block 63 in city commons.

No. 6. Three lots of ground on Capitol avenue, in city block 1552, each 25 feet in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lots 11, 12 and 13 in block 69 in city commons.

No. 7. Two lots of ground on Capitol avenue, in city block 1665, each 25 feet in front or width, and 175 feet in length or depth, being lots 3 and 4 in block 65 in city commons.

No. 8. Two lots of ground on Marine avenue, in city block 1667 north, each 25 feet in front or width, and 160 feet 4 inches in length or depth, being lots 9 and 10 in block 65 in city commons.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19, 1882. 160

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Bridget Tracey, unknown heirs of James Sullivan, Mary A. Grace, administratrix of estate of Thomas Grace, Mary A. Grace, Anna Grace, Gertrude Grace, Raymond Grace, Alfreda Grace, William Sullivan, Michael Sullivan, James Sullivan, Mary Hickey, William Hickey and Catharine Delaney and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Anna Grace, Gertrude Grace, Raymond Grace and Alfreda Grace, minor defendants, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 43, fronting 21 feet 6 inches on Mulberry street, by a depth of (77) seventy-seven feet and bounded north by Mulberry street, east by Giraldin and west by Percival.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 965

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Academy of Christian Brothers and Butchers' and Drovers' Bank are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 6 of Taylor's place addition on Pendleton avenue and containing one and 76-100 acres.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 4M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of The Central Savings Bank and against Thomas F. Conroy.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described leasehold estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot in block 422 city of St. Louis, Mo., said lot of ground commencing in the north line of Gratiot street at a point where same is intersected by the west line of an alley in said block, thence with north line of Gratiot street 67 feet, thence parallel with the line of said alley northwardly 125 feet to a point, thence parallel with the north line of Gratiot street 67 feet to said west line of said alley and thence southwardly with west line of said alley 125 feet to place of beginning.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Thomas F. Conroy of, in and to the above described leasehold estate, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 972

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Lina V. Newman, Socrates Newman and Charles A. Gitchell are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 1472, 25 feet in front or width and 103 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Rankin, on the east by that of one Ovid, on the south by that of one Stahlie, on the west by Third street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, in city block 1473, 25 feet in front or width and 103 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 973

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Bridget Tracey, unknown heirs of James Sullivan, Mary A. Grace, administratrix of estate of Thomas Grace, Mary A. Grace, Anna Grace, Gertrude Grace, Raymond Grace, Alfreda Grace, William Sullivan, Michael Sullivan, James Sullivan, Mary Hickey, William Hickey and Catharine Delaney and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Anna Grace, Gertrude Grace, Raymond Grace and Alfreda Grace, minor defendants, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill, on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 43, fronting 21 feet 6 inches on Mulberry street, by a depth of (77) seventy-seven feet and bounded north by Mulberry street, east by Giraldin and west by Percival.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 965

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1882, or said court, and to me directed, in favor of The Central Savings Bank and against Thomas F. Conroy.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described leasehold estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot in block 422 city of St. Louis, Mo., said lot of ground commencing in the north line of Gratiot street at a point where same is intersected by the west line of an alley in said block, thence with north line of Gratiot street 67 feet, thence parallel with the line of said alley northwardly 125 feet to a point, thence parallel with the north line of Gratiot street 67 feet to said west line of said alley and thence southwardly with west line of said alley 125 feet to place of beginning.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Thomas F. Conroy of, in and to the above described leasehold estate, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 972

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Conroy, Gregoire Aubuchon, Henry Berry, trustee, Henry Berry, Jacob L. Bells, Nicholas L. Bells, Stevens Bank, Thomas B. Rodgers are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on First avenue 50 feet in front or width and 245 feet in length or depth being part of block 707, and bounded on the north by First avenue, on the east by lot 87, on the south by Second avenue, on the west by lot 85.

And I will, on

MONDAY

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Sarah Ann Wassall and William Wassall, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated March 15, 1880, and recorded in book 626, page 378, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis city, Missouri, conveyed to the trustee in said deed mentioned the following described real estate, to-wit: A lot, tract or parcel of land, with all improvements thereon, lying in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and being lot 18 in "Gratiot," being Paul M. Gratiot's subdivision of a part of the "Gratiot League Square," a plat of which is on file and of record in said Recorder's office, said lot 18 fronting north on Cheltenham avenue 267 feet by a depth southwardly of 631 feet 8 inches, etc., etc., said lot 18 containing 3 acres, and being the same property conveyed by Eliza R. Billon to Sarah Ann Wassall by deed dated May 5, 1879, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book 611, page 454. Whereas said conveyance to said trustee was made to secure among other things the payment of a certain note, being the principal note in said deed of trust described, which said note has become due and remains unpaid, and whereas the trustee aforesaid was and still is absent from the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and whereas the Sheriff of the said city of St. Louis declines to act as trustee as is provided in said deed of trust, and whereas the undersigned has been, by order of the circuit Court of said St. Louis City, duly granted on June 30, 1882, and entered on record in said court, duly appointed under the provisions of law as trustee in place and stead of the trustee named in said deed of trust and in place and stead of said Sheriff, with all the powers thereof. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said appointment and of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, by appointment, will, on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, offer said property for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of executing said trust.

FREDERIC F. ESPENSCHIED,
Trustee by appointment.

St. Louis, July 5, 1882. 40N

WHEREAS, John F. O'Brien and Mary, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated October 3, 1871, and recorded in book 440, page 29, conveyed to the trustee therein named the following described lots or parcels of land, to-wit: A lot in block 34 of the city of St. Louis, commencing at a point in the south line of Almond street, one hundred feet east of the east line of Third street, thence eastwardly twenty-five feet, thence south along the west line of a lot now or formerly of Decr, sixty-nine feet to lot of Primm, thence westwardly with Primm's north line twenty-five (25) feet, and thence northward parallel with said Third street sixty-nine feet to the point of beginning.

Also another lot in said block 54, fronting thirty feet on the south line of Almond street by a depth southwardly of sixty feet, more or less, to lots of Coons; bounded north by Almond street, east by lot of Andreas Burtin, Julia Meyer, trustee, lessee, south by said Coons and west by Anthony Scrotto, and being the same premises by said O'Brien by deed of Florez dated November 5, 1870, recorded in book 410, page 476, to which reference is had.

And whereas default has been made in the principal note of $2,000 therein mentioned; and whereas the trustee aforesaid refused and the Sheriff of St. Louis county declined to act; and whereas the undersigned was by order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 3d of July, 1882, duly appointed trustee in the place and stead of the trustee named in said deed of trust; and whereas the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

TUESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash.

EDWARD T. FARISH, Trustee.
75N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas George J. Gerber and Franziska Gerber, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated September 25, 1879, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis in book 618, page 200, conveyed to the undersigned, Jakob B. Decker, as trustee, the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and being composed of lot No. eight (8) and the eastern portion of lot No. nine (9) of block or division two (2) of the southeast quarter of city common block eighty-four (84), being now in city block No. 2676, said lots having an aggregate front of thirty-four (34) feet and one inches on the northern line of Osceola street by a depth northwardly between lines running parallel to Nebraska avenue of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and bounded north by said alley, east by lot No. 7, south by Osceola street, and west by a line parallel to and 60 feet east of Nebraska avenue; together with the improvements thereon erected; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one certain promissory note of even date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, which note now remains due and unpaid with the accrued interest thereon, and whereas the said George J. Gerber has been dead for more than nine (9) months. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, and will sell, the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the costs and expenses of executing the same.

JAKOB B. DECKER,
Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., July 6, 1882. 68N

TRUSTEES' SALE.—Whereas, by their deed of trust, dated the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875 and recorded in the Recorder's office of Adair county, Missouri, in book for mortages "E" at pages 520 to 522, Abraham H. John and Mary F. John, his wife, did convey to the unersigned trustees, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, the following described real estate, to-wit: The west half of the southwest quarter and the west half of the northwest quarter of section number 4, and the east half of the northeast quarter and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 5, and the southeast quarter of section number 32, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section number 33, in township 61; and 39 acres, part of the east half of the southeast quarter of section number 32, and the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of the north half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 33, and the east half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number 34, and the south half of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 20, and 16 acres of the east part of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section number 20, in township number 62; also the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section number 34, in township 61, all in range number 16; also the east half of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 34, township number 62, range number 17, all in Adair county, State of Missouri; and whereas said principal note is past due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, we will on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, A. D. 1882,

at the Court-house door in the town of Kirksville, Adair county, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., proceed to sell the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the uses and purposes of said trust.

WILLIS B. HARLAIN,
THOMAS H. SWAIN,
Trustees.

60L

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Buchholz and Johanna Buchholz, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the nineteenth day of April, A. D. 1872, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 448, page 469, conveyed in trust to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Lot No. eighteen (18), of block No. three (3), of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Pleasant street one hundred and eighty feet five inches southwardly from the southern line of Kossuth avenue; thence eastwardly on the southern line of lot nineteen of said block one hundred and twenty feet to alley; thence southwardly with the western line of said alley twenty-five feet to the northern line of lot seventeen of said block; thence westwardly with the northern line of said lot seventeen one hundred and twenty feet to Pleasant street; thence northwardly with the eastern line of Pleasant street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. Also a certain piece or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Being ten feet and five inches of even date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, which note now remains due and unpaid with the accrued interest thereon, and whereas the said George J. Gerber has been dead for more than nine (9) months. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, and will sell, the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the costs and expenses of executing the same.

JAKOB B. DECKER.
Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., July 6, 1882. 68N

TRUSTEES' SALE.—Whereas, by their deed of trust, dated the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875 and recorded in the Recorder's office of Adair county, Missouri, in book for mortages "E" at pages 520 to 522, Abraham H. John and Mary F. John, his wife, did convey to the unersigned trustees, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, the following described real estate, to-wit: The west half of the southwest quarter and the west half of the northwest quarter of section number 4, and the east half of the northeast quarter and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 5, and the southeast quarter of section number 32, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section number 33, in township 61; and 39 acres, part of the east half of the southeast quarter of section number 32, and the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of the north half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 33, and the east half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number 34, and the south half of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 20, and 16 acres of the east part of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section number 20, in township number 62; also the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section number 34, in township 61, all in range number 16; also the east half of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 34, township number 62, range number 17, all in Adair county, State of Missouri; and whereas said principal note is past due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, we will on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, A. D. 1882,

at the Court-house door in the town of Kirksville, Adair county, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., proceed to sell the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the uses and purposes of said trust.

WILLIS B. HARLAIN,
THOMAS H. SWAIN,
Trustees.

60L

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Buchholz and Johanna Buchholz, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the nineteenth day of April, A. D. 1872, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 448, page 469, conveyed in trust to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Lot No. eighteen (18), of block No. three (3), of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Pleasant street one hundred and eighty feet five inches southwardly from the southern line of Kossuth avenue; thence eastwardly on the southern line of lot nineteen of said block one hundred and twenty feet to alley; thence southwardly with the western line of said alley twenty-five feet to the northern line of lot seventeen of said block; thence westwardly with the northern line of said lot seventeen one hundred and twenty feet to Pleasant street; thence northwardly with the eastern line of Pleasant street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. Also a certain piece or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Being ten feet and five inches of even date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, which note now remains due and unpaid with the accrued interest thereon, and whereas the said George J. Gerber has been dead for more than nine (9) months. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and interest and the costs of executing this trust.

C. TH. UHLMANN,
Trustee.

St. Louis, July 17, 1882. 5P

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Henry Dausman and Henrietta K. Dausman, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated July 15, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the ten county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 554, page 21, did convey to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and interest and the costs of executing this trust.

Beginning at the southeast corner of block number fifty-nine (59) of the city of St. Louis; thence north along the west line of Second street thirty-six feet two inches to the center line of the partition wall between the house on this lot and the house next north thereof; thence west, through and along said center line eighty-nine feet and three-fourths inches to the east line of a public alley dedicated by Joseph Brown in plat book No. eight (8), page fourteen (14) in the St. Louis Recorder's office; thence south with said east line of said alley thirty-six feet nine inches to north line of Walnut street, thence east on said north line of Walnut street eighty-nine feet three and three-fourths inches to the point of beginning; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described, whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note secured by the said deed of trust, and said principal note now remains wholly unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell the said property above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and the expenses of executing this trust.

HECTOR NEUHOFF,
Trustee.

St. Louis, July 20, 1882. 81N

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, made on the 26th day of June, 1882, and during the June term of said court, in the case of Michael Dailey and Catherine Dailey, his wife, and against Elizabeth Nolan, Peter Nolan, John Nolan and Timothy Nolan, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, on the premises, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in block No. thirty-two (32) in Union addition to said city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Warren street by one hundred and fifty-two (152) feet, more or less, in depth; bounded on the north by an alley, east by a line parallel to and seventy-five feet east of Twenty-first street, south by said alley, and west by a line parallel to and fifty feet east of Twenty-first street.

2. That certain lot of ground with the improvements thereon in block No. thirty-one (31) of said Union addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north line of Warren street by one hundred and eleven feet five inches (111 ft. 5 in.) in depth to an alley; bounded on the north by said alley, west by a lot 6 in block 8 in Barsaloux addition to said city, and four hundred and thirty-six feet eleven inches (436 ft. 11 in.) west from Twentieth street, south by said alley and west by a lot of ground sold to Mrs. Mary Murphy.

3. That certain lot of ground numbered fourteen (14) of block No. forty-one (41) of the subdivision to the city of St. Louis, containing in front on the south line of Grande (now St. Louis) avenue fifty (50) feet by a depth southwardly of a width of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet, more or less, to the alley in said block, being city block No. 1068.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, the credit in one and two years, with six per cent interest, and secured on the property by deed of trust.

WILLIAM J. NOLTE,
Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, July 5, 1882. 69N

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE IN PARTITION.—Sophia Meyer et al. vs. Caroline Eulenstein et al. Case No. 58,414 in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

By virtue of a decree of said court and order of sale made in above cause, the undersigned, Special Commissioner, appointed by said court, to sell the real estate in said decree and hereinafter described, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate: That certain lot of ground designated as Number Two, situated in block numbered five hundred and forty-six (546) of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and fronting a depth of twenty-five feet on the north side of Franklin avenue, commencing at a point twenty-five feet westward from the northwestern corner or intersection of Franklin avenue and Fifteenth street, thence running westwardly on the north line of Franklin avenue twenty-five feet, thence running northwardly one hundred and fifty-five feet and three inches to an alley, thence running eastwardly on south line of alley twenty-five feet, thence running southwardly one hundred and fifty-five feet and three inches to place of beginning, bounded as follows: South by Franklin avenue, west by G. H. Cook or others, north by alley and east by lot of Peter Meyer.

Terms of sale—cash.

CLEMENS C. HARTMAN,
Special Commissioner.

Louis Gottschalk, attorney for plaintiffs. 81N

ESTATE of Louise Erkelein, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Louise Erkelein,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1882.

FERDINAND ERKELEIN.
IN Executor of Louise Erkelein's Estate.
RICHARD F. KOSTER, Attorney for Executor.

ESTATE of John Diemert, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

John Diemert,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of June, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of June, 1882.

JOSEPH C. DIEMERT, JR.,
Administrator.

6L

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of Latiner Brothers, will, until the hour of four in the afternoon on the 24th day of July, 1882, receive bids for the purchase of the property assigned to him, consisting of stock of merchandise situated at 607 and 609 South Second street, St. Louis, used in the manufacture and sale of brushes, together with materials and tools, show cases, counters, shelving, fixtures, office furniture, safe, house, wagon, harness, and accounts due for merchandise. Terms of sale: Cash, and subject to approval of Circuit Court, city of St. Louis.

JOHN M. BAUER,
Assignee Laitner Brothers.
Gottschalk & Bauts, attorneys for assignee. 51O

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee, will, on

JULY 27TH, 1882,

at the east front door of the Court-house of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of said day, sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the firm of Bohle, Young & Co. in and to the real and personal property now held by me as assignee of said firm.

BENJ. R. DAVENPORT,
Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the assignment of William Robertson. Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of August, 1882, at the office of J. M. and C. H. Krum, No. 307 Olive street, St. Louis, and on two consecutive days thereafter, I will attend, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of each of said days, to adjust and allow demands against the estate of William Robertson, now in my hands as assignee.

CHESTER H. KRUM,
Assignee.

St. Louis, July 17, 1882. 69L

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by their deed of trust dated the 27th day of October, A. D. 1877, and recorded in book 582, page 129, of the office of Recorder of Deeds for City of St. Louis, Philip Ramberger and Catherine, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and consisting of lots numbered fifty (50), fifty-one (51), fifty two (52) and fifty-three (53) of Ph. A. Ramberger's Vineyard subdivision, a plat of which is recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis in plat book 9, page 131, said lots having an aggregate front of one hundred (100) feet on the eastern line of Hunt avenue, and being bounded north by lot No. 54, east by an alley, south by lot No. 49 and west by Hunt avenue, said lots having a depth between parallel lines of 147 feet, more or less, running from Hunt avenue to an alley, and being in block No. 11 of Robert W. Hunt's addition, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one certain negotiable promissory note therein described; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and interest; now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. of said day, proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and interest and the costs of executing this trust.

C. TH. UHLMANN,
Trustee.

St. Louis, July 17, 1882. 5P

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Henry Dausman and Henrietta K. Dausman, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated July 15, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the ten county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 554, page 21, did convey to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri:

Beginning at the southeast corner of block number fifty-nine (59) of the city of St. Louis; thence north along the west line of Second street thirty-six feet two inches to the center line of the partition wall between the house on this lot and the house next north thereof; thence west, through and along said center line eighty-nine feet and three-fourths inches to the east line of a public alley dedicated by Joseph Brown in plat book No. eight (8), page fourteen (14) in the St. Louis Recorder's office; thence south with said east line of said alley thirty-six feet nine inches to north line of Walnut street, thence east on said north line of Walnut street eighty-nine feet three and three-fourths inches to the point of beginning; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described, whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note secured by the said deed of trust, and said principal note now remains wholly unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell the said property above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said note and the expenses of executing this trust.

HECTOR NEUHOFF,
Trustee.

St. Louis, July 20, 1882. 81N

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, made on the 26th day of June, 1882, and during the June term of said court, in the case of Michael Dailey and Catherine Dailey, his wife, and against Elizabeth Nolan, Peter Nolan, John Nolan and Timothy Nolan, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, on the premises, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 2,835, 19 feet 3 inches in front or width and 61 feet in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 to 10 in block 1 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Lebeau, on the east by Fourth street, on the south by real estate of one Kortkamp, on the west by Broadway.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 81L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Stiz, Ephraim G. Obear, William F. Obear, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Fountain avenue, 60 feet in front or width and 215 feet in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 8 in Aubert place addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 80L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Patrick Hughes is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Lynch street, in city block 1892, 20 feet in front or width and 103 feet 10½ inches in the north or west line, being lot 6 in block 8 in Barsaloux addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 79L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John De Haan is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Pacific Railroad, beginning at the distance of 127 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 and 11 in block 3 in Phillip's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 77L

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, June Term, 1882.
Friday, June 23, A. D. 1882.
Estate of Jennie McDonald.
Order of Sale.

Now, at this day, comes Gardner Hepburn, administrator of the estate of Jennie McDonald, deceased, and proves to the court that the renewed order of publication made upon his petition at the last March term of this court has been published according to law, and moves for an order of sale pursuant to said petition and not ce, whereupon the court proceeds to hear the testimony produced and to examine the parties who appear, touching the application of said administrator for the sale of real estate, as in said publication mentioned; and it being proved to the court that there are not sufficient personal estate and effects of said deceased charged with the payment of his debts and $215 87 are sufficient assets in the hands of said administrator to pay debts due by said estate, it is ordered that the said administrator do on the fourth Monday of August next, at the eastern front door of the Court-house of the City of St. Louis, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, said administrator described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts due by said deceased, to-wit:

A lot of ground situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described thus: Beginning in the north line of Theodosia avenue at a point distant three hundred and twenty-nine (329) feet westwardly at the west line of Tayon avenue, thence with the said north line of Theodosia avenue westwardly fifty (50) feet, thence at right angles north one hundred and twenty-seven (127) feet six (6) inches to an alley thence with the north line of said alley east fifty (50) feet, thence south at right angles one hundred and twenty-seven (127) feet six (6) inches to the point of beginning on Theodosia avenue.

And sell the same for the purposes in said petition mentioned, on the following terms, to-wit:

One half of the purchase money in cash, and the balance in twelve months from the day of sale, the deferred payment to bear interest at six per cent per annum and to be secured by deed of trust on said property sold, or for cash at the option of the purchaser, with leave to sell real estate above described at a private sale on the same terms of payment above specified, subject, however, to the deed of trust thereon said petition described. First having the same appraised, and, if sold at public sale, notice of the time, terms and place of sale sale published for four weeks prior thereto in some newspaper in the city of St. Louis, as directed by law; and that he make return of his proceedings under this order at the next term of this court after such sale.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.

I, Wm. E. Wagner, Clerk of the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the records of said court in my office. Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in the city of St. Louis, this 28th day of June, 1882.

{SEAL} 110 W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court. City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882. Saturday, July 15, 1882.
Elijah C. Haraugh
vs.
W. C. Howard and Jacob Raugh.
Attachment.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendants are non-residents of the State, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a partition of the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit:

1. Lots No. 4 and 5 of block No. 20 in survey No. 3, of the town of Carondelet, as per plat of Ivory's subdivision of record in the Recorder's office of the former county (now city) of St. Louis; said lots fronting east on Third street 100 feet by 150 feet deep more or less, and being the same premises which said G. H. Berman acquired of John C. Ivory and wife, by deed dated May 31, 1851.

2. That certain piece of ground with the improvements thereon in Julia C. Soward's third addition to the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot No. 5, in block No. 1477, of said addition, being 30 feet front on the east side of Buel street and running back eastwardly, at right angles, the same width, 114 feet in depth to an alley 20 feet wide, according to the plat of said addition duly recorded.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held in the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 14th day of July, 1882.

{SEAL} 1P CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James D. Hall,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

MARGARET T. HALL,
Administratrix of James D. Hall's Estate.

St. Louis, April 20, 1882. 66

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors, executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

Valentine Riedel,

dec'd, that we, the undersigned, executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

CATHERINE RIEDEL and
JULIUS HIRSCHFELD,
Executors of the estate of Valentine Riedel, deceased.

St. Louis, April 20, 1882. 66

LEGAL.

Sheriff Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julius E. Braumsdorf is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway, in city block 1935, 32 feet 10 inches in front or width and 157 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 to 10 in block 1 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Bryan on the east by Fourth street, on the south by real estate of one Kortkamp, on the west by Broadway.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 74L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William C. Christy, John V. Christy, Jessie Christy, James Christy, Clemence G. Benoist, Amanda E. Christy and Huntington Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Winnebago street, each 25 feet in front or width and 127 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lots 10 and 11 in block 3 in Phillip's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 77L

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, June Term, 1882.
Friday, June 23, A. D. 1882.
Estate of Jennie McDonald.
Order of Sale.

Now, at this day, comes Gardner Hepburn, administrator of the estate of Jennie McDonald, deceased, and proves to the court that the renewed order of publication made upon his petition at the last March term of this court has been published according to law, and moves for an order of sale pursuant to said petition and not ce, whereupon the court proceeds to hear the testimony produced and to examine the parties who appear, touching the application of said administrator for the sale of real estate, as in said publication mentioned; and it being proved to the court that there are not sufficient personal estate and effects of said deceased charged with the payment of his debts and $215 87 are sufficient assets in the hands of said administrator to pay debts due by said estate, it is ordered that the said administrator do on the fourth Monday of August next, at the eastern front door of the Court-house of the City of St. Louis, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, said administrator described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts